

# A comparative study of survival models for breast cancer prognostication based on microarray data

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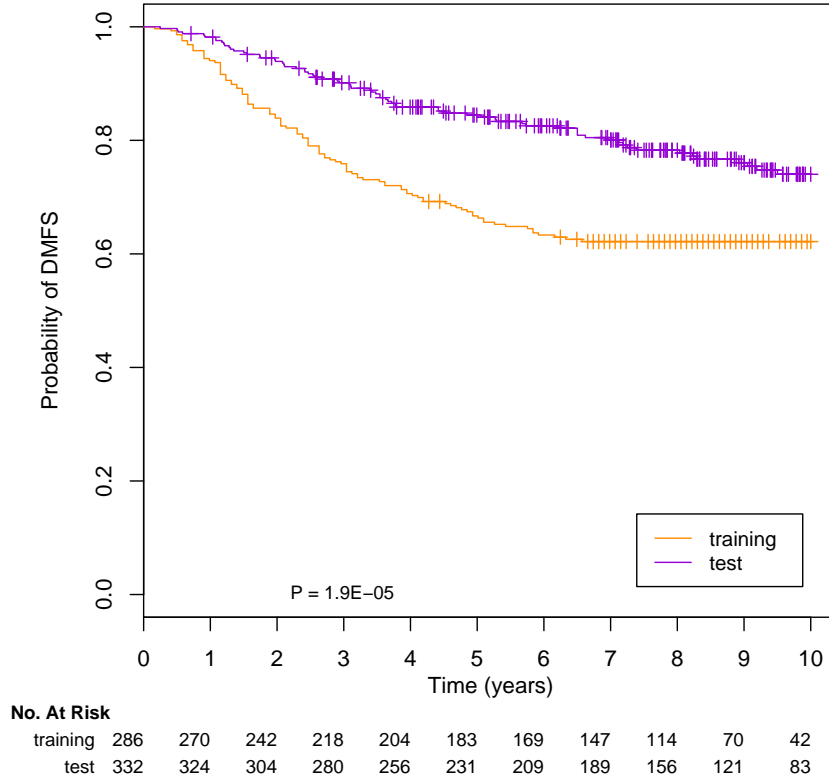
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TRAINING set = VDX and TEST set = TBG.

## 1 From TRAINING to TEST

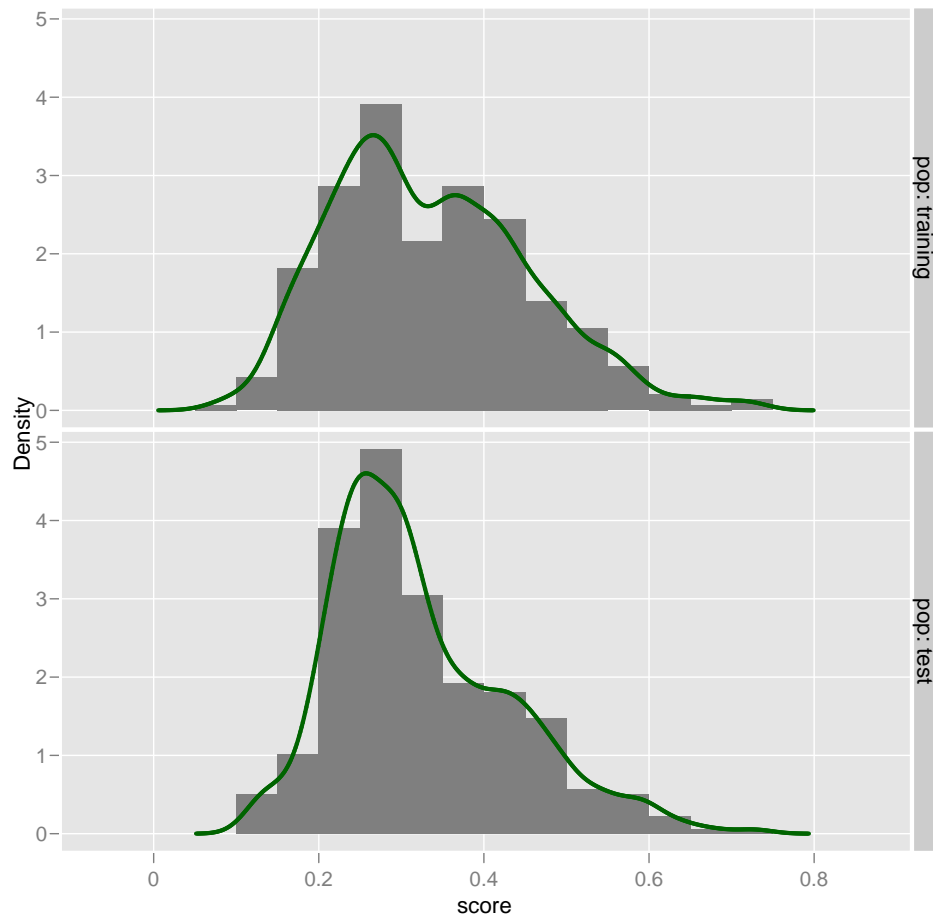
### 1.1 Survival Curves for TRAINING and TEST Sets



As we can see, there is a significant difference between the two datasets. So we expect a bias in the prediction of survival probabilities from the TRAINING and the TEST sets. This bias will results in large prediction errors as defined by the Brier score. However, this should not have a large impact on the concordance index, the time-dependent ROC curve and the hazard ratio estimates.

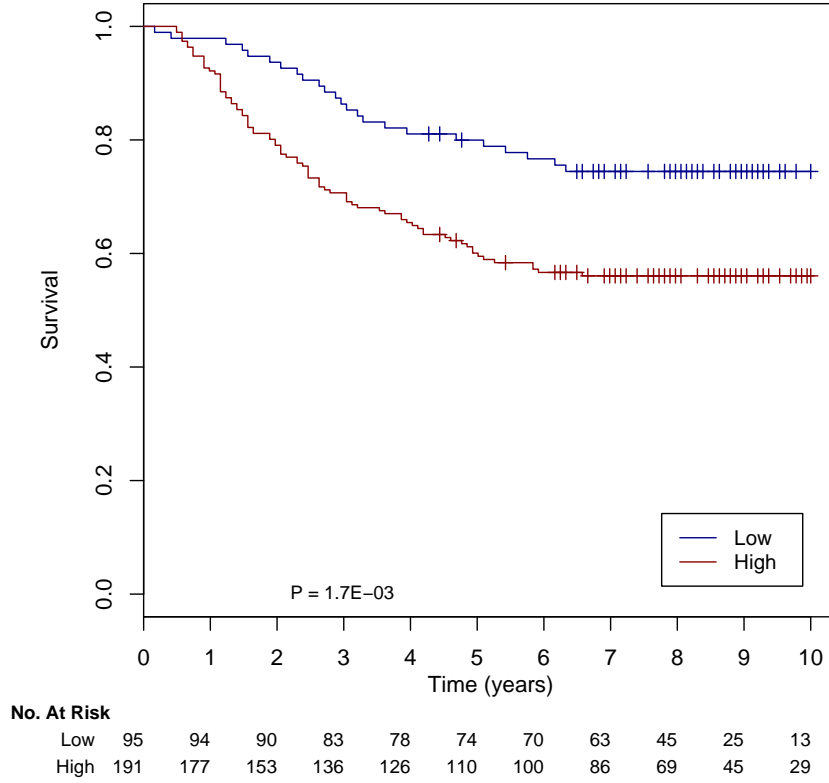
### 1.2 AURKA Alone

The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.05E-05, a concordance index of 0.636 95CI[0.583,0.69] (p-value of 3.03E-07) and an integrated Brier score of 0.178.

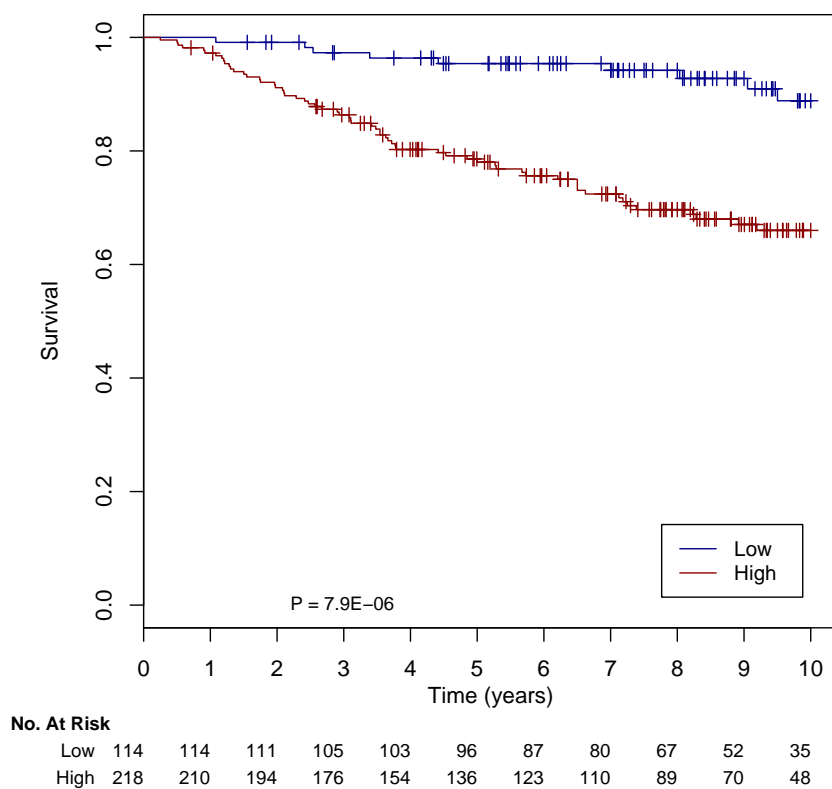
**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.10E-03, a concordance index of 0.685 95CI[0.587,0.783] (p-value of 1.13E-04) and an integrated Brier score of 0.182. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.85	[0.78,0.93]	0.79	[0.71,0.88]	0.74	[0.66,0.84]
High	0.69	[0.63,0.76]	0.60	[0.53,0.67]	0.56	[0.49,0.64]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.47E-05, a concordance index of 0.683 95CI[0.626,0.74] (p-value of 1.79E-10) and an integrated Brier score of 0.132.

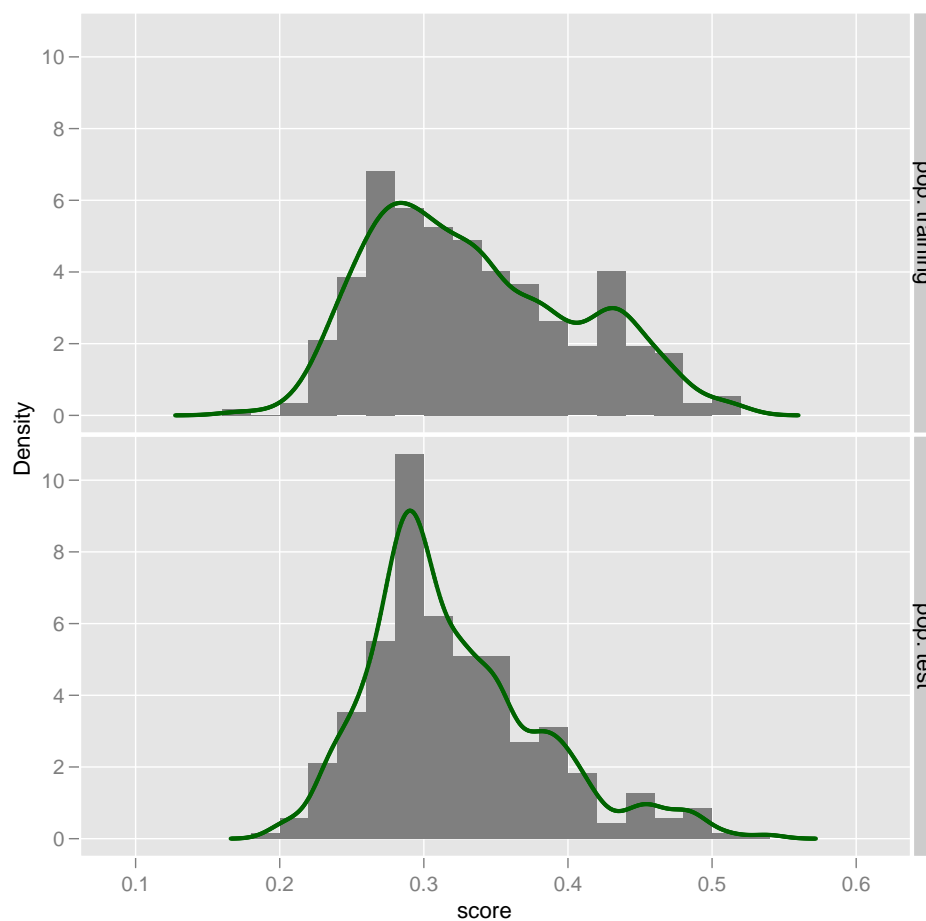
**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.78E-07, a concordance index of 0.834 95CI[0.732,0.937] (p-value of 7.36E-11) and an integrated Brier score of 0.133. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.96	[0.93,1.00]	0.95	[0.92,0.99]	0.89	[0.82,0.97]
High	0.86	[0.82,0.91]	0.78	[0.73,0.84]	0.66	[0.59,0.74]

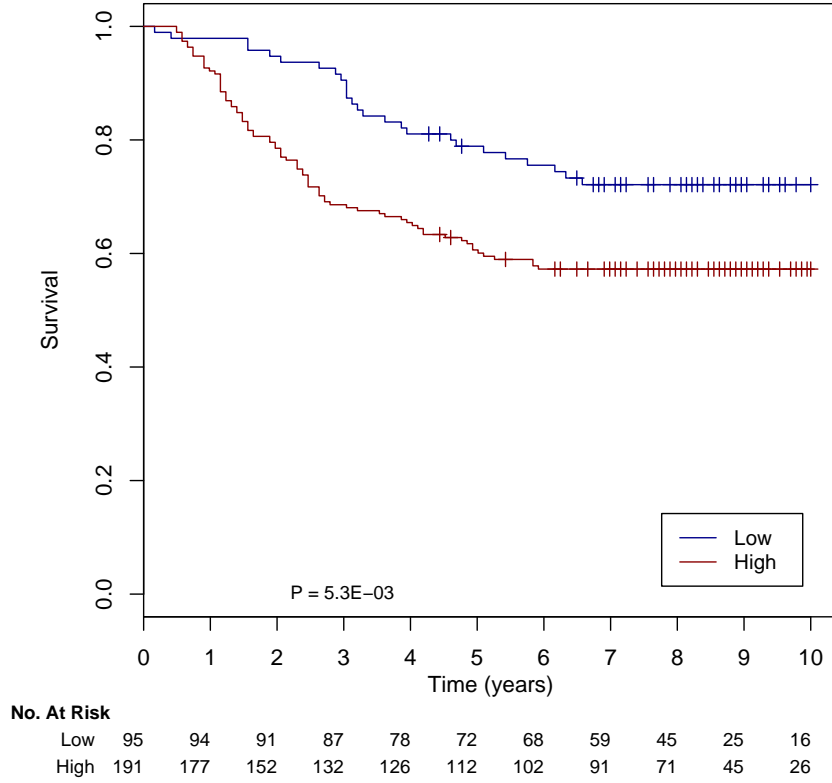
### 1.3 BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG

The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.16E-02, a concordance index of 0.606 95CI[0.552,0.659] (p-value of 5.55E-05) and an integrated Brier score of 0.185.

**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.99E-03, a concordance index of 0.675 95CI[0.579,0.772] (p-value of 1.86E-04) and an integrated Brier score of 0.184. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :

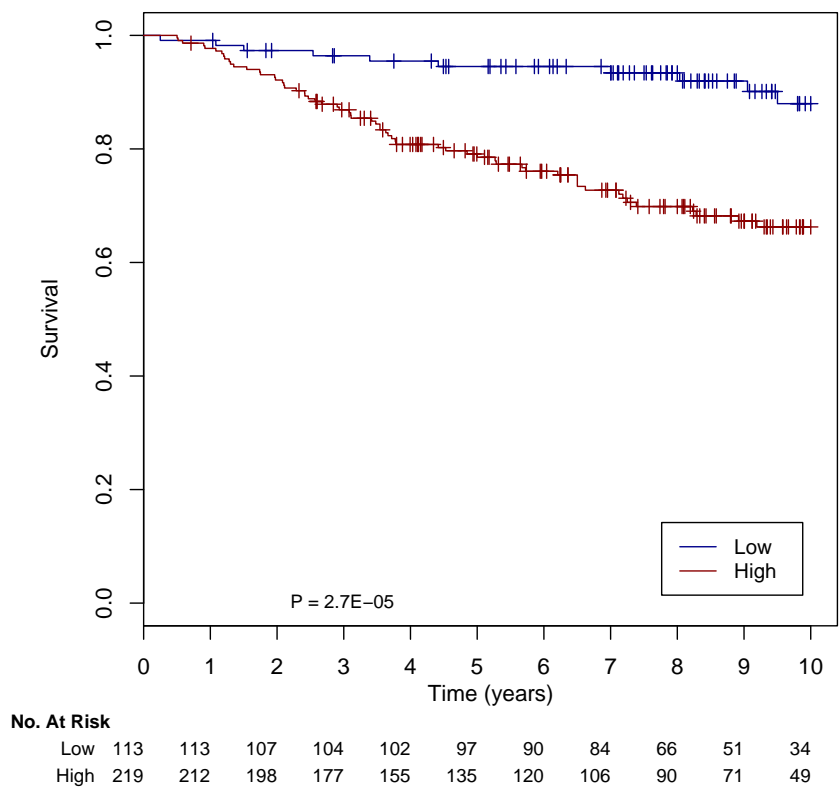


	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.87	[0.81,0.94]	0.78	[0.70,0.87]	0.72	[0.64,0.82]
High	0.68	[0.62,0.75]	0.60	[0.53,0.67]	0.57	[0.51,0.65]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.19E-06, a concordance index of 0.687 95CI[0.626,0.747] (p-value of 5.85E-10) and an integrated Brier score of 0.131.

**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 2.35E-06, a concordance index of 0.804 95CI[0.692,0.916] (p-value of 5.49E-08) and an integrated Brier score of 0.134. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :

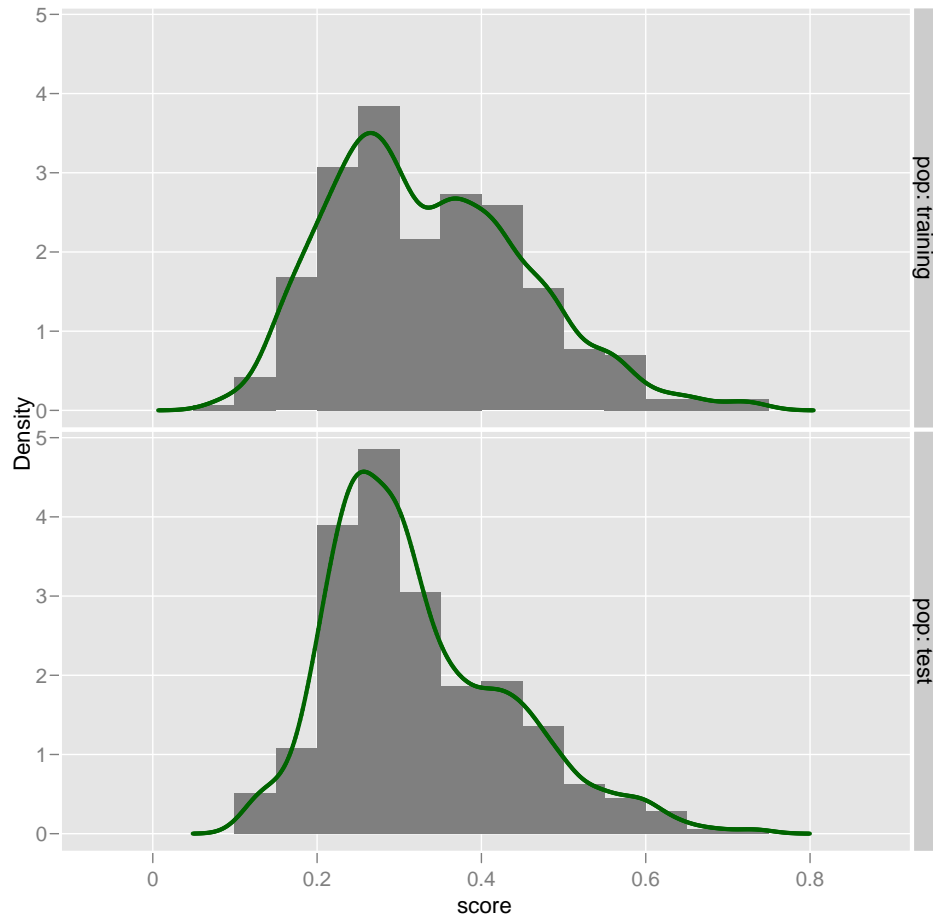




	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.95	[0.92,0.99]	0.95	[0.90,0.99]	0.88	[0.81,0.96]
High	0.87	[0.82,0.92]	0.79	[0.73,0.84]	0.66	[0.59,0.74]

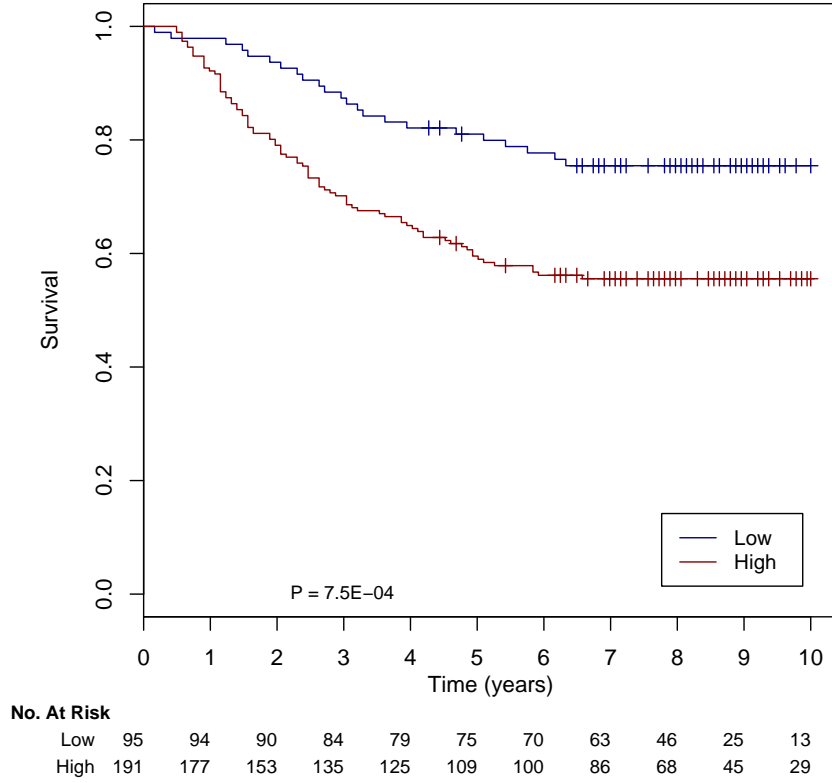
#### 1.4 BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV

The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.01E-05, a concordance index of 0.638 95CI[0.584,0.691] (p-value of 2.30E-07) and an integrated Brier score of 0.178.

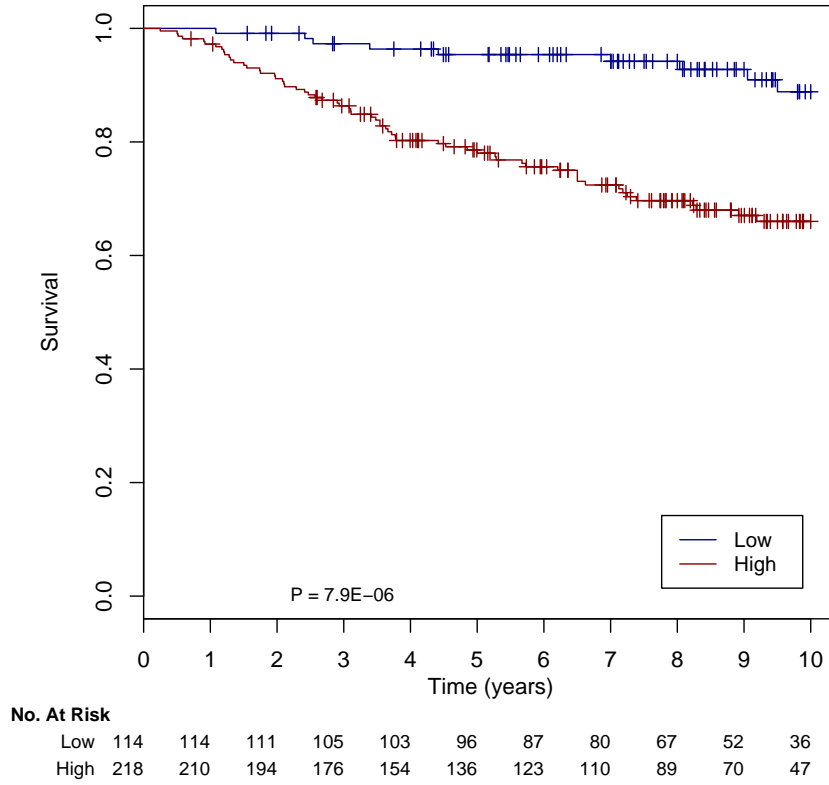
**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 4.40E-04, a concordance index of 0.698 95CI[0.6,0.795] (p-value of 3.65E-05) and an integrated Brier score of 0.181. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.86	[0.80,0.94]	0.80	[0.72,0.88]	0.75	[0.67,0.85]
High	0.69	[0.62,0.75]	0.59	[0.52,0.66]	0.56	[0.49,0.63]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.35E-05, a concordance index of 0.684 95CI[0.627,0.742] (p-value of 1.43E-10) and an integrated Brier score of 0.131.

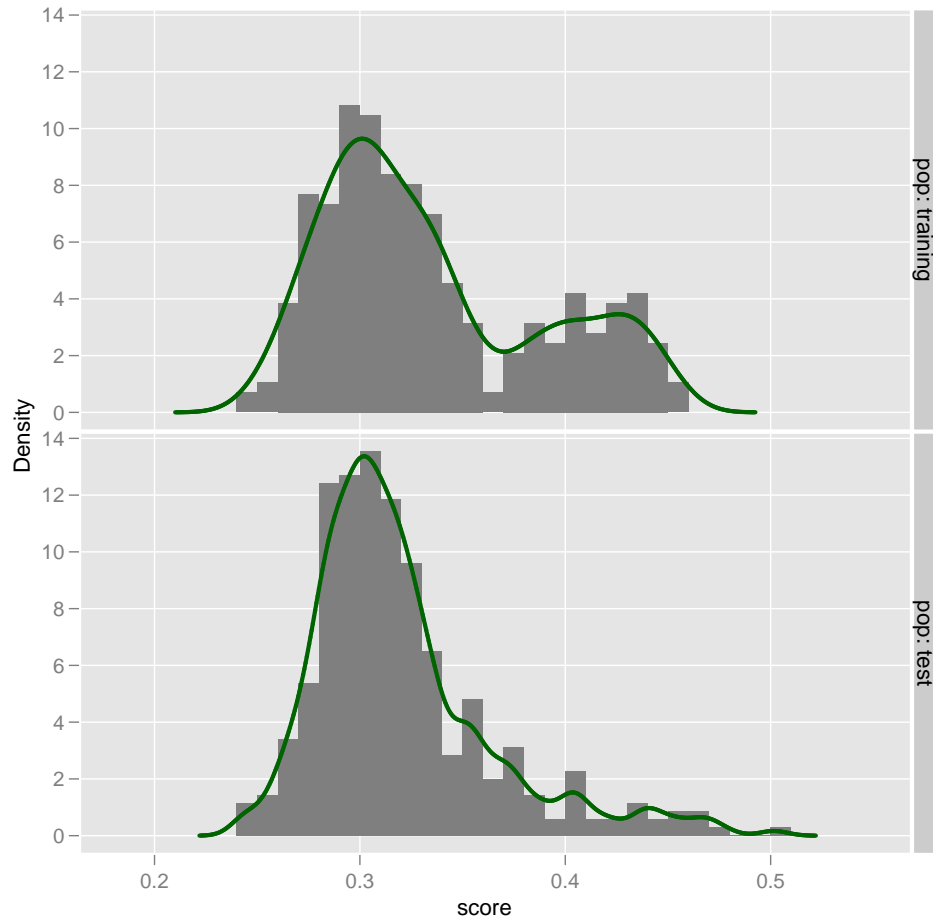
**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 4.75E-07, a concordance index of 0.834 95CI[0.732,0.937] (p-value of 7.36E-11) and an integrated Brier score of 0.133. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.96	[0.93,1.00]	0.95	[0.92,0.99]	0.89	[0.82,0.97]
High	0.86	[0.82,0.91]	0.78	[0.73,0.84]	0.66	[0.59,0.74]

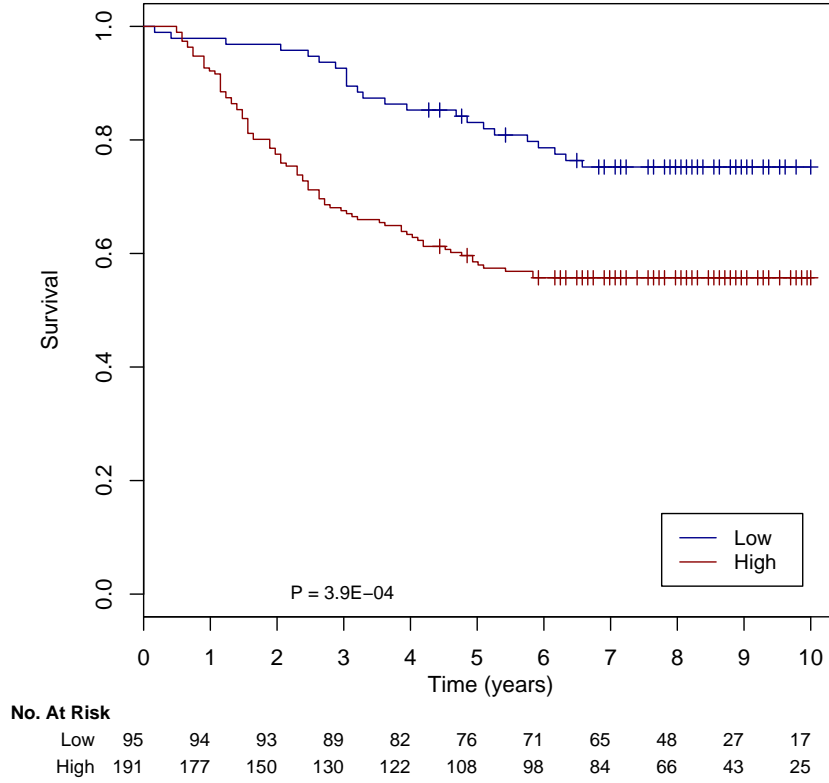
## 1.5 BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE

The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi in the two populations :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 5.80E-02, a concordance index of 0.601 95CI[0.55,0.653] (p-value of 5.95E-05) and an integrated Brier score of 0.186.

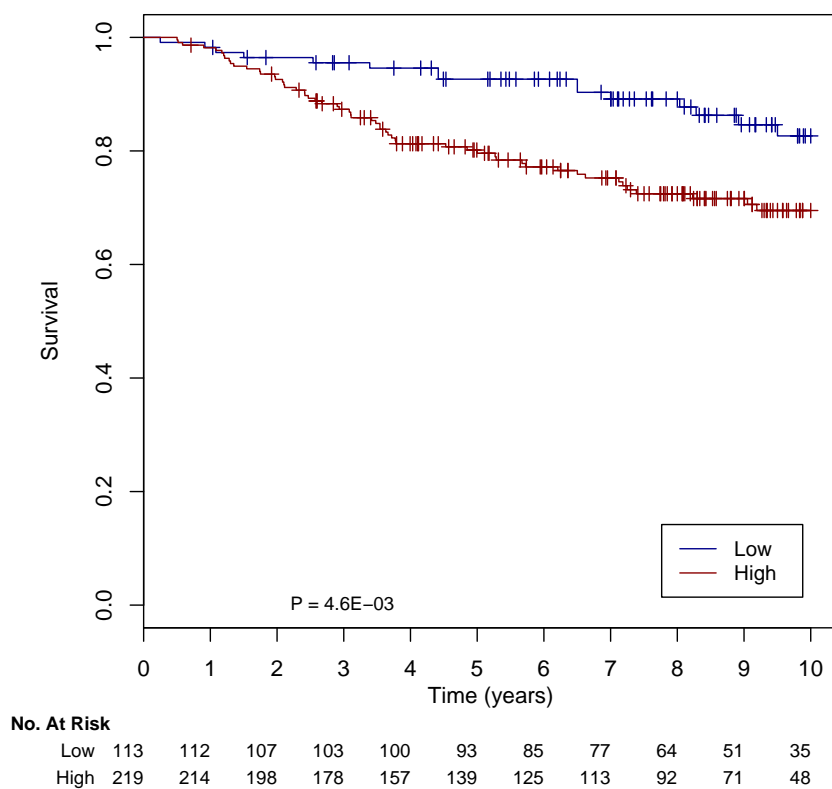
**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 2.15E-04, a concordance index of 0.721 95CI[0.628,0.814] (p-value of 1.68E-06) and an integrated Brier score of 0.18. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years	5.years	10.years
Low	0.89 [0.84,0.96]	0.82 [0.75,0.90]	0.75 [0.67,0.85]
High	0.67 [0.61,0.74]	0.58 [0.51,0.65]	0.56 [0.49,0.63]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 2.43E-06, a concordance index of 0.683 95CI[0.617,0.749] (p-value of 2.47E-08) and an integrated Brier score of 0.132.

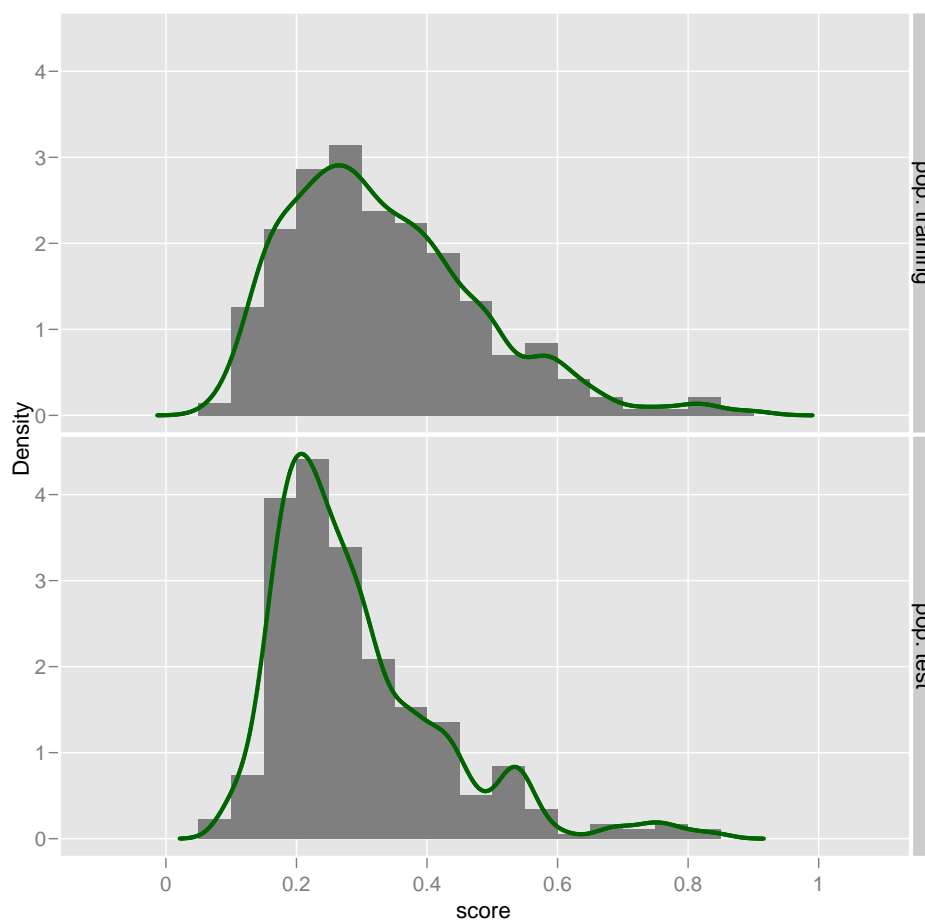
**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 7.08E-04, a concordance index of 0.716 95CI[0.594,0.837] (p-value of 2.63E-04) and an integrated Brier score of 0.138. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.96	[0.92,0.99]	0.93	[0.88,0.98]	0.83	[0.75,0.91]
High	0.87	[0.82,0.92]	0.80	[0.74,0.85]	0.70	[0.63,0.77]

## 1.6 BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV

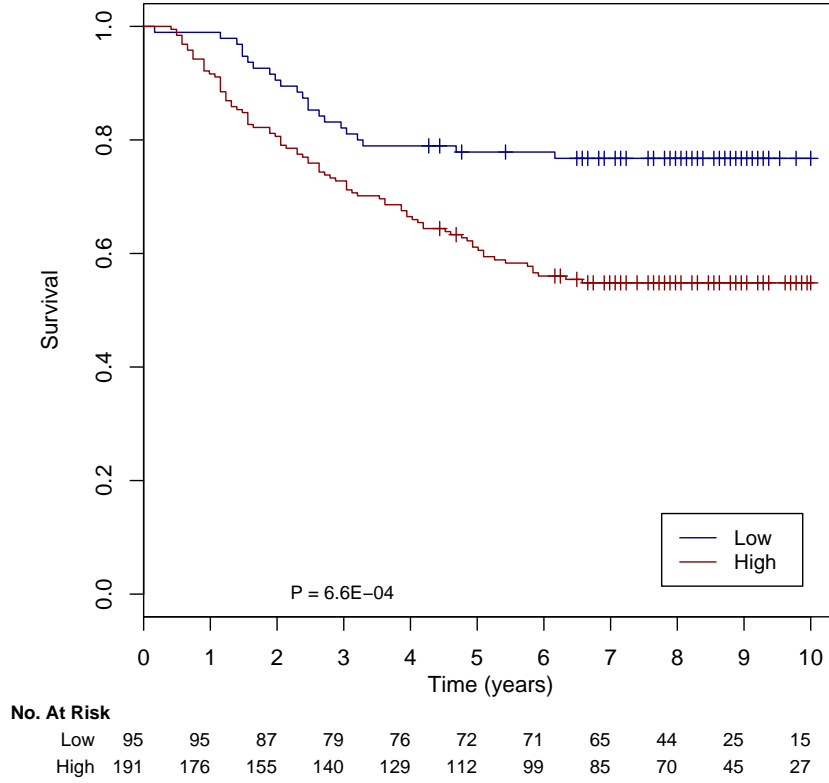
The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi in the two populations :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.30E-08, a concordance index of 0.649 95CI[0.594,0.704] (p-value of 5.59E-08) and an integrated Brier score of 0.172.

**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.72E-04, a concordance index of 0.685 95CI[0.583,0.787] (p-value of 1.82E-04) and an integrated Brier score of 0.182. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :

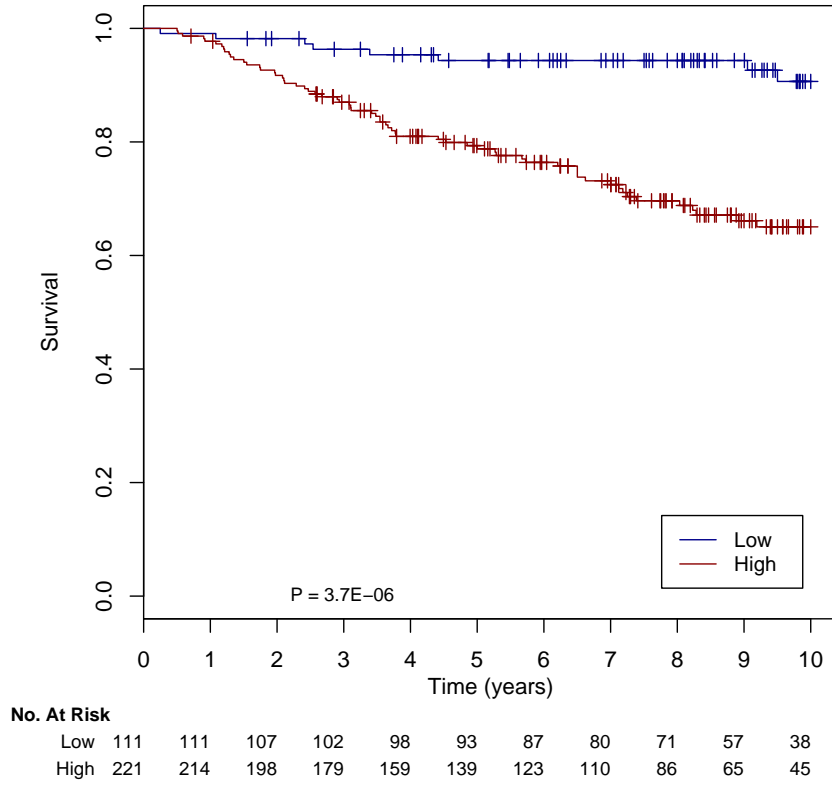




	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.81	[0.74,0.89]	0.78	[0.70,0.87]	0.77	[0.69,0.86]
High	0.71	[0.65,0.78]	0.61	[0.54,0.68]	0.55	[0.48,0.62]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.59E-03, a concordance index of 0.657 95CI[0.6,0.713] (p-value of 2.70E-08) and an integrated Brier score of 0.132.

**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.79E-07, a concordance index of 0.828 95CI[0.716,0.939] (p-value of 4.43E-09) and an integrated Brier score of 0.132. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



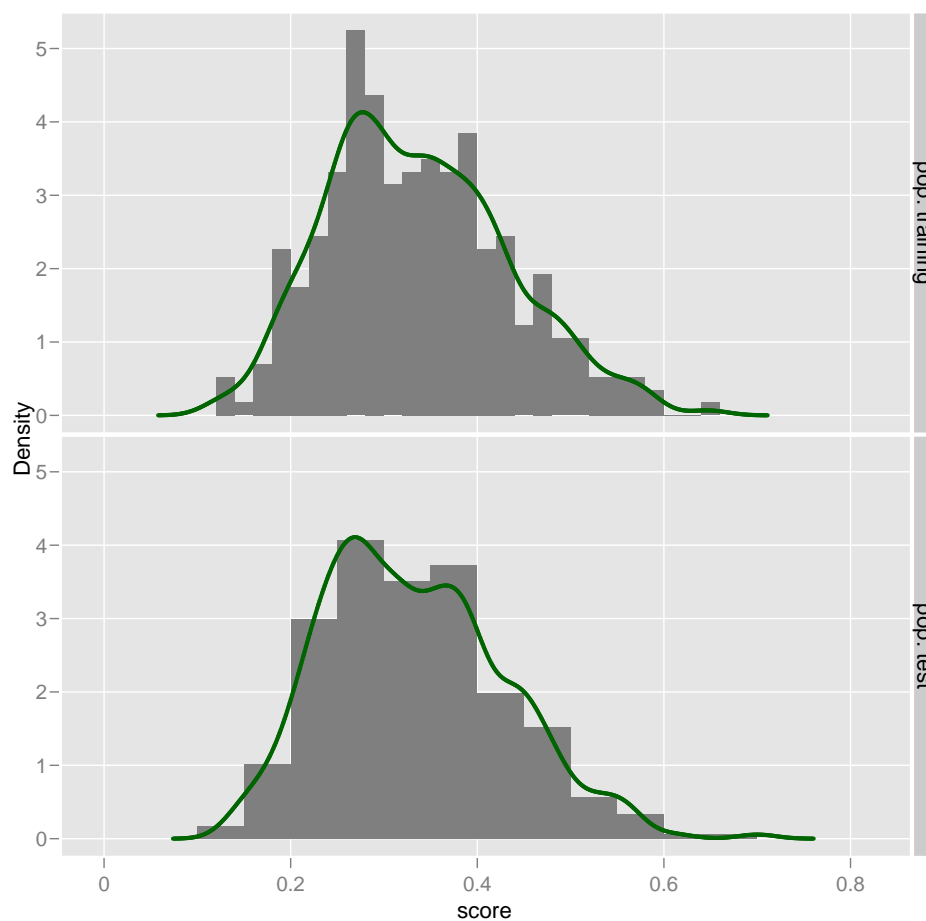
	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.96	[0.93,1.00]	0.94	[0.90,0.99]	0.91	[0.84,0.97]
High	0.87	[0.83,0.92]	0.79	[0.73,0.85]	0.65	[0.58,0.73]

## 1.7 GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG

The following table shows the selected features :

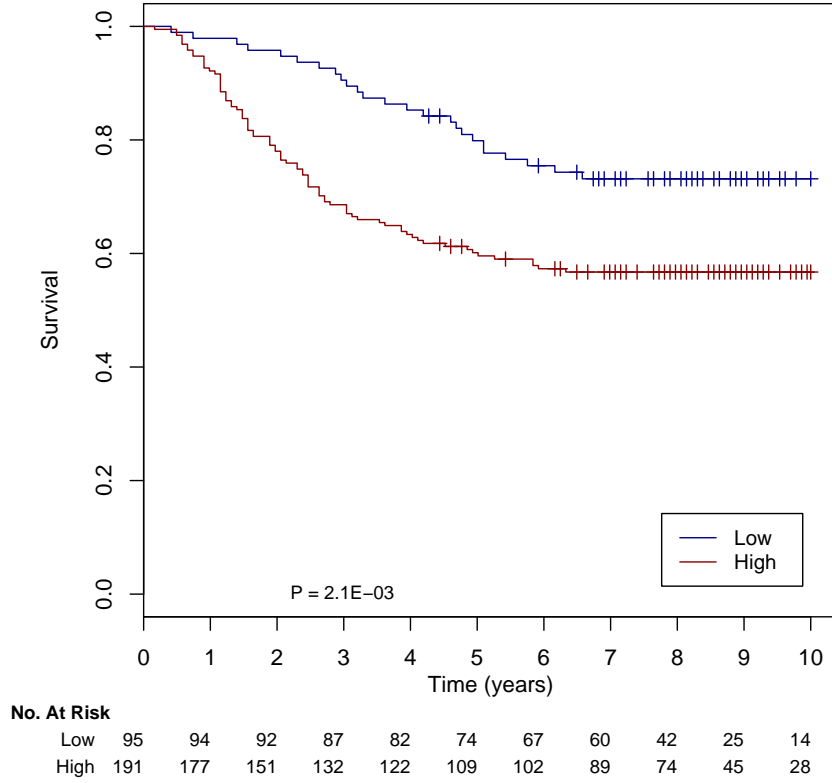
	diff	p.value	c.index	p.value	NCBI.gene.symbol	EntrezGene.ID
206887.at	-1.000	7.2E-05	0.473	1.6E-01	CCBP2	1238
222077.s.at	1.000	8.7E-05	0.643	8.1E-09	RACGAP1	29127
218728.s.at	1.000	9.3E-05	0.564	1.1E-02	CNIH4	29097
212250.at	1.000	1.0E-04	0.575	3.7E-03	MTDH	92140
201897.s.at	1.000	1.0E-04	0.563	1.5E-02	CKS1B	1163
215850.s.at	-1.000	1.1E-04	0.501	4.9E-01		
219494.at	1.000	1.2E-04	0.595	2.8E-04	RAD54B	25788
206791.s.at	-1.000	1.2E-04	0.449	3.7E-02	PDE4C	5143
208079.s.at	1.000	1.2E-04	0.636	3.0E-07	AURKA	6790
215021.s.at	-1.000	1.3E-04	0.411	7.7E-04	NRXN3	9369
203213.at	1.000	1.4E-04	0.593	2.7E-04		
202188.at	1.000	1.4E-04	0.563	1.1E-02	NUP93	9688
221676.s.at	1.000	1.4E-04	0.573	3.6E-03	CORO1C	23603
204886.at	1.000	1.4E-04	0.594	1.9E-04	PLK4	10733
220245.at	-1.000	1.7E-04	0.461	7.2E-02	SLC45A2	51151
219010.at	1.000	1.9E-04	0.543	6.5E-02	C1orf106	55765
215999.at	-1.000	2.2E-04	0.477	2.0E-01		
203764.at	1.000	2.2E-04	0.614	1.5E-05	DLG7	9787
204641.at	1.000	2.2E-04	0.646	4.4E-09	NEK2	4751
210691.s.at	1.000	2.5E-04	0.566	1.1E-02	CACYBP	27101
201834.at	-1.000	2.6E-04	0.472	1.6E-01	PRKAB1	5564
206515.at	-1.000	2.6E-04	0.495	4.3E-01		
202107.s.at	1.000	2.7E-04	0.567	9.9E-03	MCM2	4171
218732.at	1.000	2.9E-04	0.547	4.8E-02	PTRH2	51651
216841.s.at	1.000	3.0E-04	0.533	1.2E-01	SOD2	6648
48580.at	-1.000	3.1E-04	0.425	4.2E-03	CXXC1	30827
218009.s.at	1.000	3.3E-04	0.605	7.0E-05	PRC1	9055
200940.s.at	-1.000	3.3E-04	0.433	8.1E-03	RERE	473
201557.at	-1.000	3.4E-04	0.455	5.4E-02	VAMP2	6844
219037.at	1.000	3.4E-04	0.605	4.3E-05	CGI-115	51018

The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.72E-04, a concordance index of 0.619 95CI[0.568,0.67] (p-value of 2.16E-06) and an integrated Brier score of 0.182.

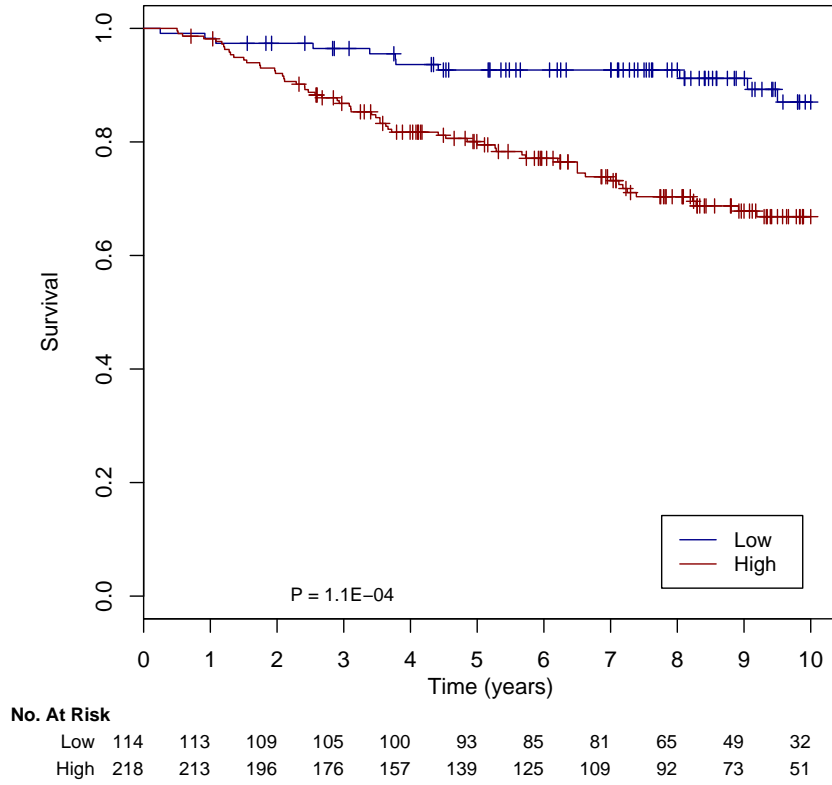
**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.46E-03, a concordance index of 0.694 95CI[0.599,0.789] (p-value of 3.03E-05) and an integrated Brier score of 0.182. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years	5.years	10.years
Low	0.89 [0.84,0.96]	0.78 [0.70,0.87]	0.73 [0.65,0.83]
High	0.67 [0.61,0.74]	0.60 [0.53,0.67]	0.57 [0.50,0.64]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.44E-06, a concordance index of 0.691 95CI[0.629,0.752] (p-value of 6.30E-10) and an integrated Brier score of 0.131.

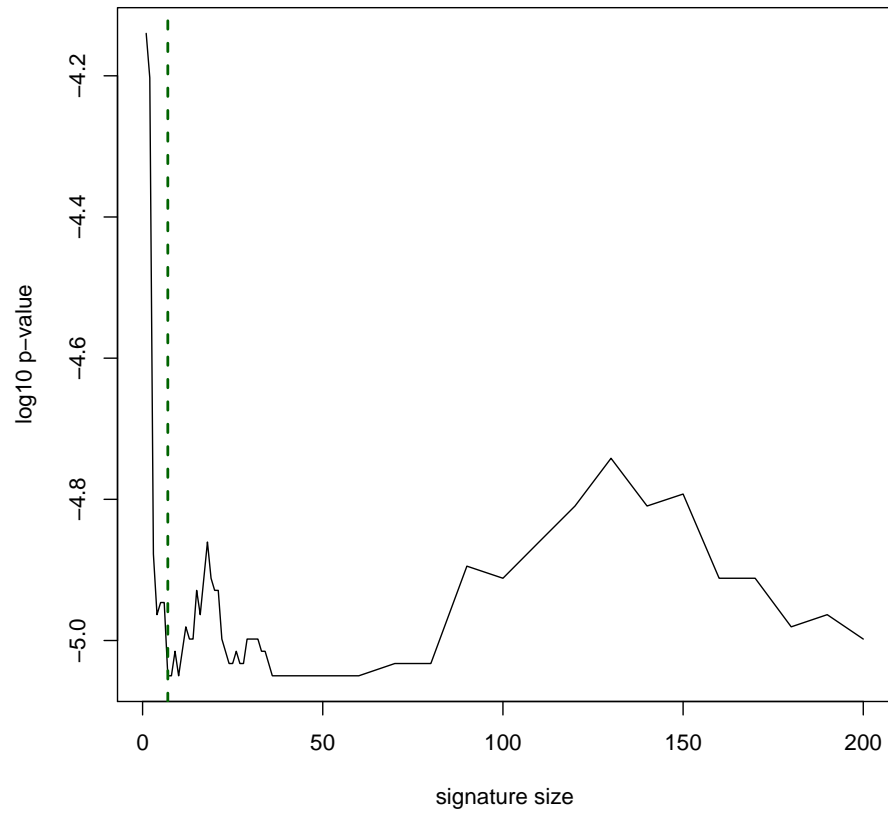
**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 2.19E-05, a concordance index of 0.775 95CI[0.657,0.893] (p-value of 2.30E-06) and an integrated Brier score of 0.136. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



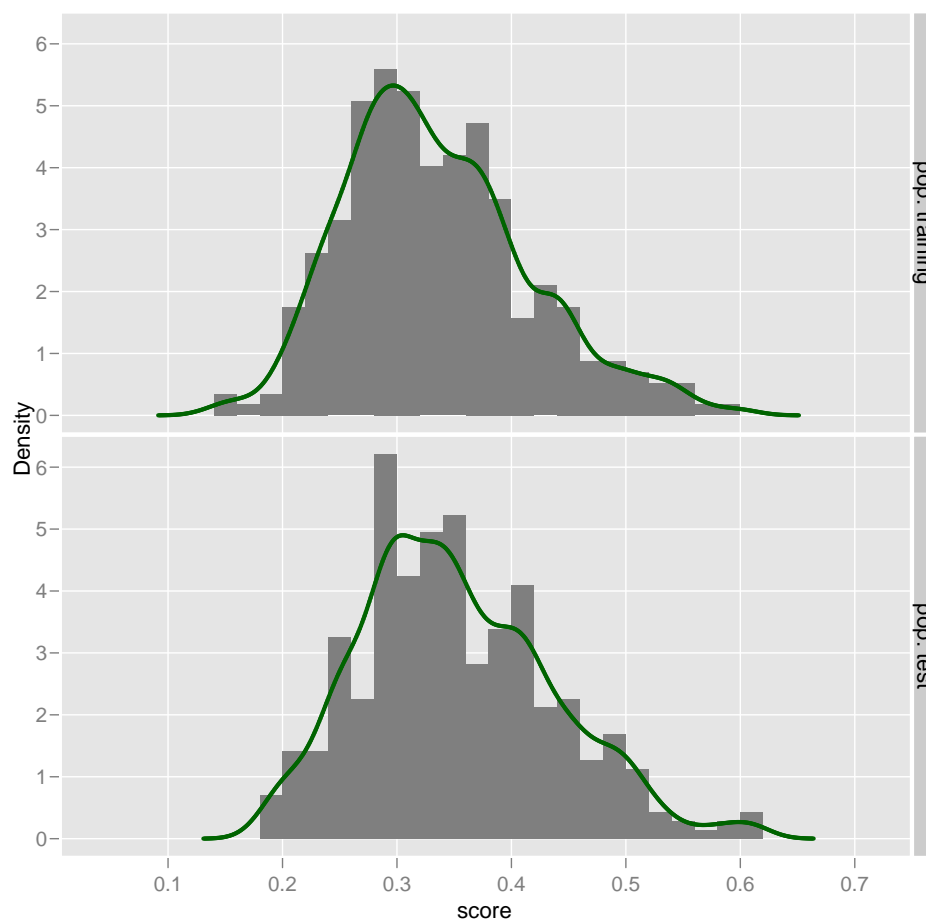
	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.96	[0.93,1.00]	0.93	[0.88,0.98]	0.87	[0.80,0.95]
High	0.86	[0.82,0.91]	0.79	[0.74,0.85]	0.67	[0.60,0.74]

## 1.8 GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG

The following figure shows the evolution of the performance w.r.t. the signature size (best signature size is 7):



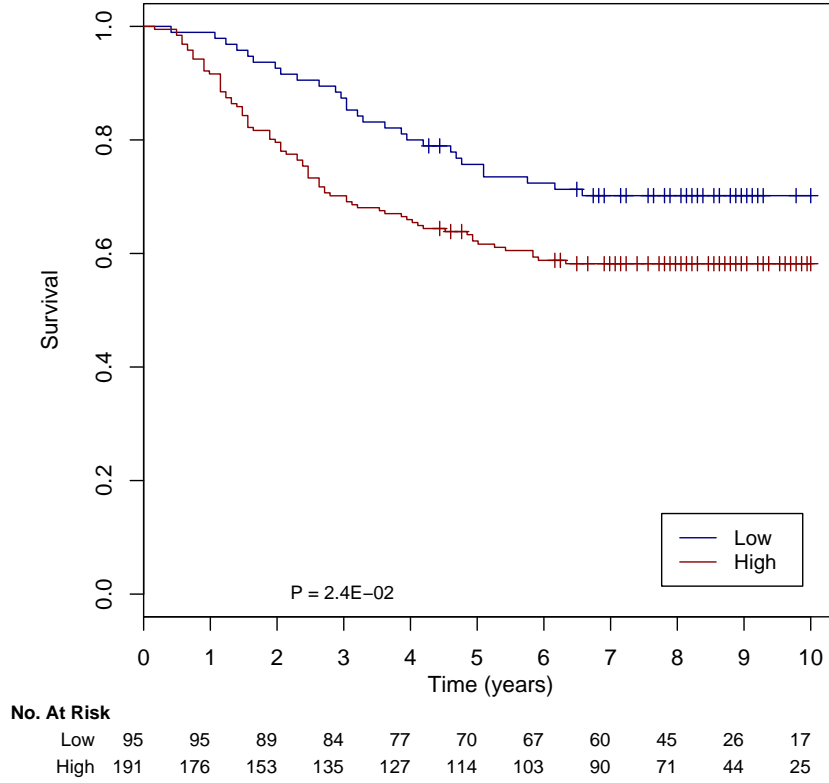
The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 2.71E-03, a concordance index of 0.595 95CI[0.543,0.647] (p-value of 1.72E-04) and an integrated Brier score of 0.184.

**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.99E-02, a concordance index of 0.642 95CI[0.544,0.741] (p-value of 2.28E-03) and an integrated Brier score of 0.185. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :

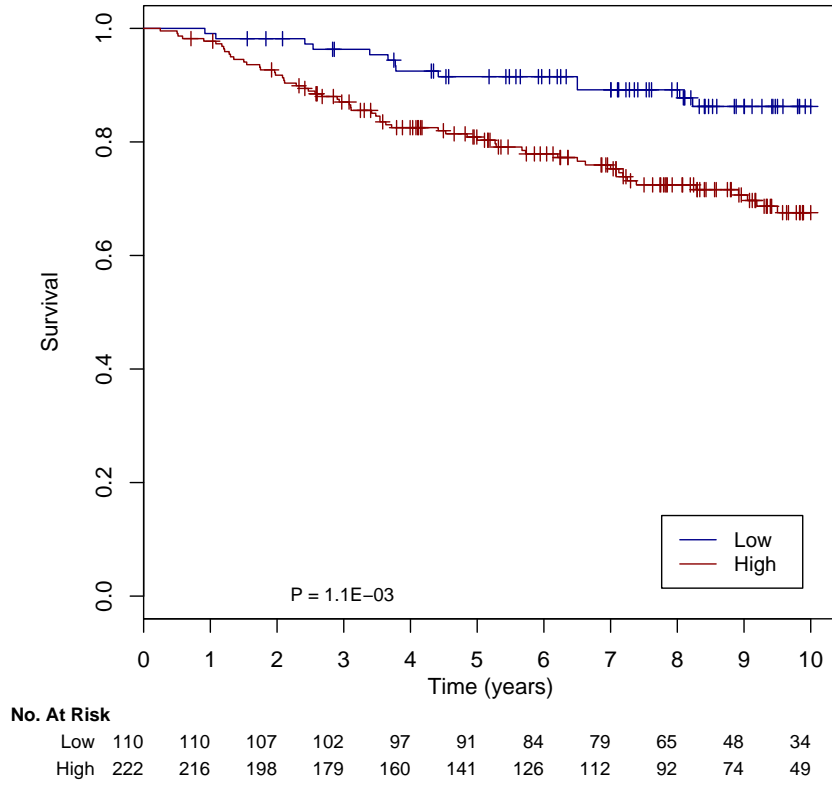




	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.85	[0.78,0.93]	0.73	[0.65,0.83]	0.70	[0.62,0.80]
High	0.69	[0.63,0.76]	0.62	[0.55,0.69]	0.58	[0.52,0.66]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 9.49E-05, a concordance index of 0.643 95CI[0.58,0.706] (p-value of 4.22E-06) and an integrated Brier score of 0.139.

**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.85E-04, a concordance index of 0.728 95CI[0.607,0.85] (p-value of 1.17E-04) and an integrated Brier score of 0.137. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



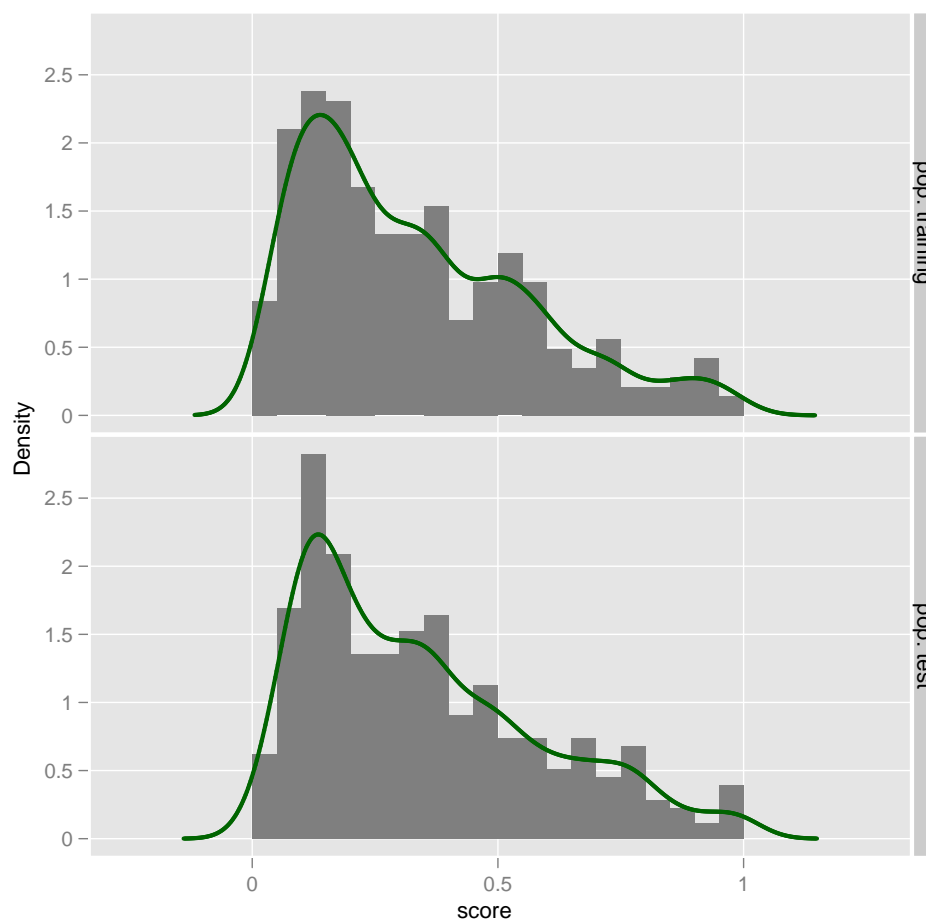
	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.95	[0.91,0.99]	0.91	[0.86,0.97]	0.86	[0.79,0.94]
High	0.87	[0.83,0.92]	0.80	[0.75,0.86]	0.68	[0.61,0.75]

## 1.9 GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV

The following table shows the selected features :

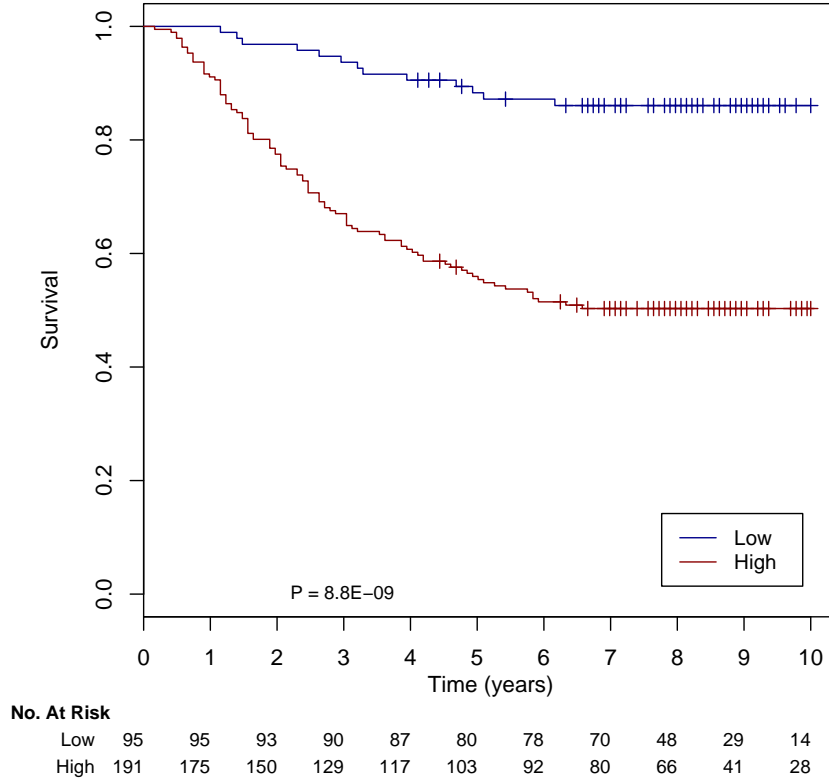
	hr	p.value	c.index	p.value	NCBI.gene.symbol	EntrezGene.ID
204641.at	1.565	6.5E-07	0.646	4.4E-09	NEK2	4751
222077.s.at	1.919	7.8E-07	0.643	8.1E-09	RACGAP1	29127
219478.at	1.551	8.5E-07	0.641	1.7E-07	WFDC1	58189
201769.at	2.529	3.3E-06	0.643	3.5E-08	CLINT1	9685
202324.s.at	2.416	3.3E-06	0.625	1.7E-06	ACBD3	64746
218252.at	2.343	4.2E-06	0.627	1.7E-06	CKAP2	26586
212898.at	1.887	4.7E-06	0.628	9.2E-07	KIAA0406	9675
208079.s.at	1.540	5.2E-06	0.636	3.0E-07	AURKA	6790
202824.s.at	2.042	6.6E-06	0.625	3.8E-06	TCEB1	6921
209380.s.at	1.777	6.7E-06	0.606	1.3E-04	ABCC5	10057
213226.at	1.657	7.7E-06	0.637	7.7E-08		
201076.at	0.349	8.3E-06	0.375	1.5E-06	NHP2L1	4809
201664.at	2.082	9.4E-06	0.621	3.2E-06	SMC4	10051
202969.at	1.894	1.0E-05	0.628	1.4E-06		
212900.at	2.439	1.0E-05	0.625	2.5E-06		
218701.at	1.783	1.2E-05	0.623	2.3E-06	LACTB2	51110
218478.s.at	2.707	1.3E-05	0.621	7.3E-06	ZCCHC8	55596
217235.x.at	0.753	1.3E-05	0.394	6.1E-05		
214853.s.at	2.447	1.4E-05	0.618	4.9E-06	SHC1	6464
212149.at	1.990	1.4E-05	0.623	2.5E-06	KIAA0143	23167
210396.s.at	1.922	1.6E-05	0.625	5.6E-07	BOLA2	552900
202620.s.at	1.534	1.6E-05	0.632	2.6E-07	PLOD2	5352
207165.at	1.613	1.6E-05	0.613	2.0E-05	HMMR	3161
212687.at	2.135	1.7E-05	0.626	1.1E-06		
209835.x.at	0.604	1.8E-05	0.404	2.2E-04	CD44	960
215205.x.at	0.629	2.0E-05	0.368	1.8E-07	NCOR2	9612
209276.s.at	0.575	2.2E-05	0.373	5.5E-07	GLRX	2745
201369.s.at	0.631	2.2E-05	0.378	1.2E-06	ZFP36L2	678
217157.x.at	0.776	2.3E-05	0.395	5.6E-05		
212014.x.at	0.640	2.4E-05	0.403	1.6E-04	CD44	960

The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.39E-19, a concordance index of 0.742 95CI[0.699,0.785] (p-value of 2.86E-28) and an integrated Brier score of 0.148.

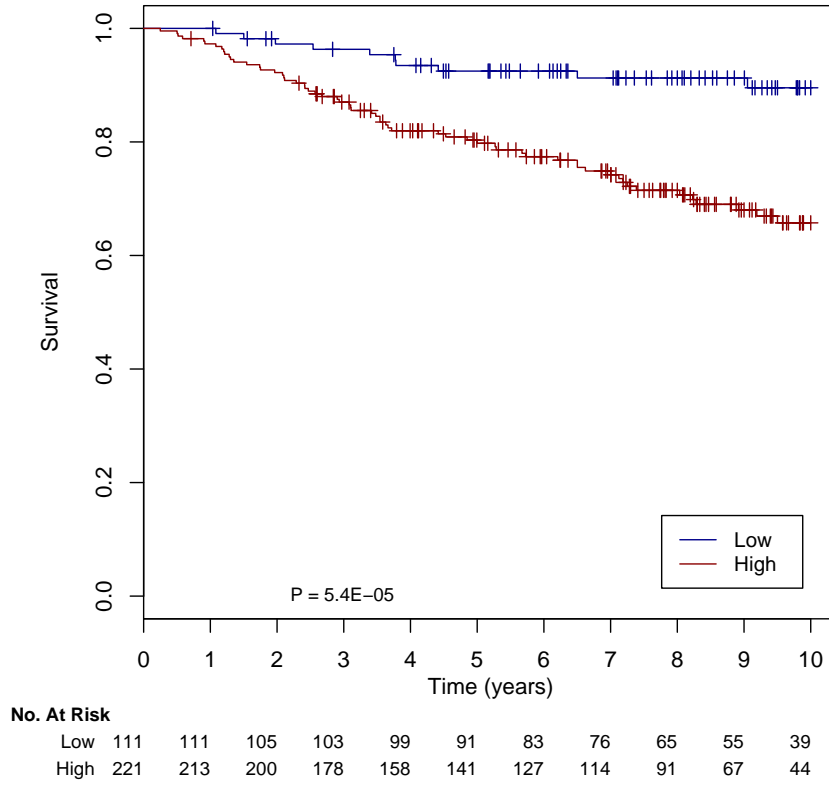
**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 4.31E-10, a concordance index of 0.836 95CI[0.756,0.916] (p-value of 8.15E-17) and an integrated Brier score of 0.168. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.93	[0.88,0.98]	0.87	[0.81,0.94]	0.86	[0.79,0.93]
High	0.65	[0.58,0.72]	0.55	[0.49,0.63]	0.50	[0.44,0.58]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 8.31E-04, a concordance index of 0.65 95CI[0.592,0.708] (p-value of 1.84E-07) and an integrated Brier score of 0.158.

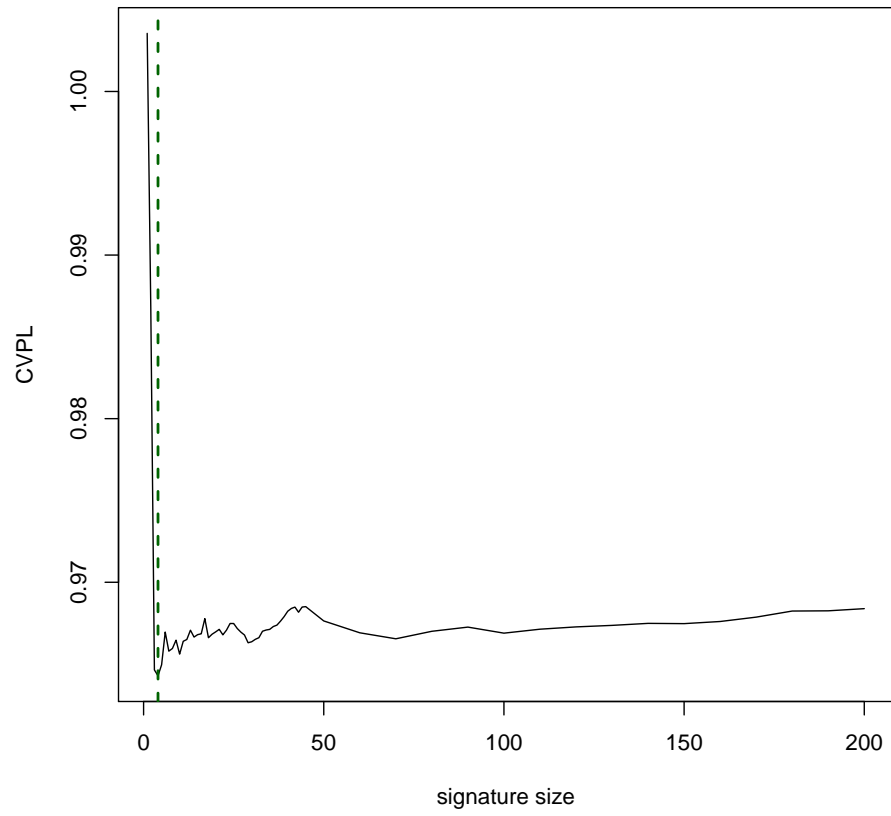
**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 2.36E-05, a concordance index of 0.778 95CI[0.66,0.896] (p-value of 2.10E-06) and an integrated Brier score of 0.139. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



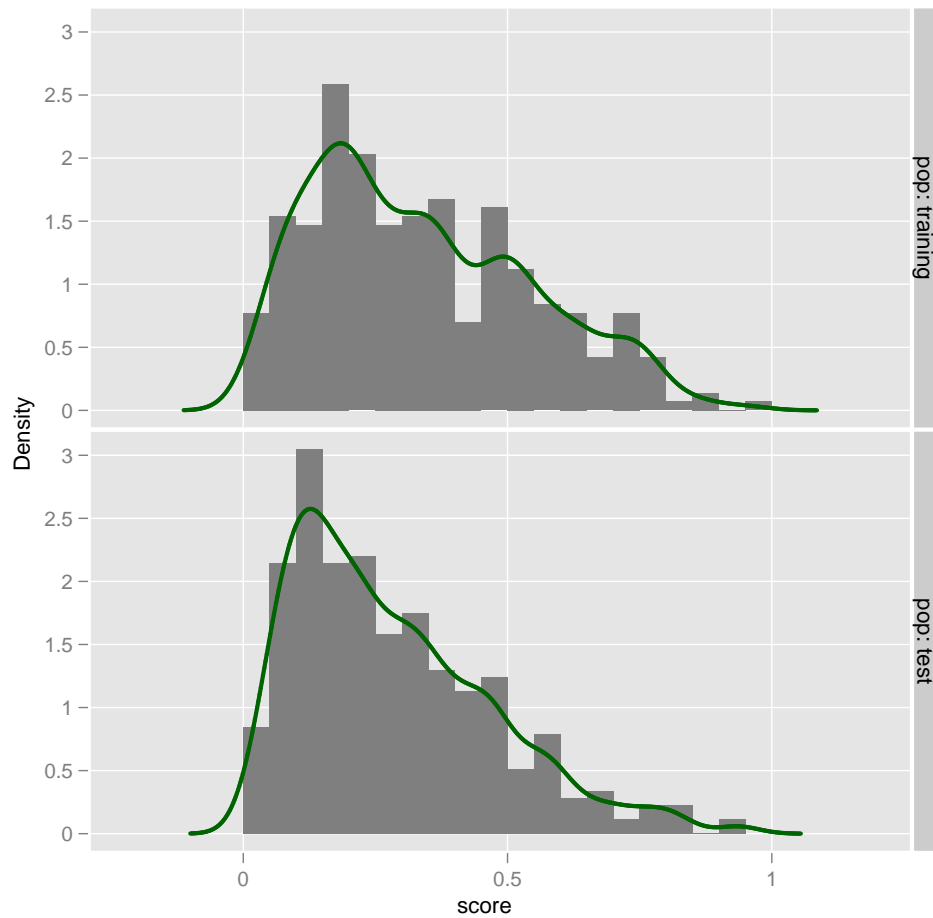
	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.95	[0.91,0.99]	0.92	[0.88,0.98]	0.90	[0.83,0.96]
High	0.87	[0.83,0.92]	0.80	[0.74,0.85]	0.66	[0.59,0.74]

### 1.10 GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV

The following figure shows the evolution of the performance w.r.t. the signature size (best signature size is 4):



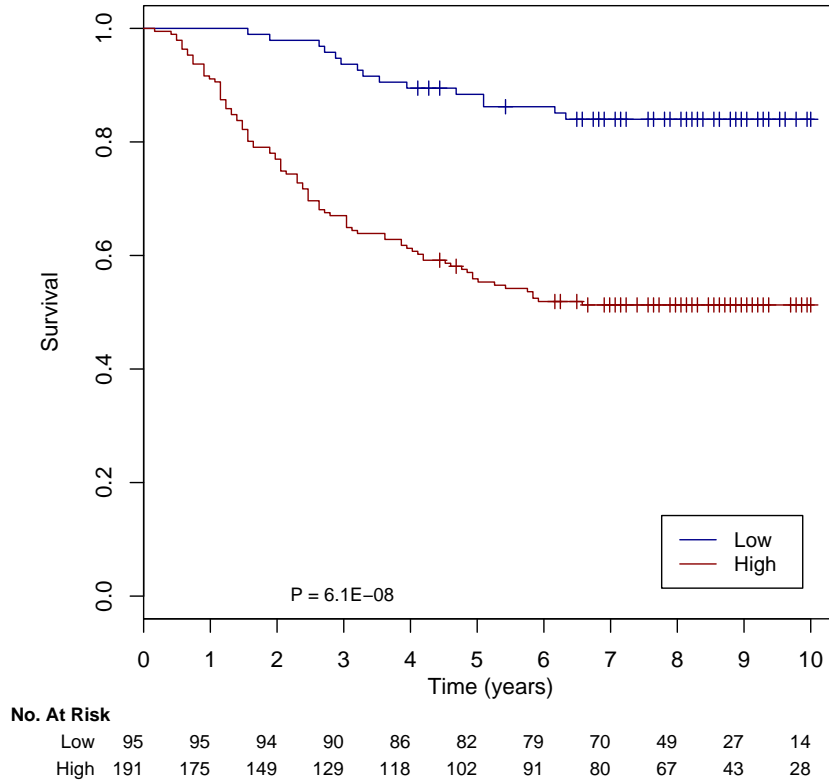
The following figure shows the distribution of the  $ggi$  :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.95E-15, a concordance index of 0.717 95CI[0.671,0.762] (p-value of 7.07E-21) and an integrated Brier score of 0.156.

**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 5.82E-09, a concordance index of 0.824 95CI[0.745,0.903] (p-value of 3.60E-16) and an integrated Brier score of 0.17. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :

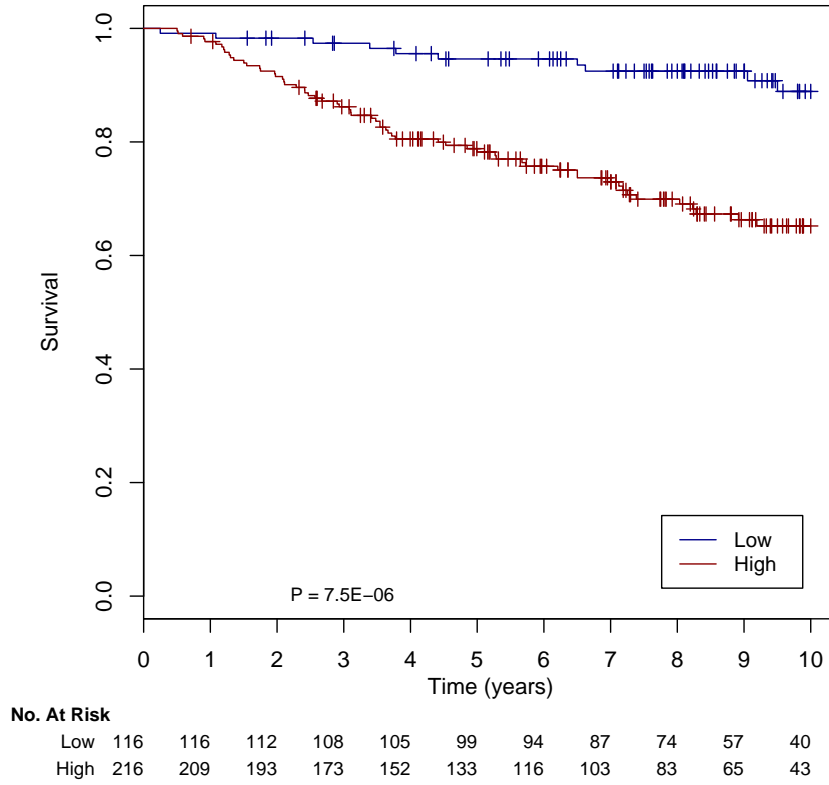




	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.93	[0.88,0.98]	0.86	[0.80,0.93]	0.84	[0.77,0.92]
High	0.65	[0.58,0.72]	0.55	[0.49,0.63]	0.51	[0.45,0.59]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 6.72E-06, a concordance index of 0.676 95CI[0.62,0.732] (p-value of 4.08E-10) and an integrated Brier score of 0.131.

**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 8.10E-07, a concordance index of 0.816 95CI[0.71,0.922] (p-value of 2.70E-09) and an integrated Brier score of 0.133. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



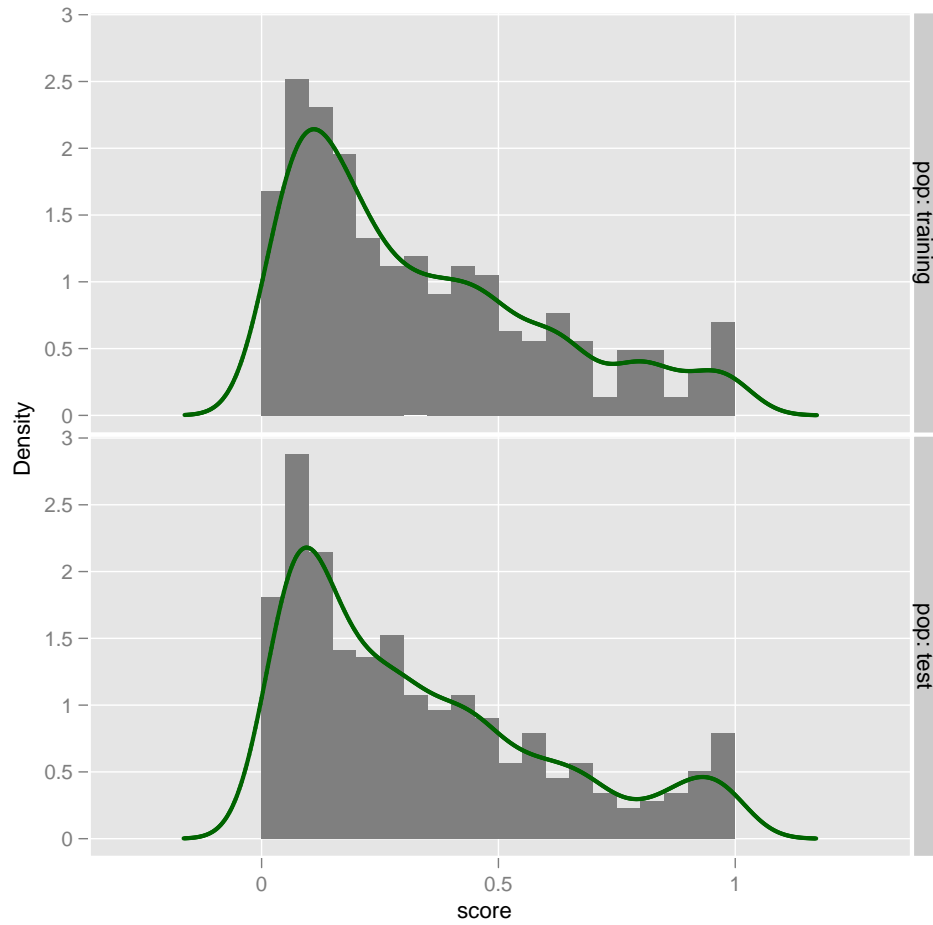
	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.96	[0.93,1.00]	0.95	[0.91,0.99]	0.89	[0.82,0.96]
High	0.86	[0.82,0.91]	0.78	[0.73,0.84]	0.65	[0.58,0.73]

### 1.11 GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV

The following table shows the selected features :

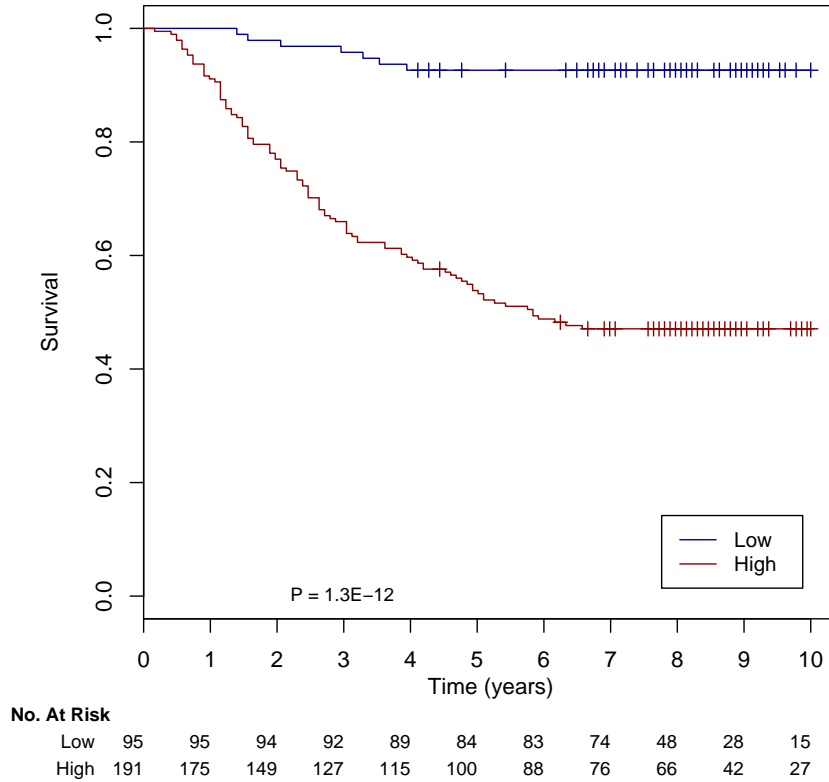
	hr	p.value	c.index	p.value	cox.coef	NCBI.gene.symbol	EntrezGene.ID
201076.at	0.349	8.3E−06	0.375	1.5E−06	−0.415	NHP2L1	4809
219478.at	1.551	8.5E−07	0.641	1.7E−07	0.330	WFDC1	58189
204641.at	1.565	6.5E−07	0.646	4.4E−09	0.219	NEK2	4751
201769.at	2.529	3.3E−06	0.643	3.5E−08	0.216	CLINT1	9685
218252.at	2.343	4.2E−06	0.627	1.7E−06	0.167	CKAP2	26586
209380.s.at	1.777	6.7E−06	0.606	1.3E−04	0.162	ABCC5	10057
215205.x.at	0.629	2.0E−05	0.368	1.8E−07	−0.153	NCOR2	9612
202969.at	1.894	1.0E−05	0.628	1.4E−06	0.133		
217235.x.at	0.753	1.3E−05	0.394	6.1E−05	−0.130		
212898.at	1.887	4.7E−06	0.628	9.2E−07	0.119	KIAA0406	9675
209835.x.at	0.604	1.8E−05	0.404	2.2E−04	−0.102	CD44	960
202620.s.at	1.534	1.6E−05	0.632	2.6E−07	0.094	PLOD2	5352
201369.s.at	0.631	2.2E−05	0.378	1.2E−06	−0.030	ZFP36L2	678
218701.at	1.783	1.2E−05	0.623	2.3E−06	0.022	LACTB2	51110
217157.x.at	0.776	2.3E−05	0.395	5.6E−05	−0.021		
212900.at	2.439	1.0E−05	0.625	2.5E−06	0.021		
209276.s.at	0.575	2.2E−05	0.373	5.5E−07	−0.013	GLRX	2745
201664.at	2.082	9.4E−06	0.621	3.2E−06	0.000	SMC4	10051

The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of  $1.41\text{E-}25$ , a concordance index of 0.774 95CI[0.733,0.815] (p-value of  $4.21\text{E-}39$ ) and an integrated Brier score of 0.136.

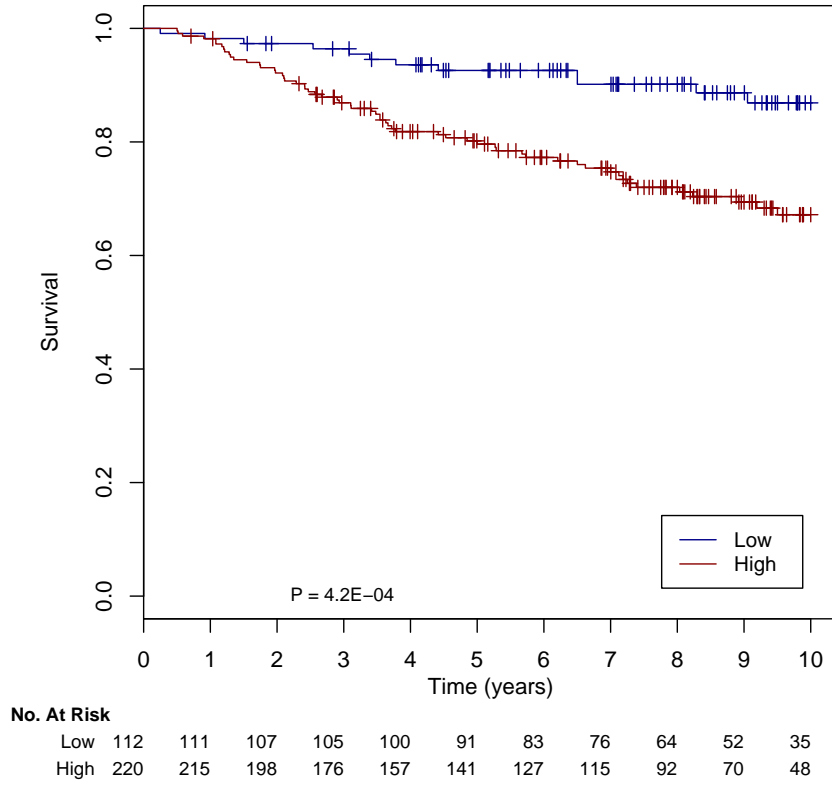
**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of  $1.51\text{E-}15$ , a concordance index of 0.906 95CI[0.841,0.972] (p-value of  $9.74\text{E-}35$ ) and an integrated Brier score of 0.159. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.95	[0.90,0.99]	0.93	[0.88,0.98]	0.93	[0.88,0.98]
High	0.64	[0.57,0.71]	0.53	[0.47,0.61]	0.47	[0.40,0.55]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.65E-03, a concordance index of 0.638 95CI[0.579,0.697] (p-value of 2.10E-06) and an integrated Brier score of 0.175.

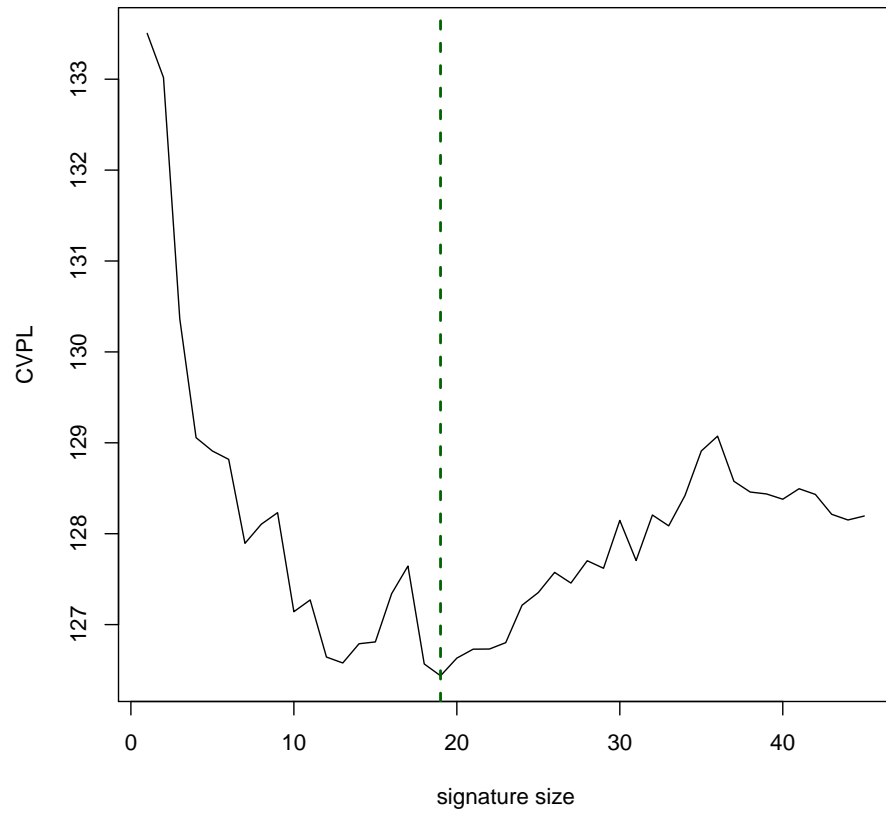
**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.13E-04, a concordance index of 0.749 95CI[0.628,0.87] (p-value of 2.78E-05) and an integrated Brier score of 0.147. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



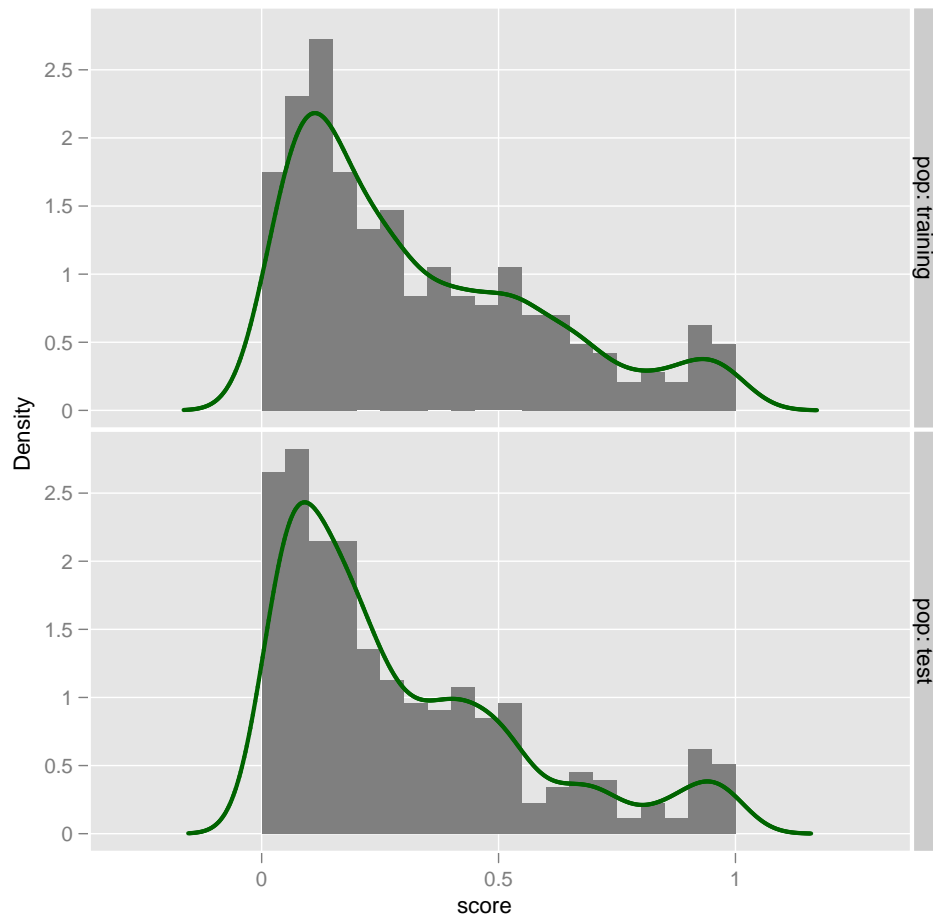
	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.96	[0.93,1.00]	0.93	[0.88,0.98]	0.87	[0.80,0.94]
High	0.86	[0.82,0.91]	0.80	[0.74,0.85]	0.67	[0.60,0.75]

### 1.12 GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV

The following figure shows the evolution of the performance w.r.t. the signature size (best signature size is 19):



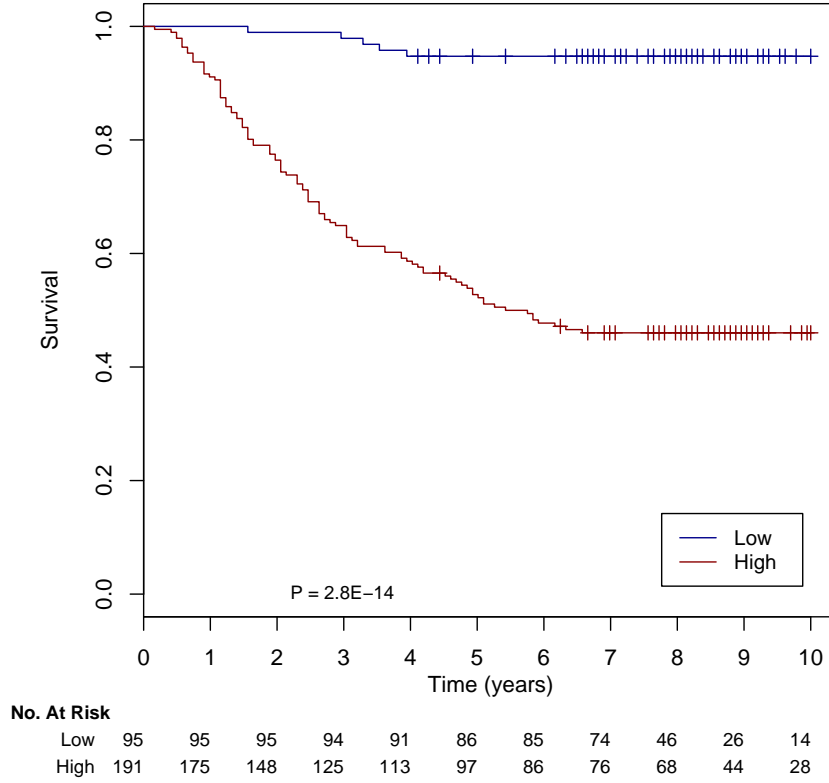
The following figure shows the distribution of the  $ggi$  :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 5.60E-25, a concordance index of 0.777 95CI[0.737,0.817] (p-value of 9.72E-42) and an integrated Brier score of 0.138.

**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.86E-18, a concordance index of 0.938 95CI[0.885,0.99] (p-value of 9.53E-61) and an integrated Brier score of 0.155. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :

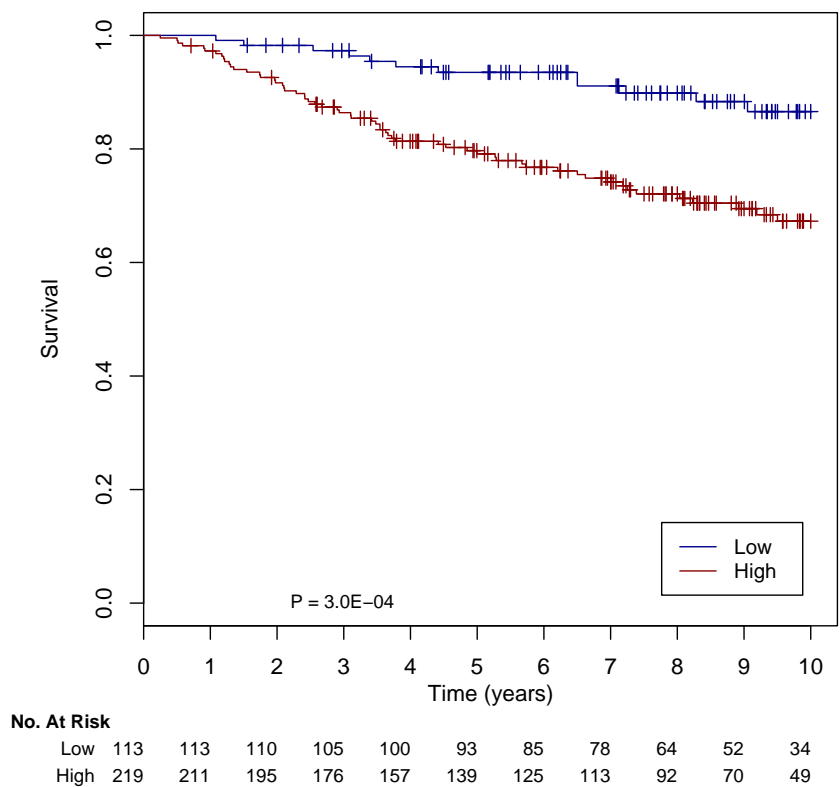




	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.97	[0.93,1.00]	0.95	[0.90,0.99]	0.95	[0.90,0.99]
High	0.63	[0.56,0.70]	0.52	[0.46,0.60]	0.46	[0.39,0.54]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.39E-03, a concordance index of 0.63 95CI[0.57,0.691] (p-value of 1.20E-05) and an integrated Brier score of 0.161.

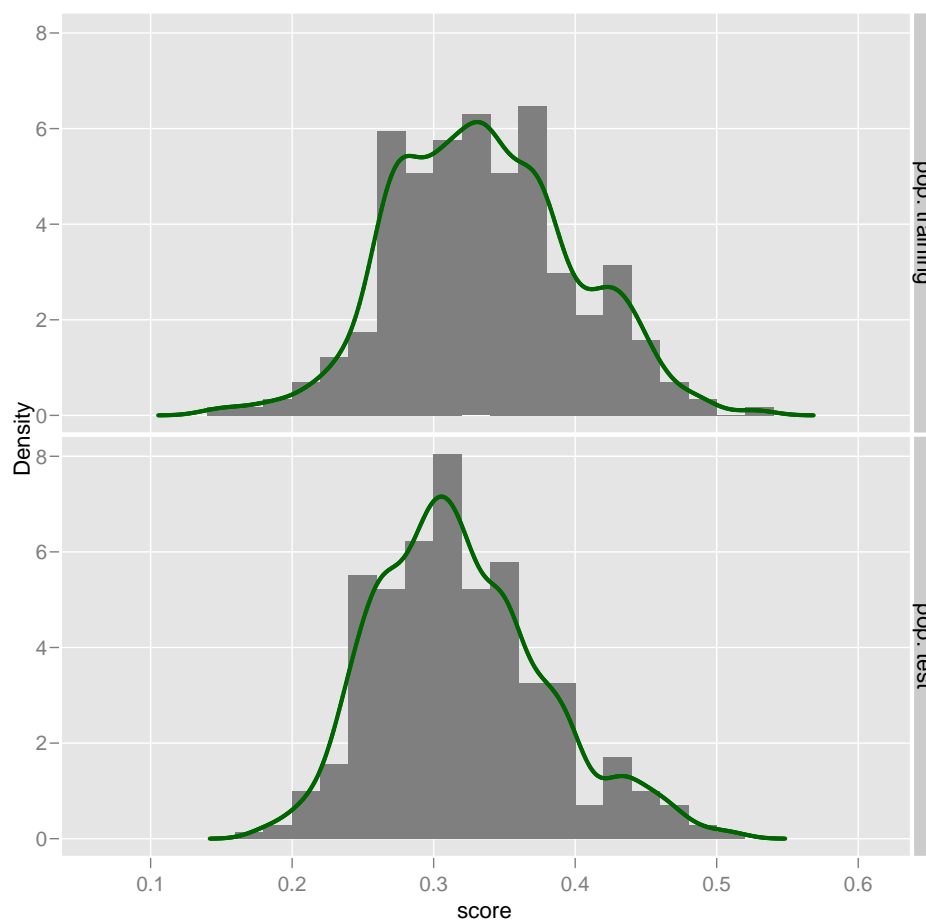
**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 8.71E-05, a concordance index of 0.766 95CI[0.651,0.88] (p-value of 2.90E-06) and an integrated Brier score of 0.148. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.97	[0.94,1.00]	0.93	[0.89,0.98]	0.87	[0.80,0.94]
High	0.86	[0.81,0.91]	0.79	[0.74,0.85]	0.67	[0.60,0.75]

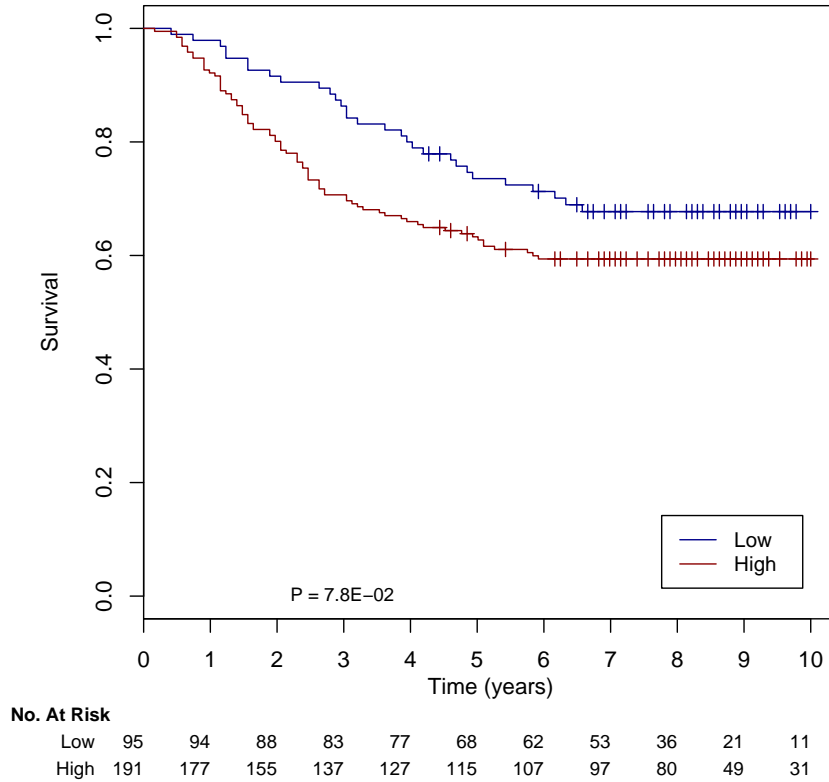
### 1.13 GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG

The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi in the two populations :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.88E-02, a concordance index of 0.587 95CI[0.533,0.64] (p-value of 7.49E-04) and an integrated Brier score of 0.186.

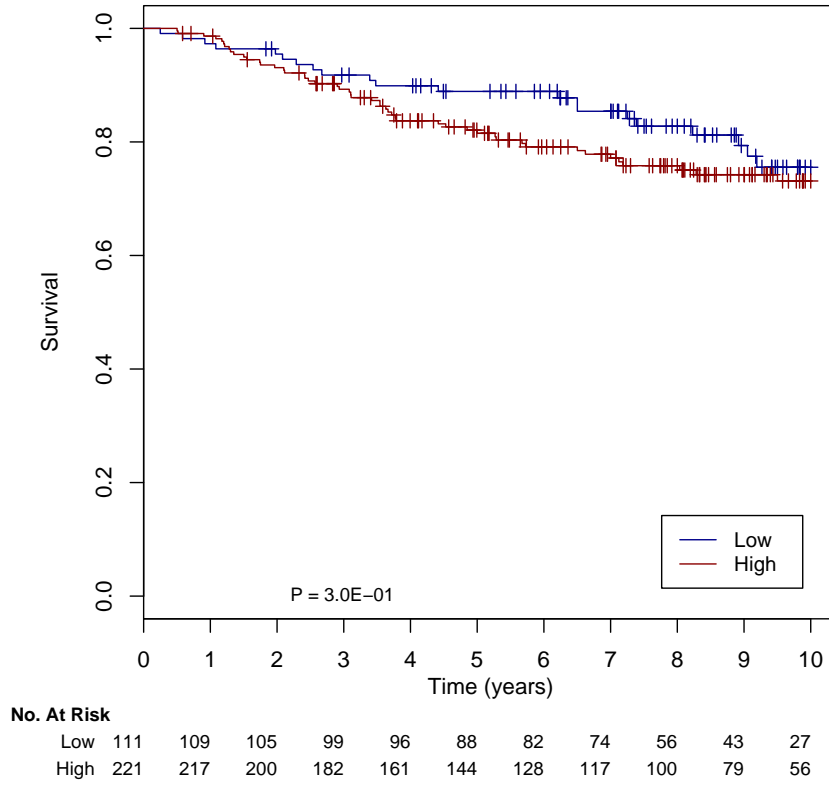
**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 7.19E-02, a concordance index of 0.616 95CI[0.517,0.715] (p-value of 1.08E-02) and an integrated Brier score of 0.187. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.84	[0.77,0.92]	0.72	[0.64,0.82]	0.68	[0.59,0.78]
High	0.70	[0.63,0.76]	0.63	[0.56,0.70]	0.59	[0.53,0.67]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 6.71E-02, a concordance index of 0.566 95CI[0.492,0.64] (p-value of 3.98E-02) and an integrated Brier score of 0.136.

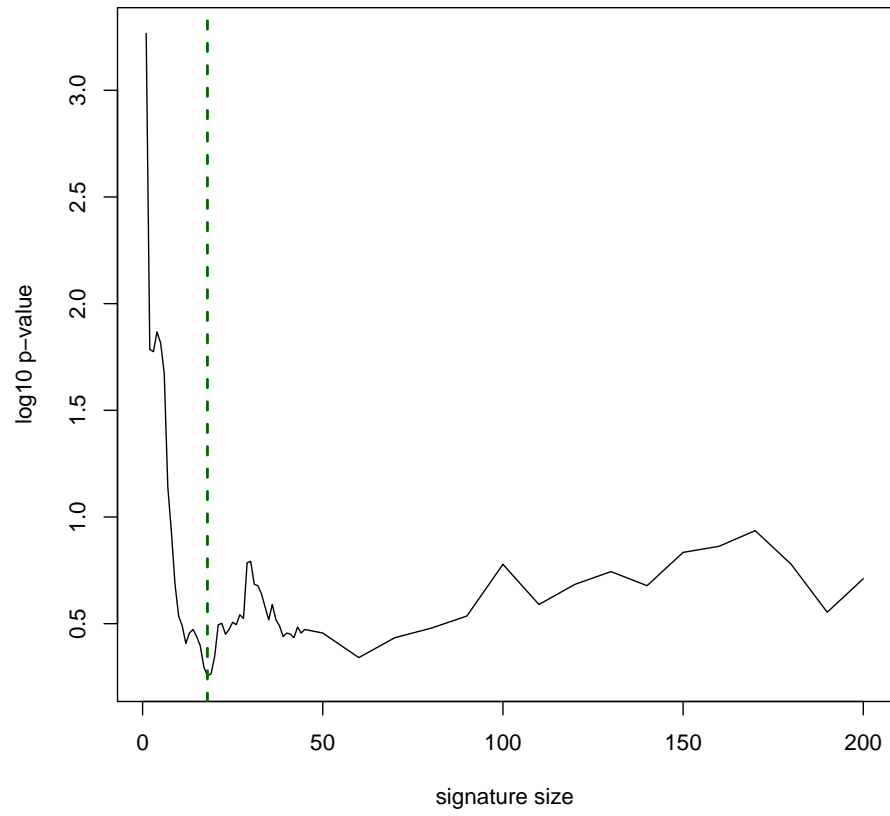
**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 2.99E-01, a concordance index of 0.589 95CI[0.461,0.716] (p-value of 8.74E-02) and an integrated Brier score of 0.14. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



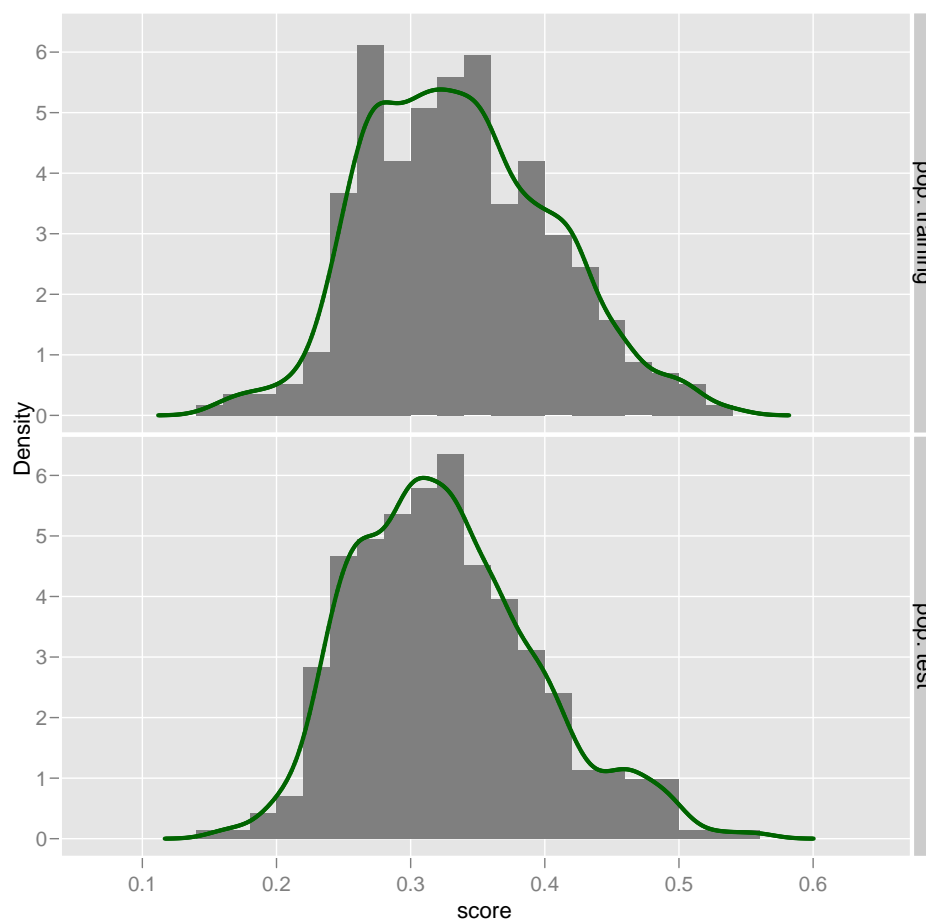
	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.92	[0.87,0.97]	0.89	[0.83,0.95]	0.76	[0.66,0.86]
High	0.89	[0.85,0.93]	0.82	[0.76,0.87]	0.73	[0.67,0.80]

#### 1.14 GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG

The following figure shows the evolution of the performance w.r.t. the signature size (best signature size is 18):

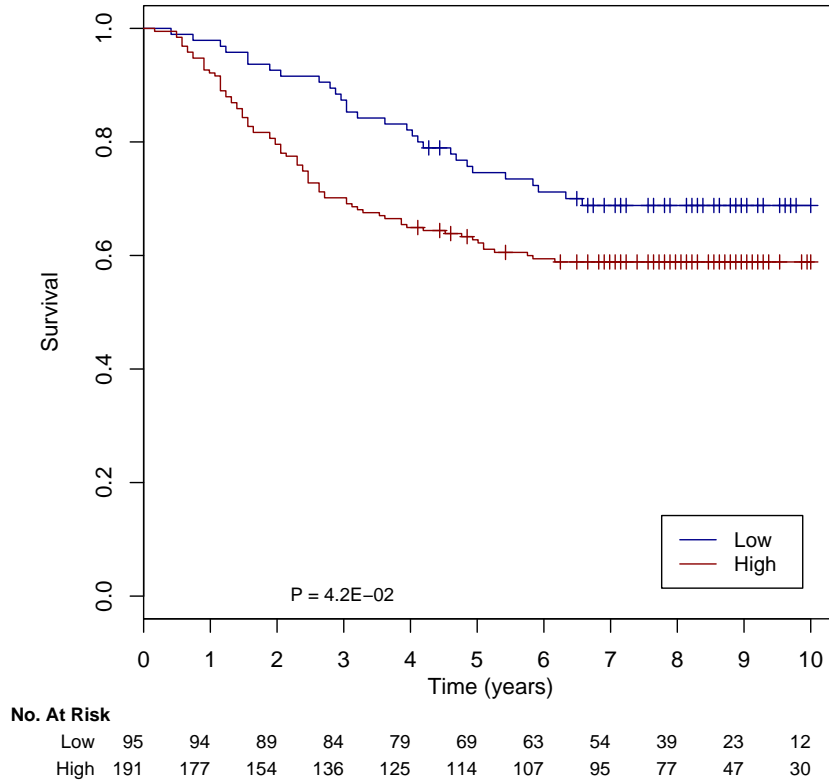


The following figure shows the distribution of the *ggi* in the two populations :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 9.69E-03, a concordance index of 0.595 95CI[0.542,0.649] (p-value of 2.26E-04) and an integrated Brier score of 0.185.

**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.68E-02, a concordance index of 0.633 95CI[0.535,0.731] (p-value of 3.97E-03) and an integrated Brier score of 0.186. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :

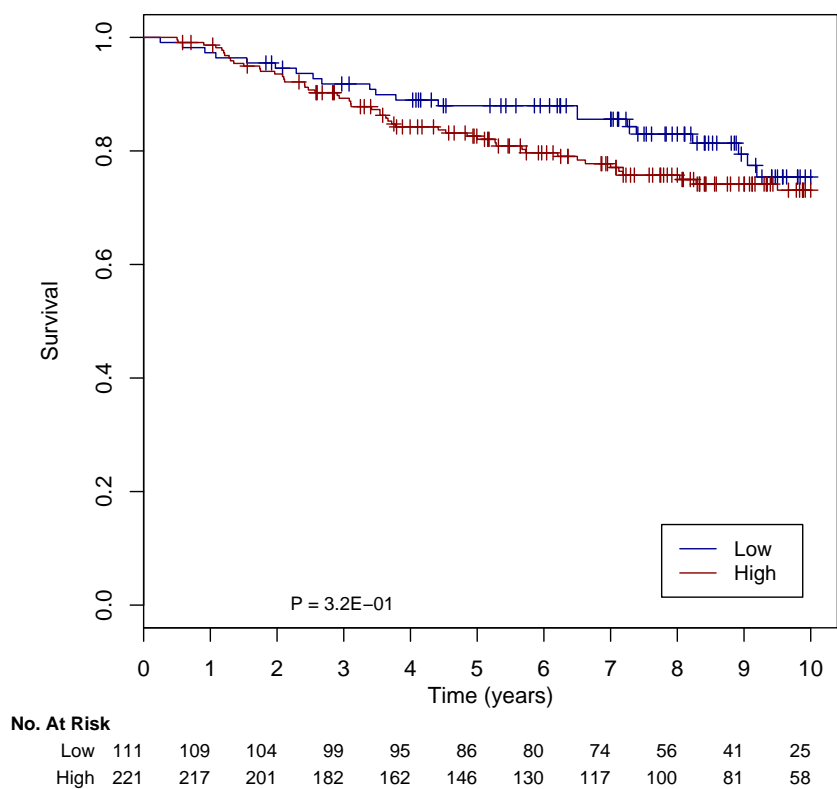


	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.85	[0.78,0.93]	0.73	[0.65,0.83]	0.69	[0.60,0.79]
High	0.69	[0.63,0.76]	0.62	[0.56,0.69]	0.59	[0.52,0.66]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 4.49E-02, a concordance index of 0.575 95CI[0.502,0.648] (p-value of 2.22E-02) and an integrated Brier score of 0.137.

**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.78E-01, a concordance index of 0.582 95CI[0.454,0.711] (p-value of 1.05E-01) and an integrated Brier score of 0.141. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :

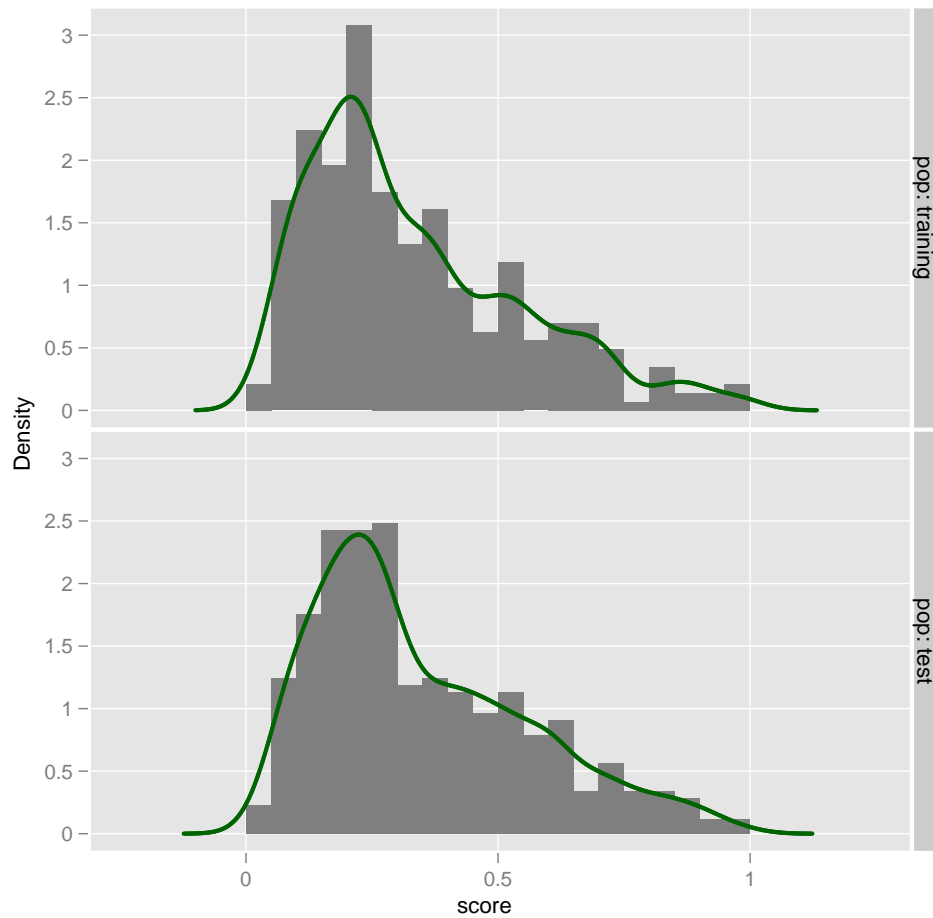




	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.92	[0.87,0.97]	0.88	[0.82,0.94]	0.75	[0.66,0.86]
High	0.89	[0.85,0.93]	0.82	[0.77,0.87]	0.73	[0.67,0.80]

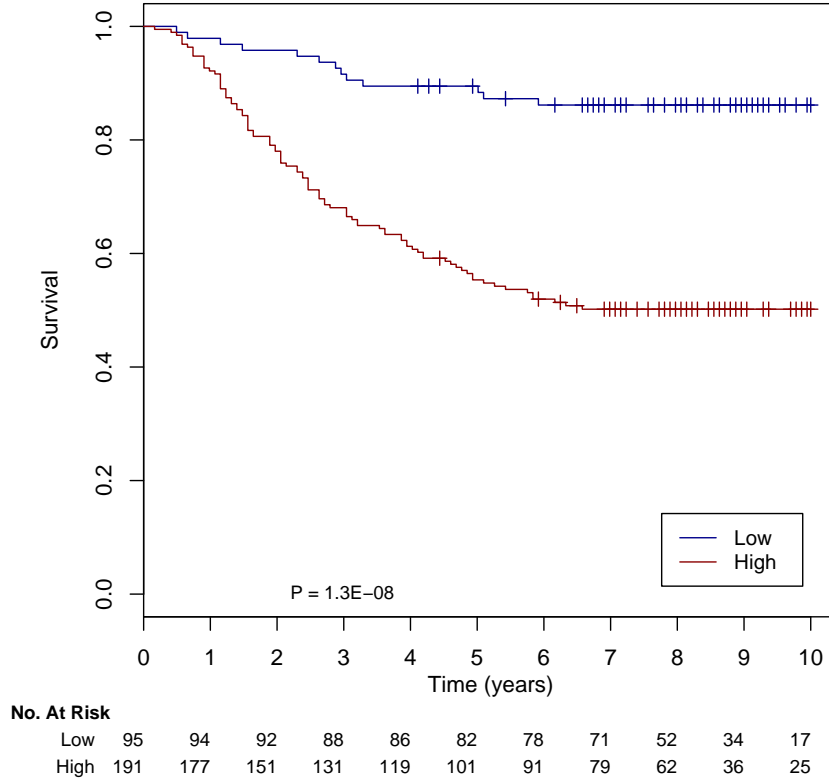
### 1.15 GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV

The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi in the two populations :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 2.42E-16, a concordance index of 0.727 95CI[0.68,0.774] (p-value of 2.68E-21) and an integrated Brier score of 0.154.

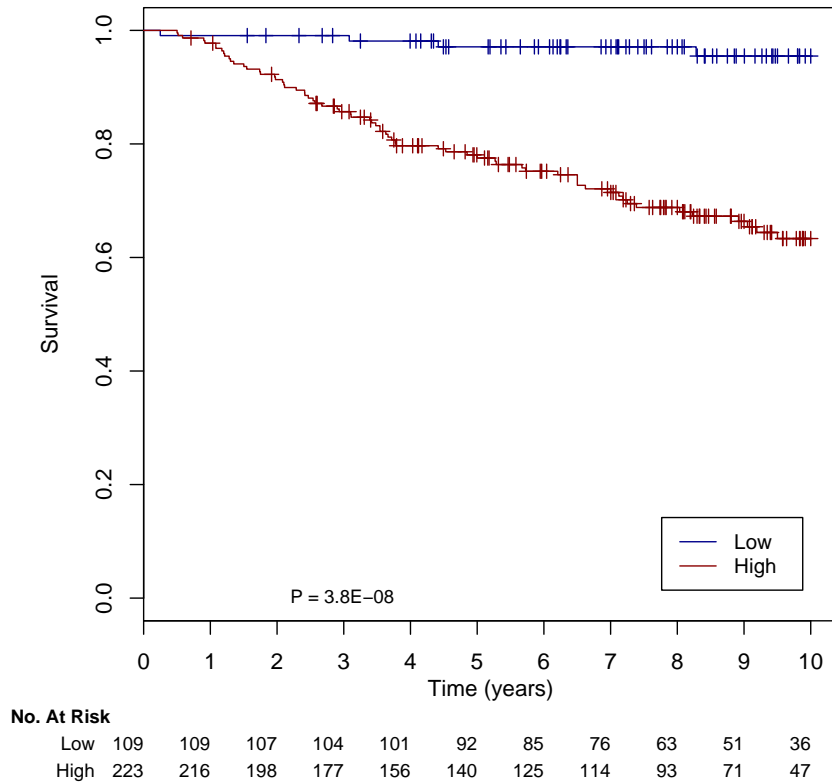
**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 6.86E-10, a concordance index of 0.824 95CI[0.738,0.909] (p-value of 6.68E-14) and an integrated Brier score of 0.168. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.91	[0.85,0.97]	0.88	[0.82,0.95]	0.86	[0.79,0.93]
High	0.66	[0.60,0.74]	0.55	[0.48,0.62]	0.50	[0.44,0.58]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 9.14E-06, a concordance index of 0.695 95CI[0.639,0.751] (p-value of 4.18E-12) and an integrated Brier score of 0.153.

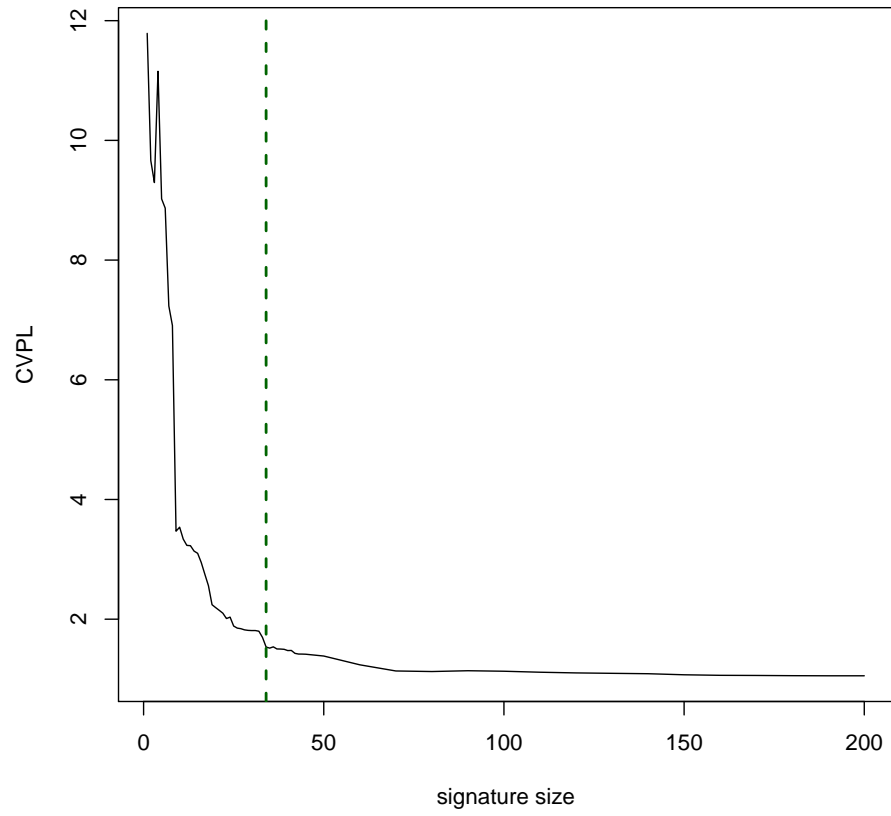
**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.02E-09, a concordance index of 0.909 95CI[0.822,0.996] (p-value of 2.00E-20) and an integrated Brier score of 0.133. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



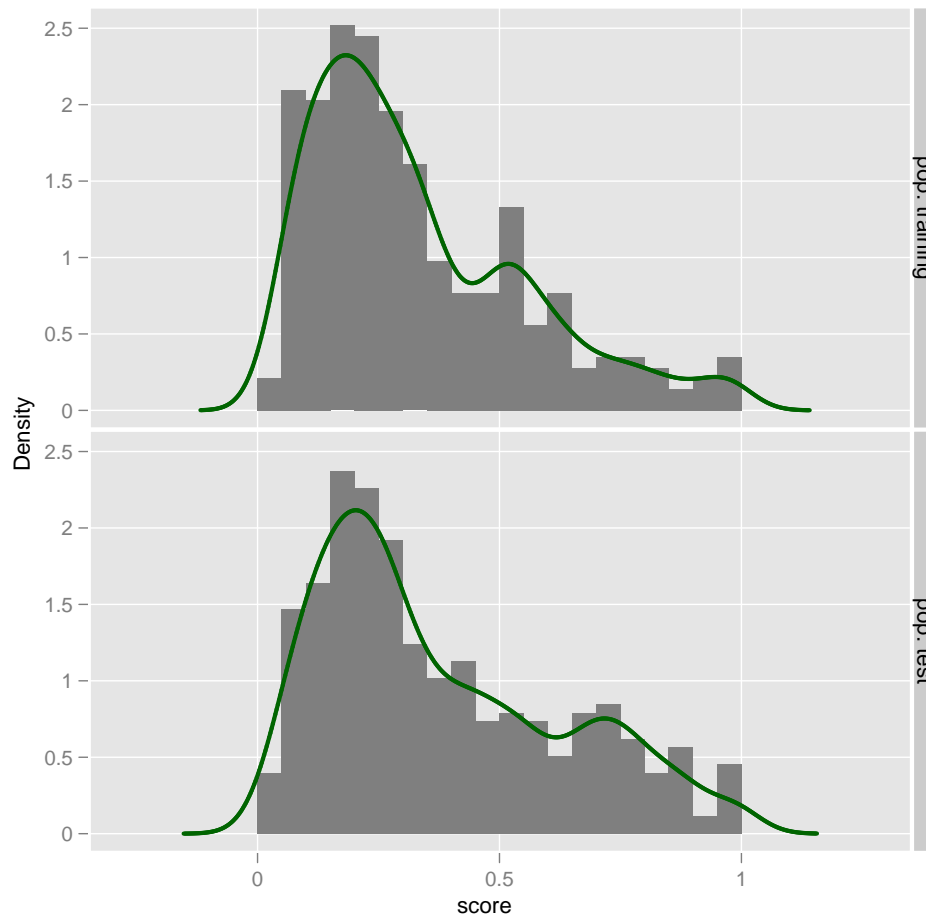
	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.98	[0.96,1.00]	0.97	[0.94,1.00]	0.95	[0.91,1.00]
High	0.86	[0.81,0.90]	0.78	[0.72,0.83]	0.63	[0.56,0.71]

### 1.16 GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV

The following figure shows the evolution of the performance w.r.t. the signature size (best signature size is 34):

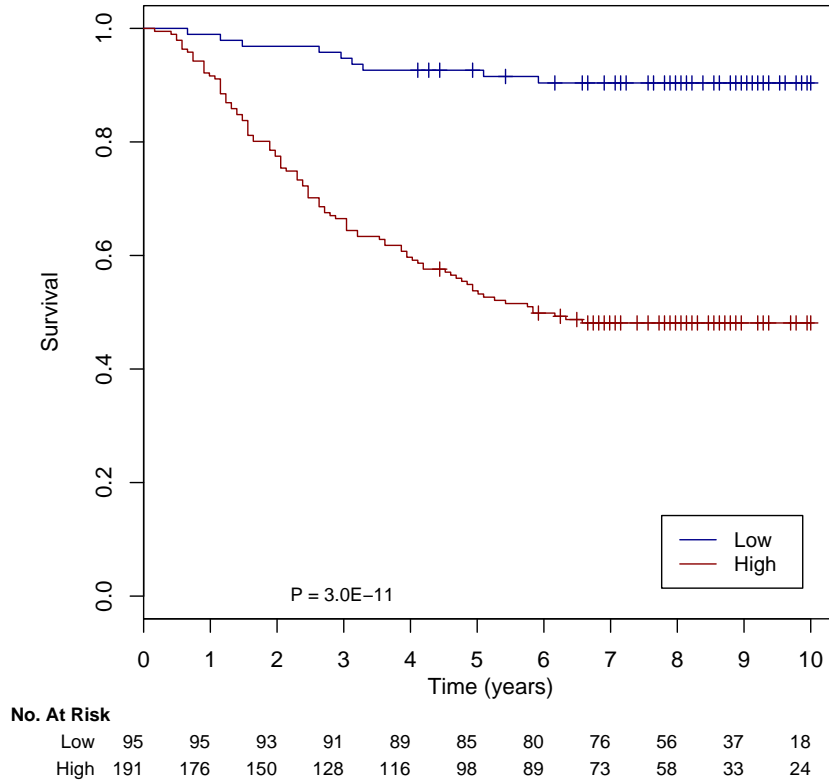


The following figure shows the distribution of the  $ggi$  in the two populations :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.15E-18, a concordance index of 0.748 95CI[0.702,0.793] (p-value of 6.86E-27) and an integrated Brier score of 0.149.

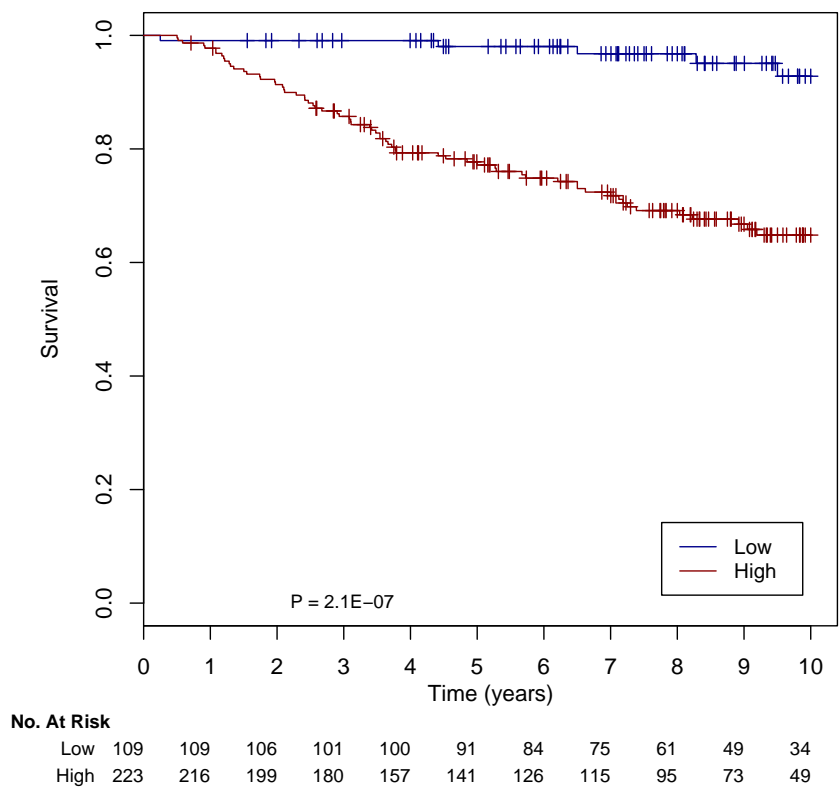
**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.68E-13, a concordance index of 0.881 95CI[0.808,0.954] (p-value of 8.52E-25) and an integrated Brier score of 0.162. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.94	[0.89,0.99]	0.92	[0.86,0.97]	0.90	[0.85,0.97]
High	0.64	[0.58,0.72]	0.53	[0.47,0.61]	0.48	[0.41,0.56]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 5.90E-06, a concordance index of 0.698 95CI[0.644,0.753] (p-value of 4.76E-13) and an integrated Brier score of 0.17.

**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 7.69E-09, a concordance index of 0.907 95CI[0.824,0.99] (p-value of 3.55E-22) and an integrated Brier score of 0.137. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :

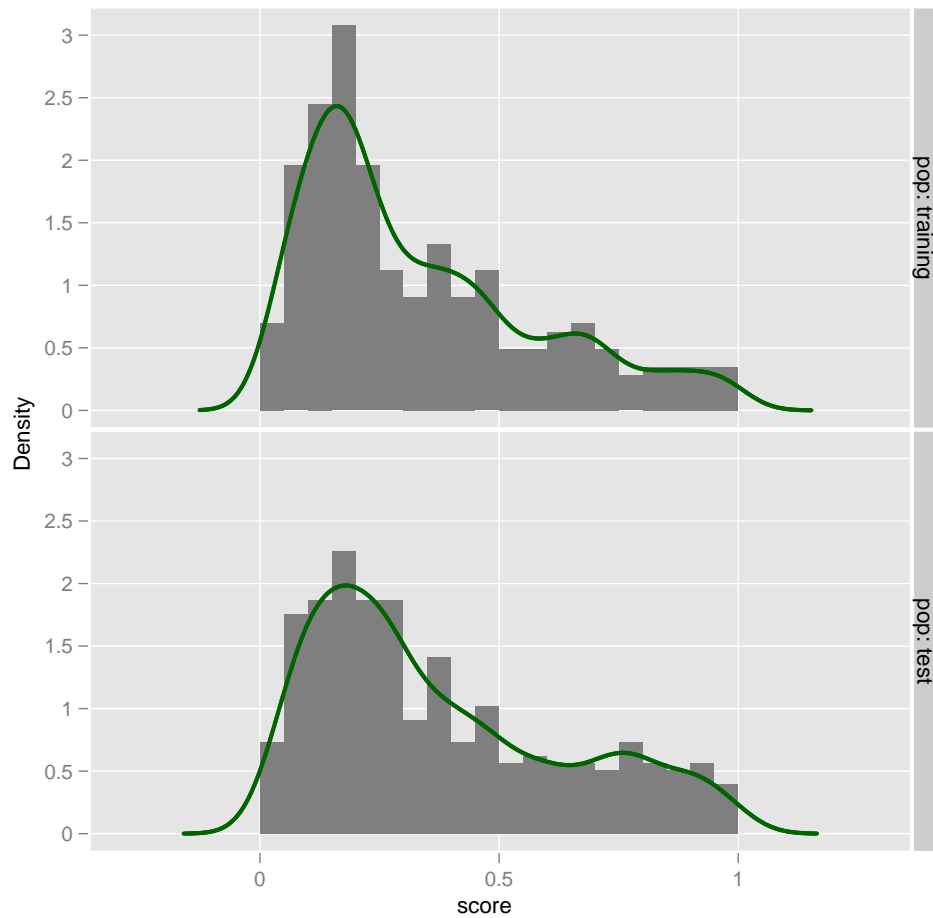


	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.99	[0.97,1.00]	0.98	[0.95,1.00]	0.93	[0.87,0.99]
High	0.86	[0.81,0.91]	0.77	[0.72,0.83]	0.65	[0.58,0.72]

### 1.17 GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV

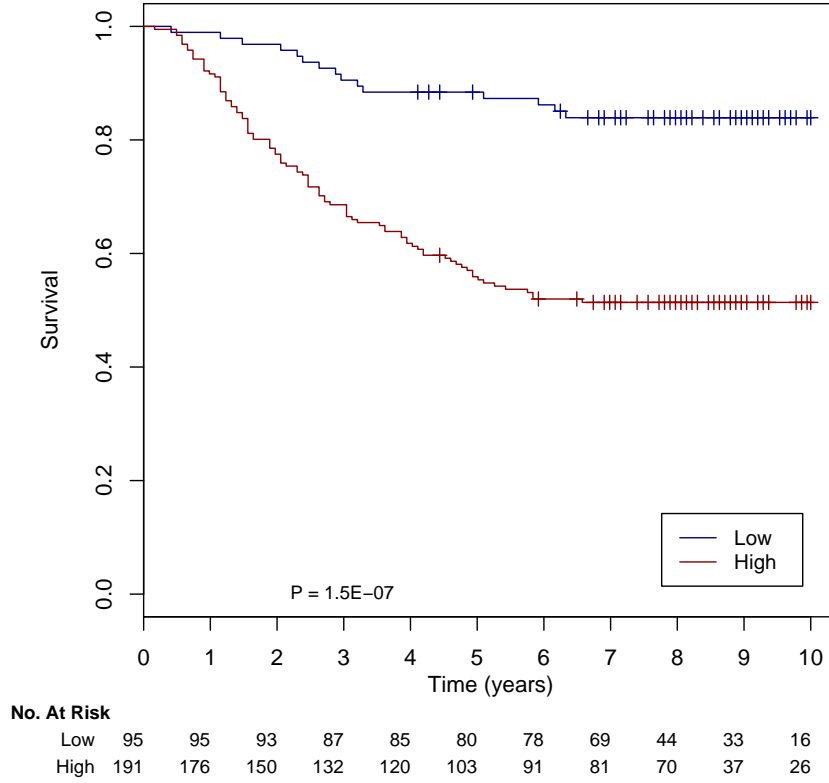
The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi :





**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 3.89E-21, a concordance index of 0.75 95CI[0.706,0.794] (p-value of 4.71E-29) and an integrated Brier score of 0.143.

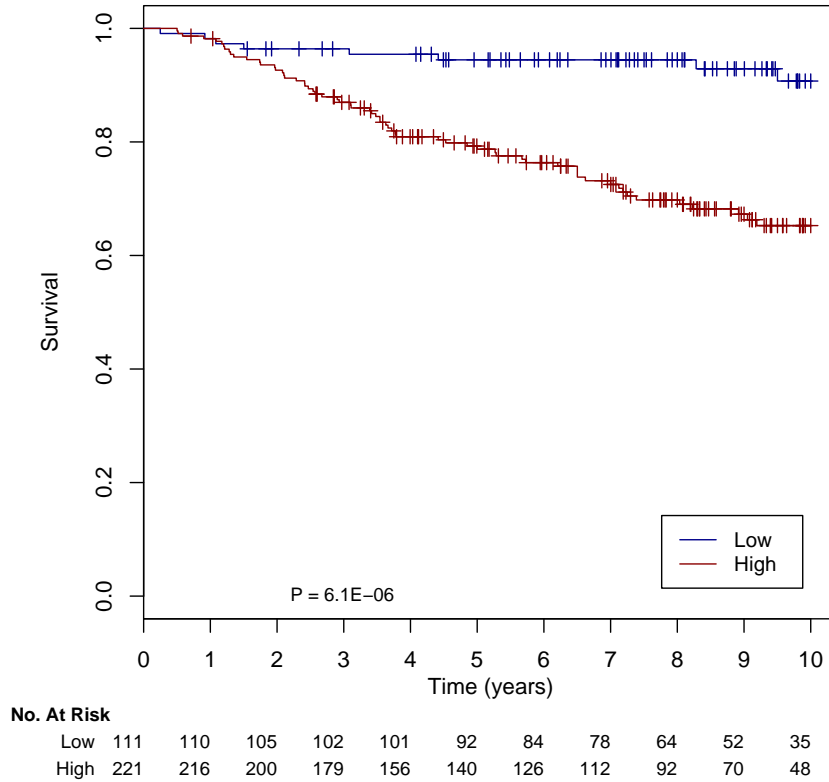
**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.57E-08, a concordance index of 0.806 95CI[0.719,0.892] (p-value of 2.21E-12) and an integrated Brier score of 0.171. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years	5.years	10.years
Low	0.89 [0.84,0.96]	0.87 [0.81,0.94]	0.84 [0.77,0.92]
High	0.66 [0.60,0.74]	0.55 [0.49,0.63]	0.51 [0.45,0.59]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 7.76E-06, a concordance index of 0.69 95CI[0.631,0.748] (p-value of 1.08E-10) and an integrated Brier score of 0.171.

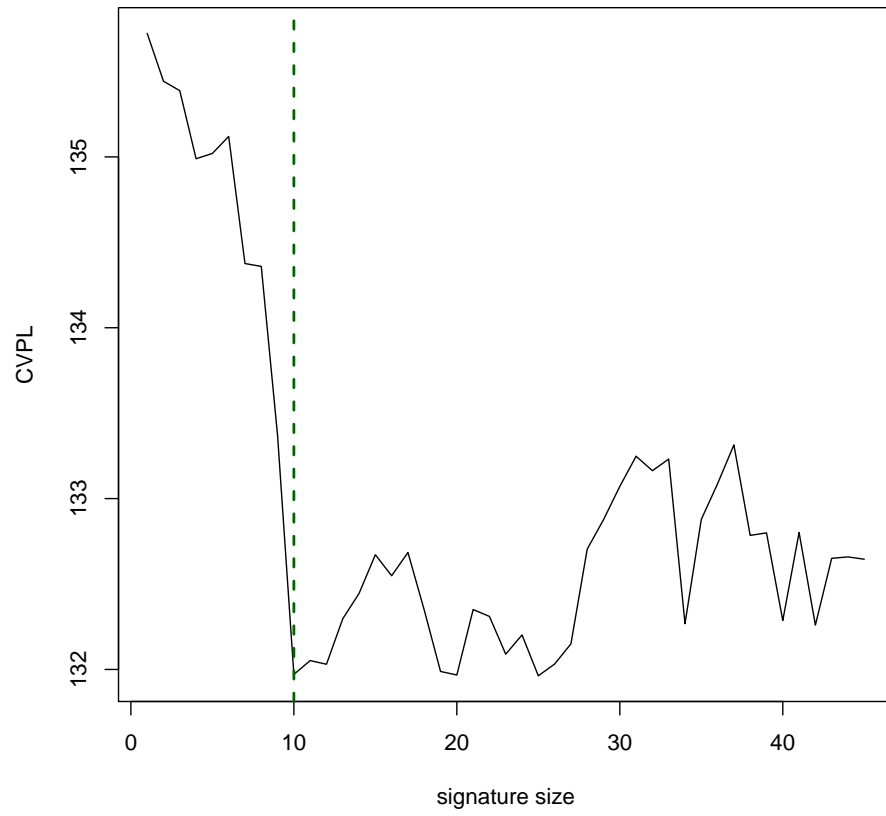
**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 8.87E-07, a concordance index of 0.818 95CI[0.702,0.934] (p-value of 4.09E-08) and an integrated Brier score of 0.136. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



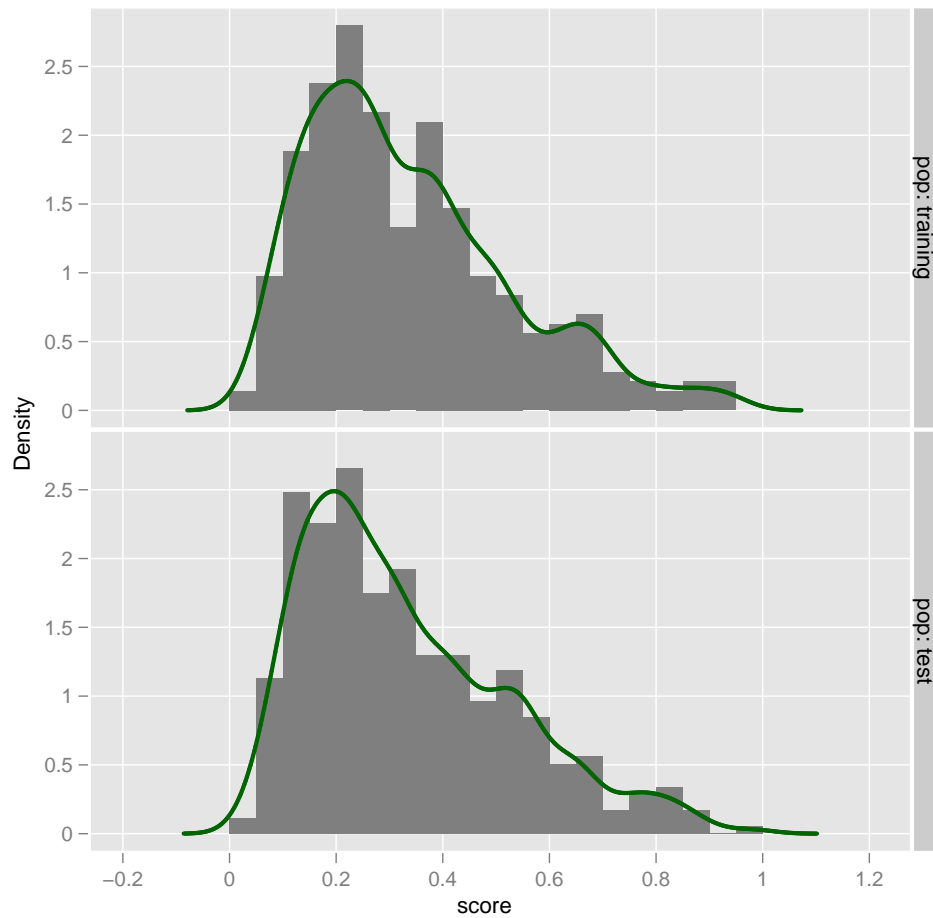
	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.95	[0.92,0.99]	0.94	[0.90,0.99]	0.91	[0.84,0.98]
High	0.87	[0.83,0.92]	0.79	[0.73,0.85]	0.65	[0.58,0.73]

### 1.18 GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV

The following figure shows the evolution of the performance w.r.t. the signature size (best signature size is 10):

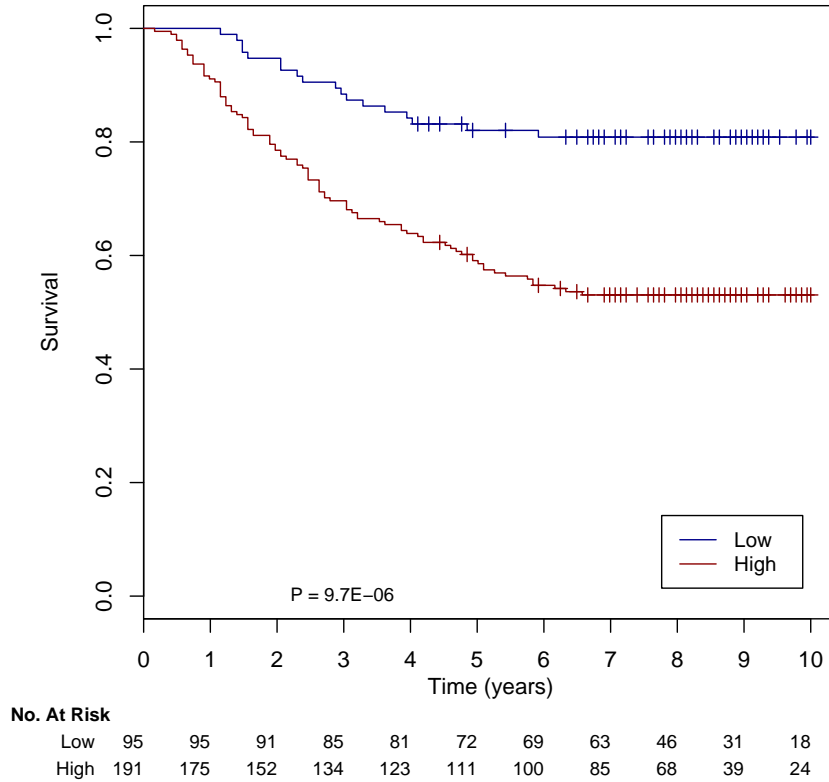


The following figure shows the distribution of the  $ggi$  :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 4.11E-13, a concordance index of 0.686 95CI[0.635,0.736] (p-value of 2.42E-13) and an integrated Brier score of 0.161.

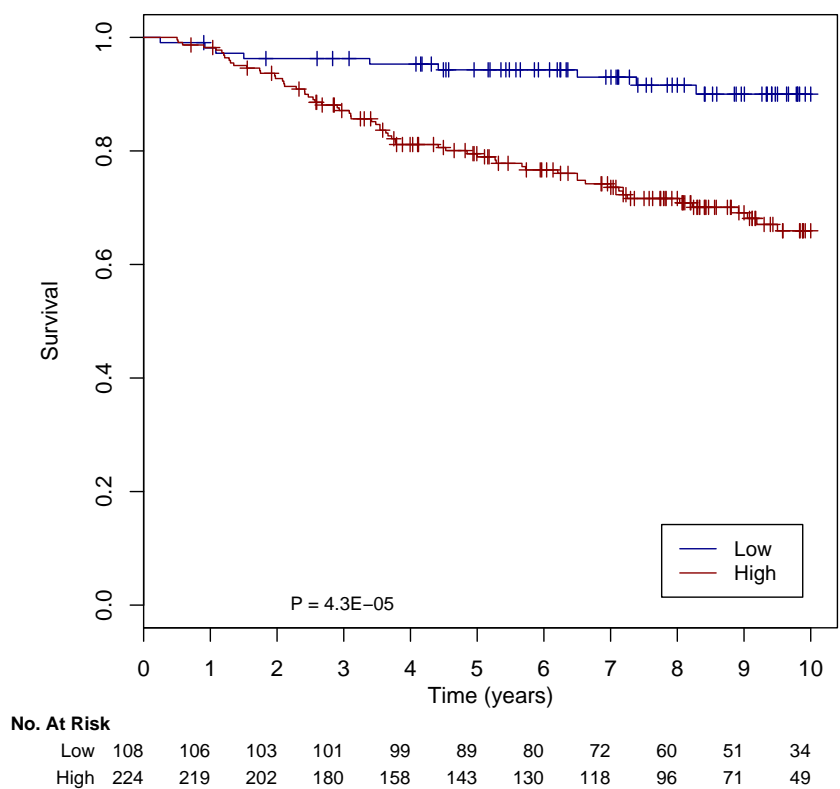
**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 2.65E-06, a concordance index of 0.754 95CI[0.66,0.848] (p-value of 6.18E-08) and an integrated Brier score of 0.178. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.87	[0.81,0.94]	0.82	[0.75,0.90]	0.81	[0.73,0.89]
High	0.68	[0.62,0.75]	0.59	[0.52,0.66]	0.53	[0.46,0.61]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 2.32E-04, a concordance index of 0.657 95CI[0.594,0.719] (p-value of 4.85E-07) and an integrated Brier score of 0.148.

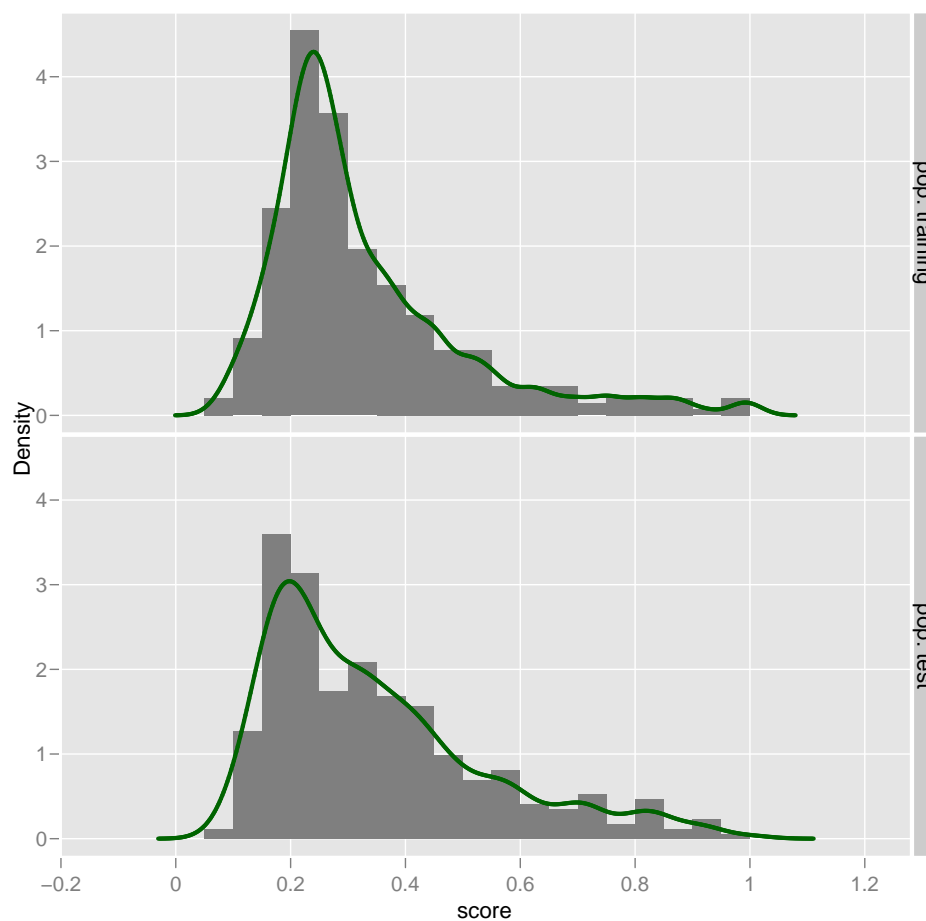
**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 2.13E-05, a concordance index of 0.789 95CI[0.668,0.91] (p-value of 1.42E-06) and an integrated Brier score of 0.136. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.96	[0.93,1.00]	0.94	[0.90,0.99]	0.90	[0.84,0.97]
High	0.87	[0.82,0.91]	0.79	[0.74,0.85]	0.66	[0.59,0.74]

### 1.19 GENE76

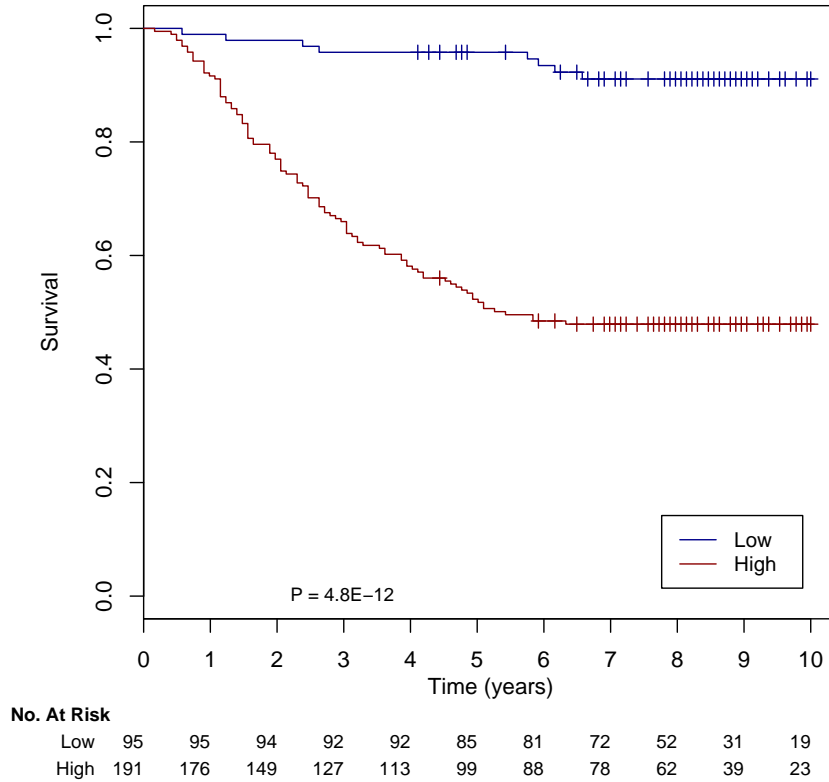
The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of  $2.63\text{E-}14$ , a concordance index of 0.754 95CI[0.713,0.795] (p-value of  $2.22\text{E-}34$ ) and an integrated Brier score of 0.158.

**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of  $1.21\text{E-}14$ , a concordance index of 0.903 95CI[0.838,0.969] (p-value of  $4.23\text{E-}34$ ) and an integrated Brier score of 0.16. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :

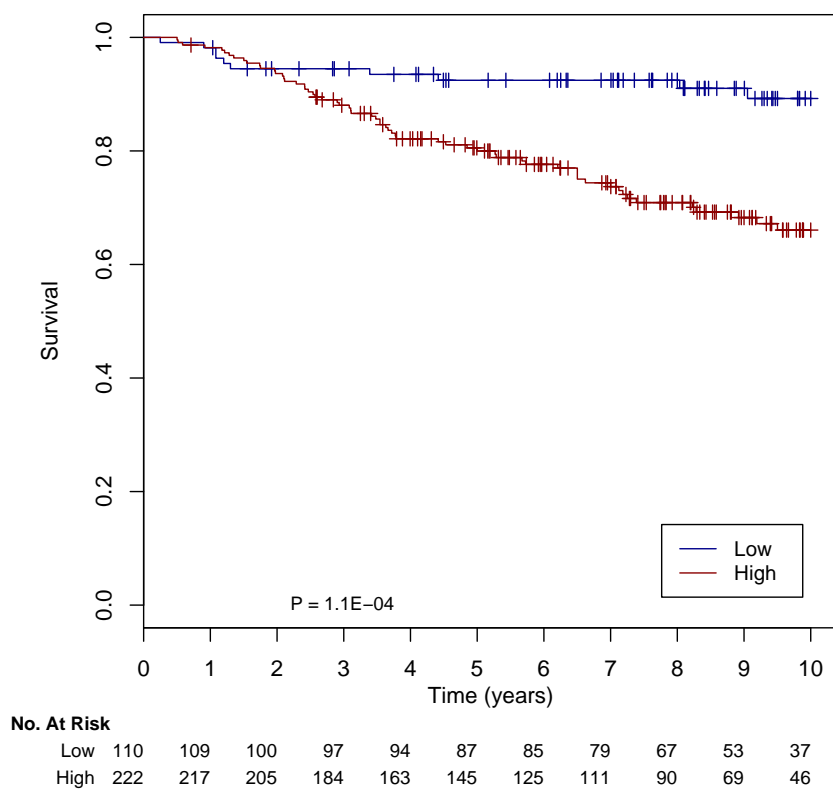




	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.96	[0.92,1.00]	0.96	[0.92,1.00]	0.91	[0.85,0.97]
High	0.64	[0.57,0.71]	0.52	[0.45,0.59]	0.48	[0.41,0.56]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 7.23E-06, a concordance index of 0.667 95CI[0.607,0.727] (p-value of 2.94E-08) and an integrated Brier score of 0.149.

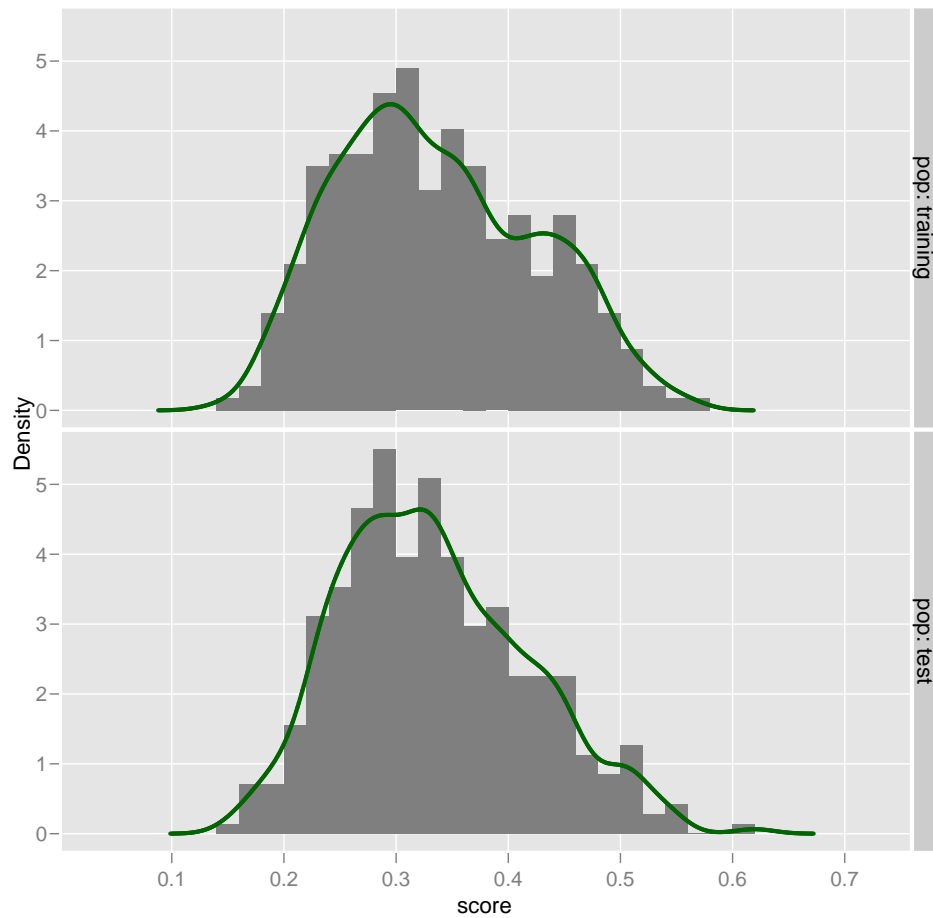
**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 2.71E-05, a concordance index of 0.754 95CI[0.624,0.884] (p-value of 6.38E-05) and an integrated Brier score of 0.145. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.94	[0.90,0.99]	0.92	[0.88,0.98]	0.89	[0.83,0.96]
High	0.88	[0.83,0.92]	0.80	[0.75,0.86]	0.66	[0.59,0.74]

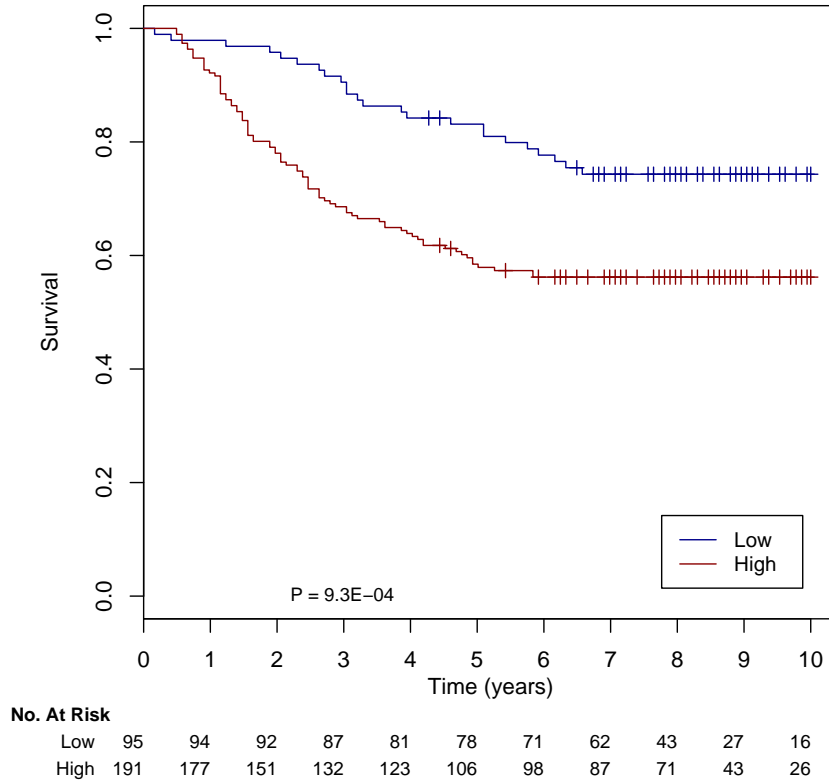
## 1.20 GGI

The following figure shows the distribution of the ggi :



**Risk Score** On TRAINING, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.44E-03, a concordance index of 0.613 95CI[0.559,0.667] (p-value of 2.15E-05) and an integrated Brier score of 0.183.

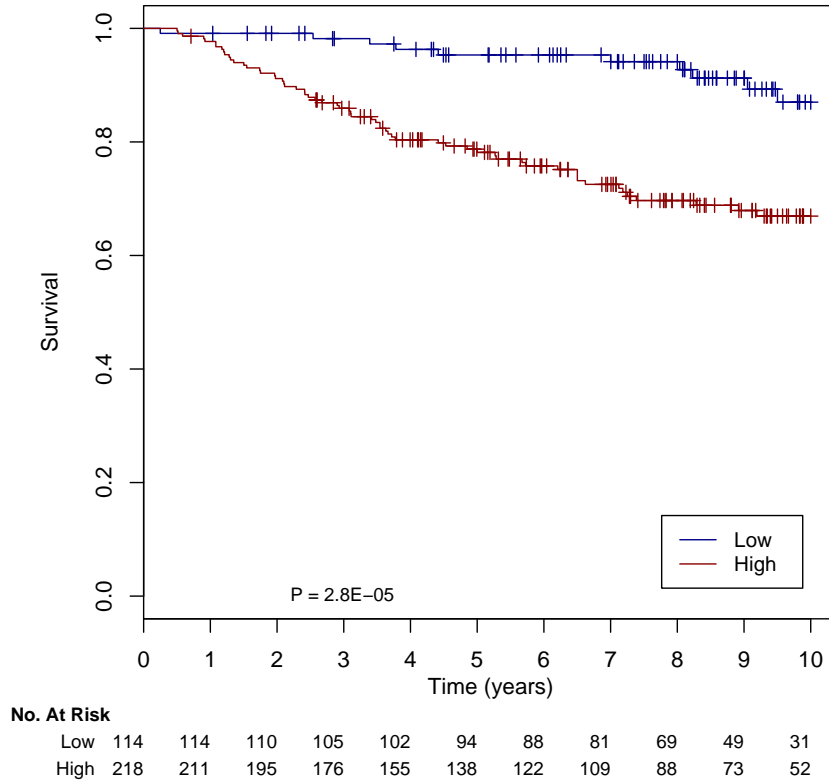
**Risk Group** On TRAINING, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 5.72E-04, a concordance index of 0.706 95CI[0.611,0.8] (p-value of 9.82E-06) and an integrated Brier score of 0.181. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :



	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.88	[0.82,0.95]	0.81	[0.73,0.89]	0.74	[0.66,0.84]
High	0.68	[0.61,0.75]	0.58	[0.51,0.65]	0.56	[0.50,0.64]

**Risk Score** On TEST, the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 1.65E-09, a concordance index of 0.718 95CI[0.663,0.774] (p-value of 5.91E-15) and an integrated Brier score of 0.13.

**Risk Group** On TEST, the binary classification computed from the risk score exhibits a Cox p-value of 2.51E-06, a concordance index of 0.824 95CI[0.722,0.927] (p-value of 2.77E-10) and an integrated Brier score of 0.134. The following figure shows the Kaplan-Meier survival curves for the two groups :

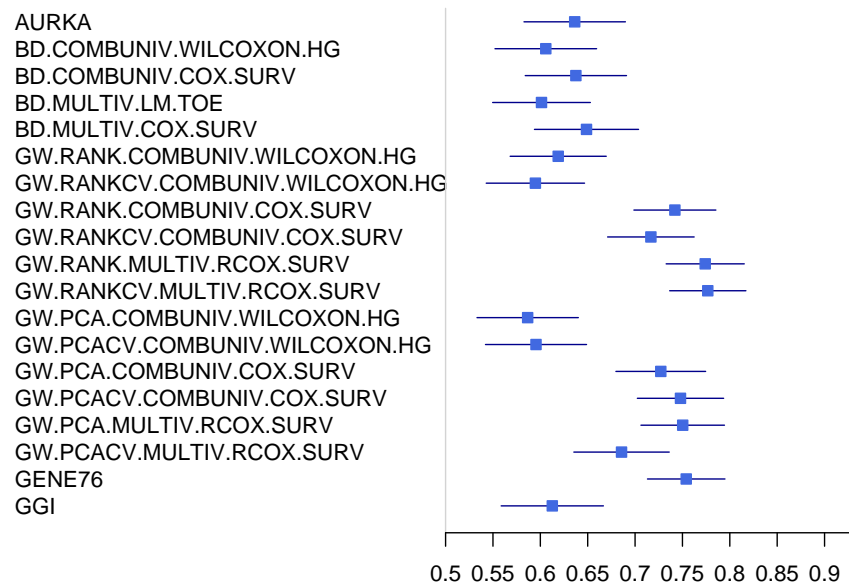


	3.years		5.years		10.years	
Low	0.97	[0.94,1.00]	0.95	[0.91,0.99]	0.87	[0.79,0.95]
High	0.86	[0.81,0.91]	0.78	[0.73,0.84]	0.67	[0.60,0.74]

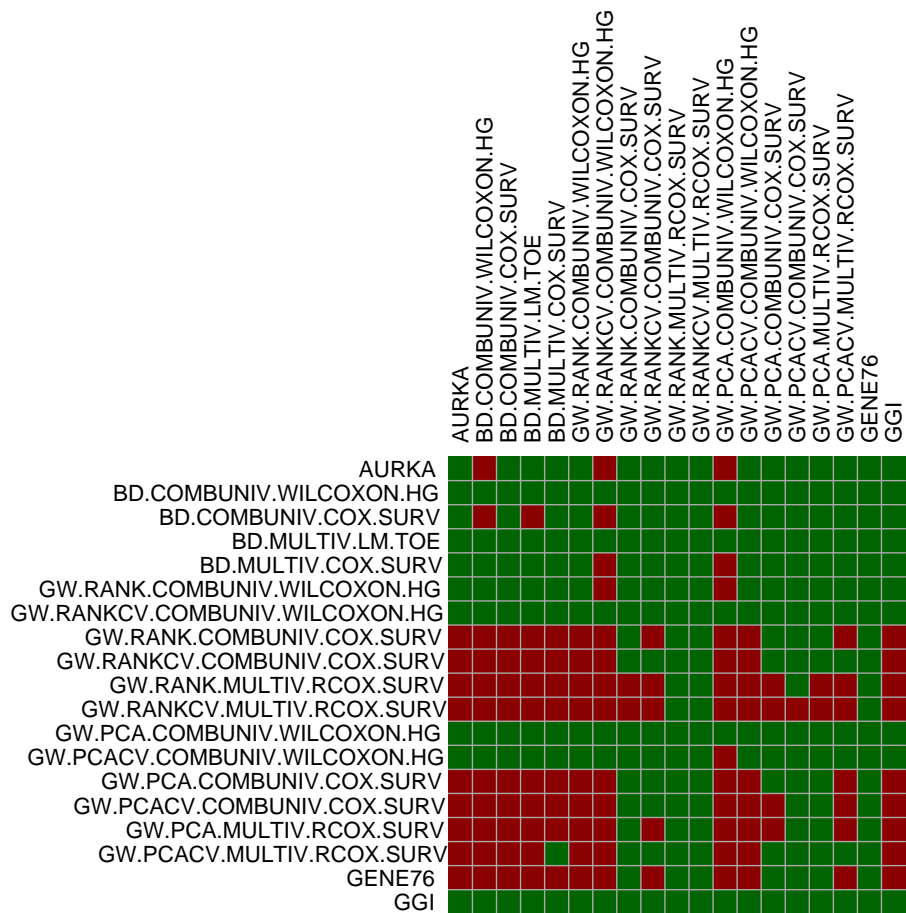
## 1.21 Model Comparison

### 1.21.1 Training Set

**Concordance Index for Risk Score** The following foresplot shows the concordance indices and their confidence interval for each method :



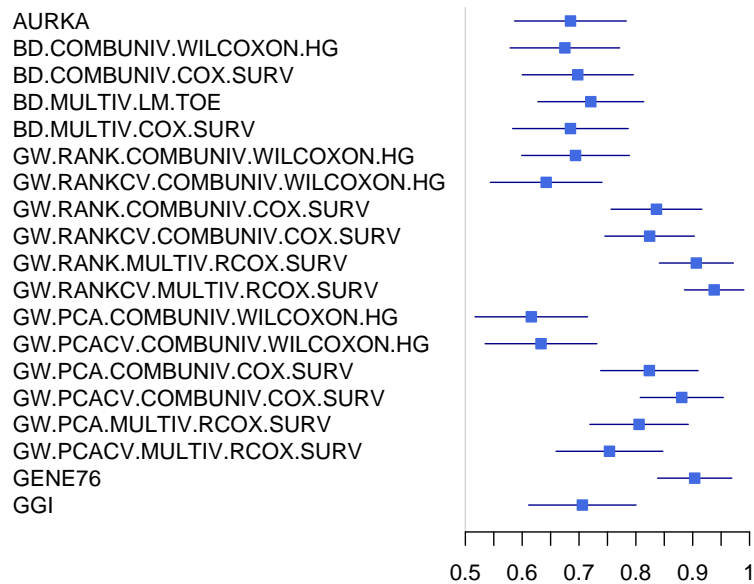
The following figure shows the pairwise comparison between the different methods. A red box represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value  $< 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column. A green box represents no significant superiority (Student t test p-value  $\geq 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column.



The following table shows the comparison between the different methods and AURKA. A text in bold represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value < 0.05) of the method in row against AURKA.

	concordance.index
AURKA	0.636
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.606
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.638
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.601
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.649
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.619
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.595
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.742</b>
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.717</b>
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.774</b>
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.777</b>
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.587
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.595
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.727</b>
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.748</b>
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.75</b>
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.686</b>
GENE76	<b>0.754</b>
GGI	0.613

**Concordance Index for Risk Group** The following foresplot shows the concordance indices and their confidence interval for each method :



The following figure shows the pairwise comparison between the different methods. A red box represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value < 0.05) of the method in row against the method in column. A green box represents no significant superiority (Student t test p-value >= 0.05) of the method in row against the method in column.

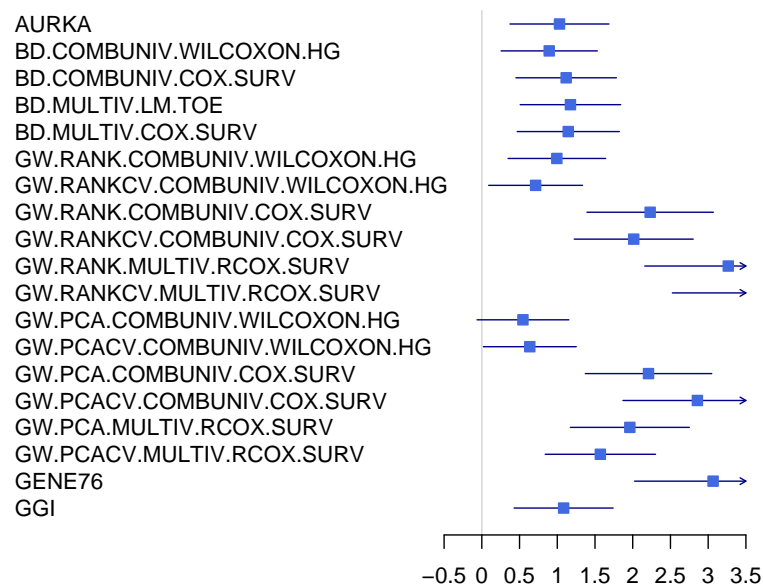


	AURKA	
	BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	
	BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	
	BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	
	BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	
	GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	
	GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	
	GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	
	GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	
	GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	
	GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	
	GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	
	GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	
	GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	
	GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	
	GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	
	GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	
	GENE76	
	GGI	
AURKA		
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG		
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV		
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE		
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV		
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG		
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG		
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV		
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV		
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV		
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV		
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG		
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG		
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV		
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV		
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV		
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV		
GENE76		
GGI		

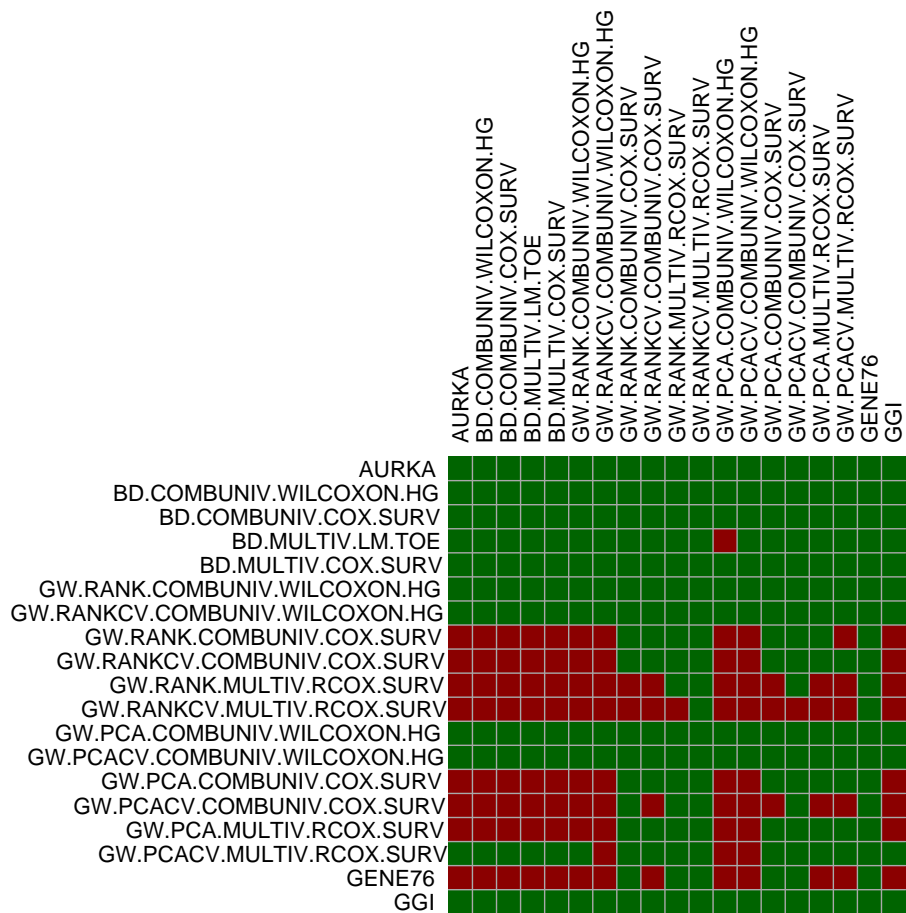
The following table shows the comparison between the different methods and AURKA. A text in bold represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value < 0.05) of the method in row against AURKA.

	concordance.index
AURKA	0.685
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.675
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.698
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.721
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.685
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.694
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.642
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.836</b>
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.824</b>
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.906</b>
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.938</b>
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.616
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.633
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.824</b>
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.881</b>
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.806</b>
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.754
GENE76	<b>0.903</b>
GGI	0.706

**Hazard Ratio for Risk Group** The following foresplot shows the hazard ratios and their confidence interval for each method :



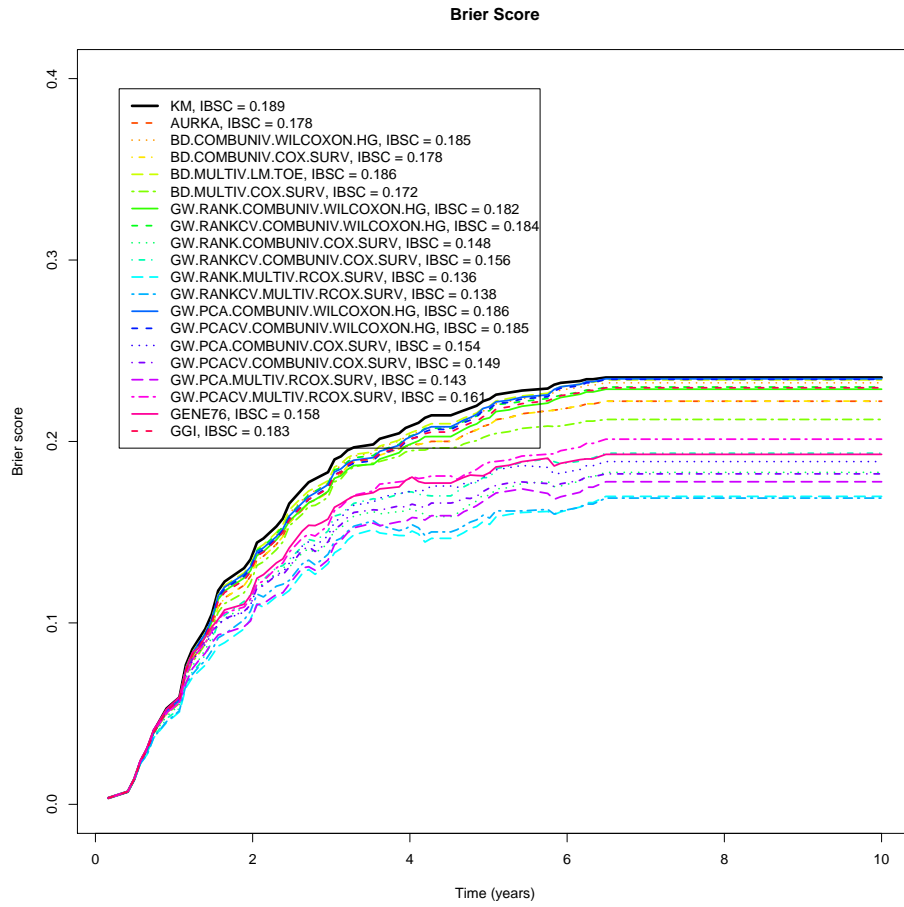
The following figure shows the pairwise comparison between the different methods. A red box represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value < 0.05) of the method in row against the method in column. A green box represents no significant superiority (Student t test p-value  $\geq 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column.



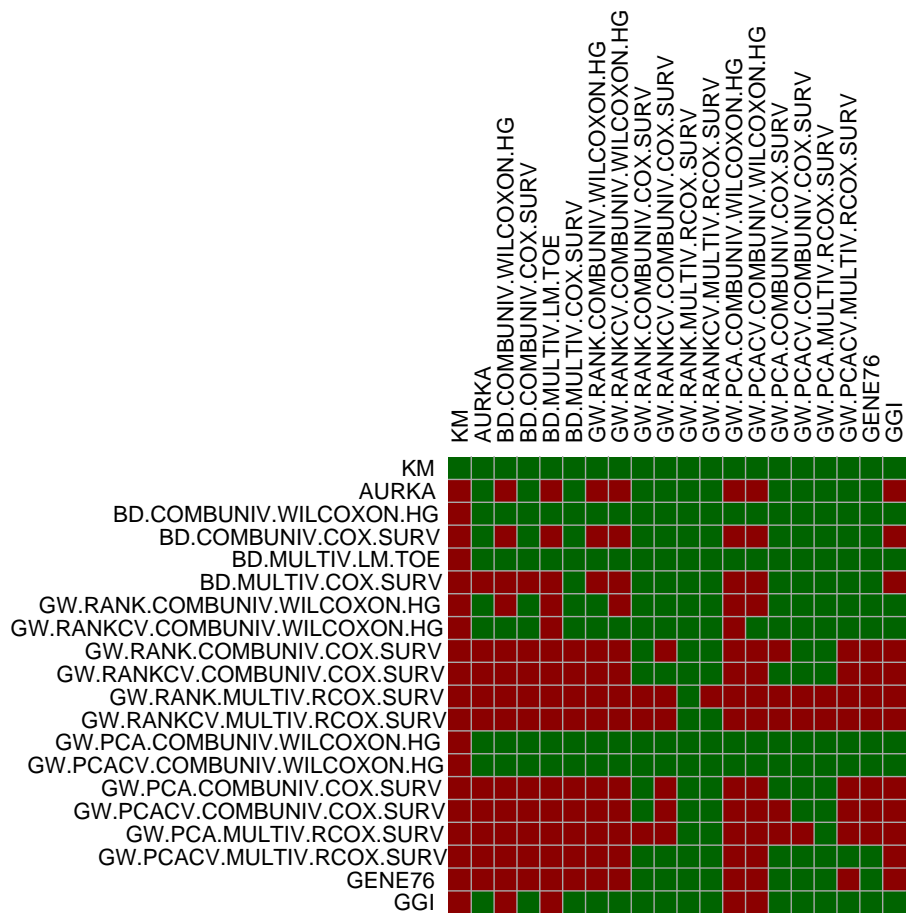
The following table shows the comparison between the different methods and AURKA. A text in bold represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value < 0.05) of the method in row against AURKA.

	HR
AURKA	2.04
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	1.86
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	2.17
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	2.26
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	2.21
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	1.99
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	1.64
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>4.69</b>
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>4.04</b>
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>9.62</b>
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>14.1</b>
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	1.46
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	1.55
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>4.62</b>
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>7.25</b>
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>3.9</b>
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	2.97
GENE76	<b>8.37</b>
GGI	2.12

**Brier Score for Risk Score** The following figure shows the Brier score w.r.t. the time for each method :



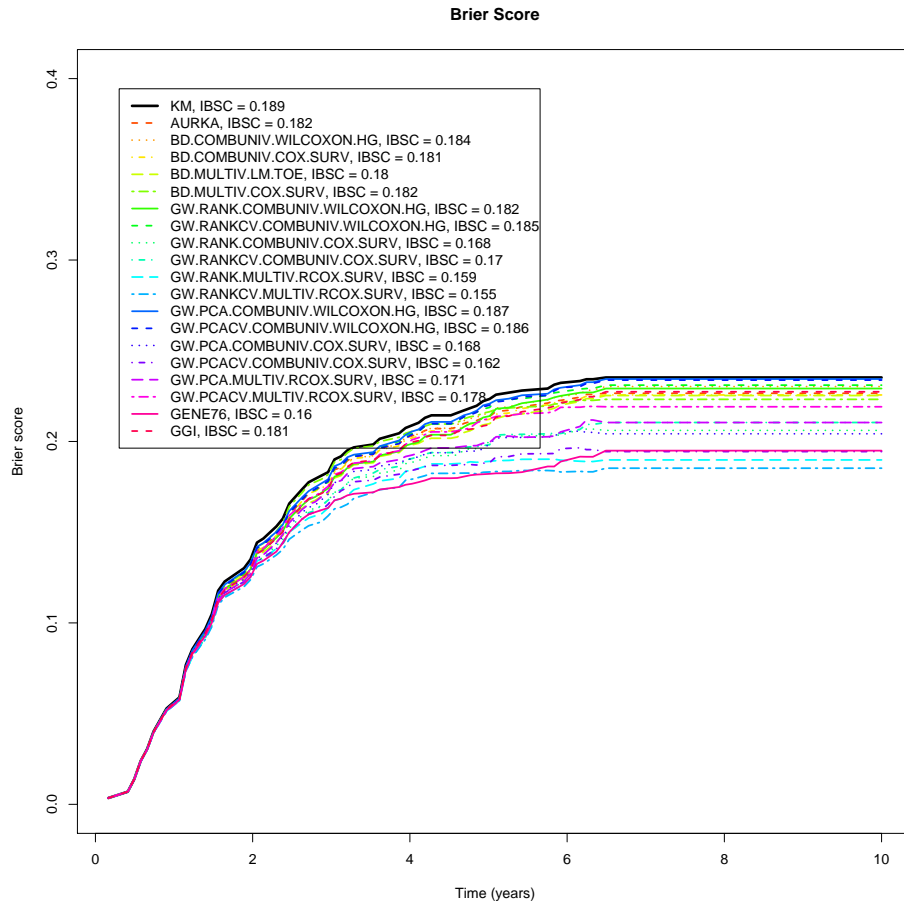
The following figure shows the pairwise comparison between the different methods. A red box represents a significant superiority (paired Wilcoxon rank sum test p-value  $< 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column. A green box represents no significant superiority (paired Wilcoxon rank sum test p-value  $\geq 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column.



The following table shows the comparison between the different methods and AURKA. A text in bold represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value < 0.05) of the method in row against AURKA.

	IBSC
KM	0.189
AURKA	<b>0.178</b>
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.185
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.178
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.186
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.172</b>
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.182
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.184
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.148</b>
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.156</b>
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.136</b>
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.138</b>
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.186
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.185
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.154</b>
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.149</b>
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.143</b>
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.161</b>
GENE76	<b>0.158</b>
GGI	0.183

**Brier Score for Risk Group** The following figure shows the Brier score w.r.t. the time for each method :



The following figure shows the pairwise comparison between the different methods. A red box represents a significant superiority (paired Wilcoxon rank sum test  $p$ -value  $< 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column. A green box represents no significant superiority (paired Wilcoxon rank sum test  $p$ -value  $\geq 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column.

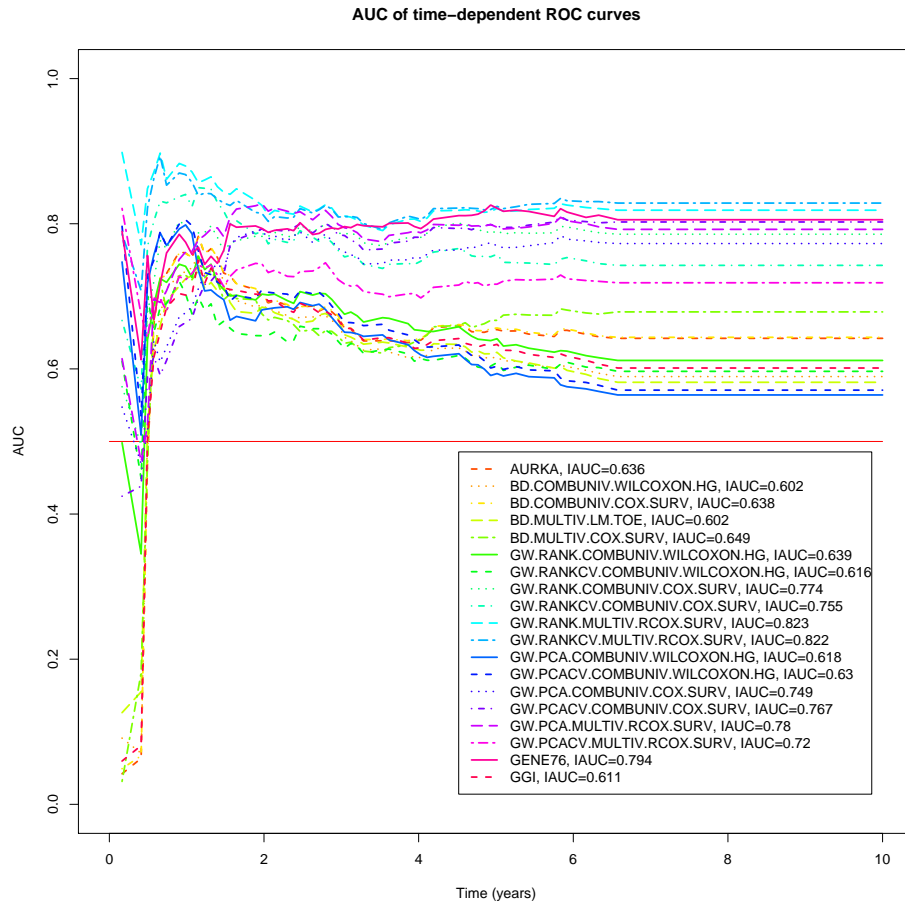


[illegible]

The following table shows the comparison between the different methods and AURKA. A text in bold represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value  $< 0.05$ ) of the method in row against AURKA.

	IBSC
KM	0.189
AURKA	<b>0.182</b>
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.184
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.181
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	<b>0.18</b>
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.182
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.182
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.185
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.168</b>
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.17</b>
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.159</b>
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.155</b>
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.187
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.186
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.168</b>
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.162</b>
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.171</b>
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.178</b>
GENE76	<b>0.16</b>
GGI	0.181

**Time-Dependent ROC Curves for Risk Score** The following figure shows the evolution of the AUC of the time-dependent ROC curves with respect to the time for each method :



The following figure shows the pairwise comparison between the different methods. A red box represents a significant superiority (paired Wilcoxon rank sum test p-value  $< 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column. A green box represents no significant superiority (paired Wilcoxon rank sum test p-value  $\geq 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column.

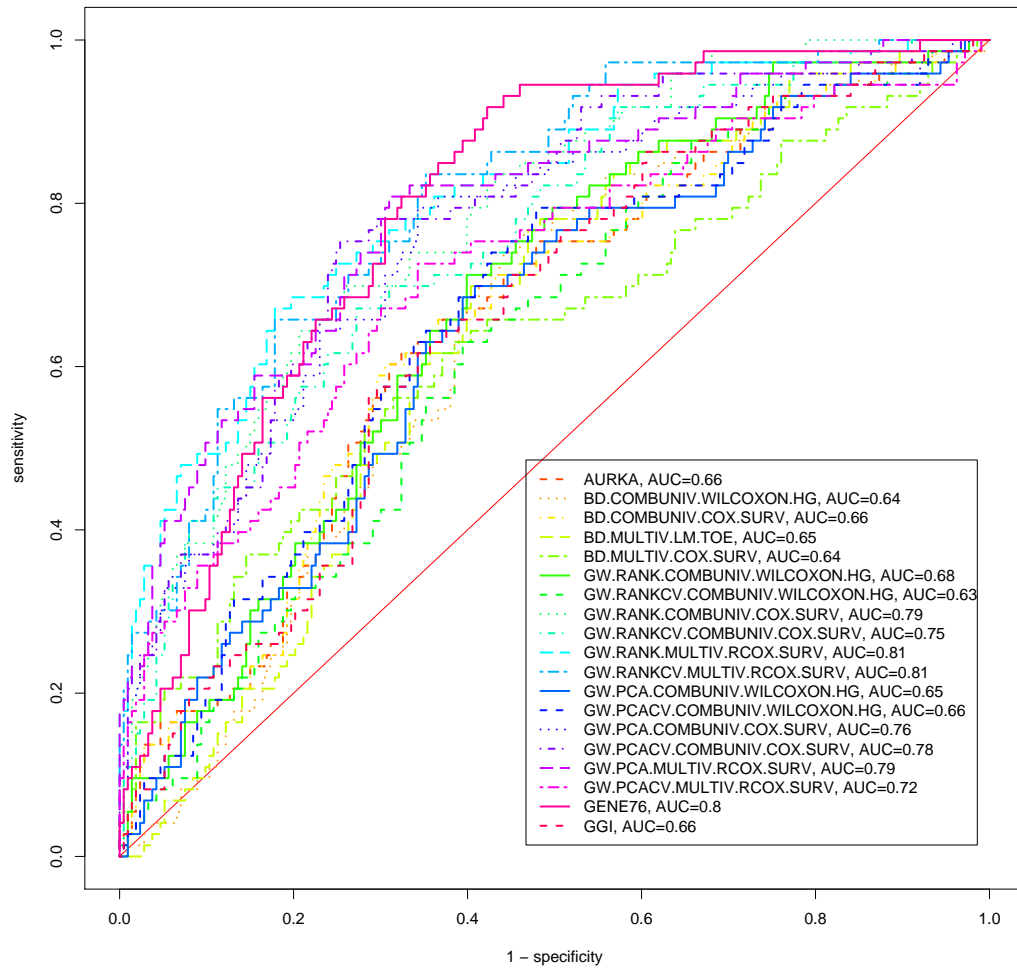
	AURKA	BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	GENE76	GGI
AURKA																			
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE																			
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV																			
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV																			
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV																			
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV																			
GENE76																			
GGI																			

The following table shows the comparison between the different methods and AURKA. A text in bold represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value < 0.05) of the method in row against AURKA.

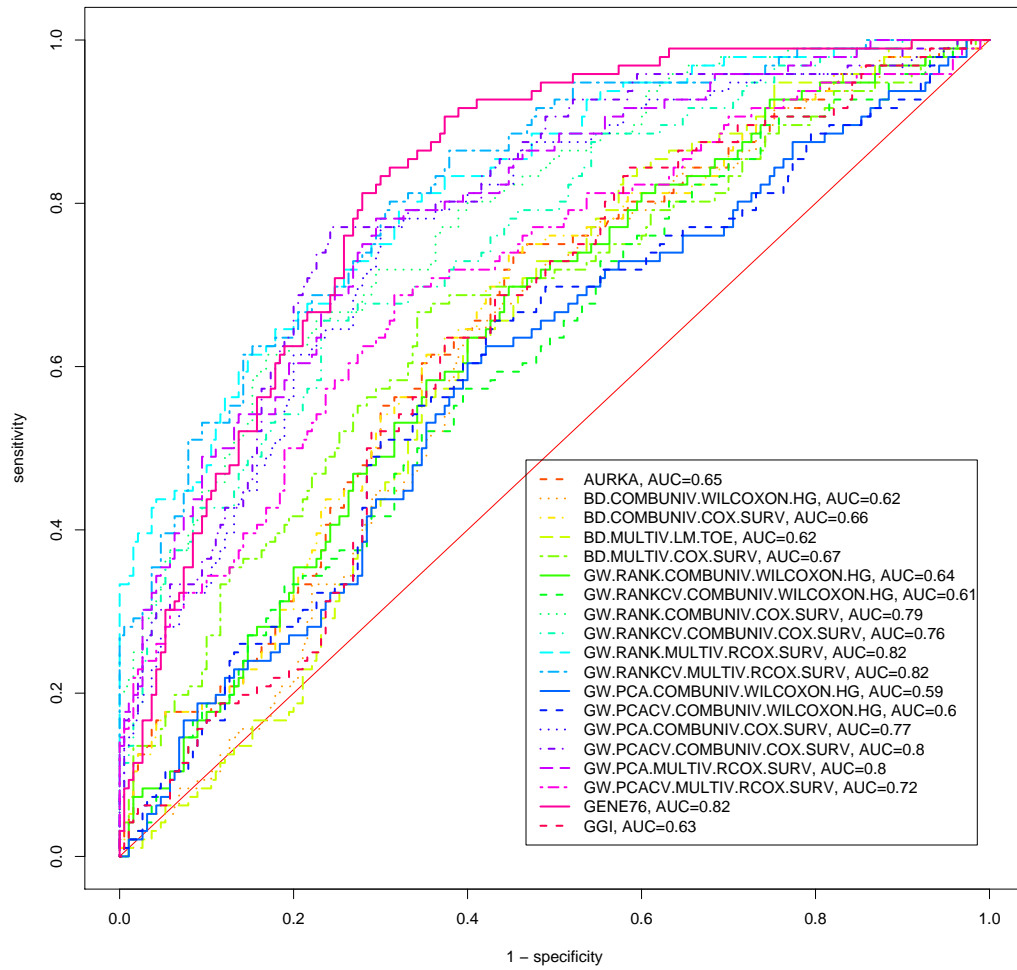
	IAUC
AURKA	0.636
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.602
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.638
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.602
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.649
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.639
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.616
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.774</b>
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.755</b>
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.823</b>
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.822</b>
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.618
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.63
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.749</b>
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	<b>0.767</b>
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.78</b>
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	<b>0.72</b>
GENE76	<b>0.794</b>
GGI	0.611

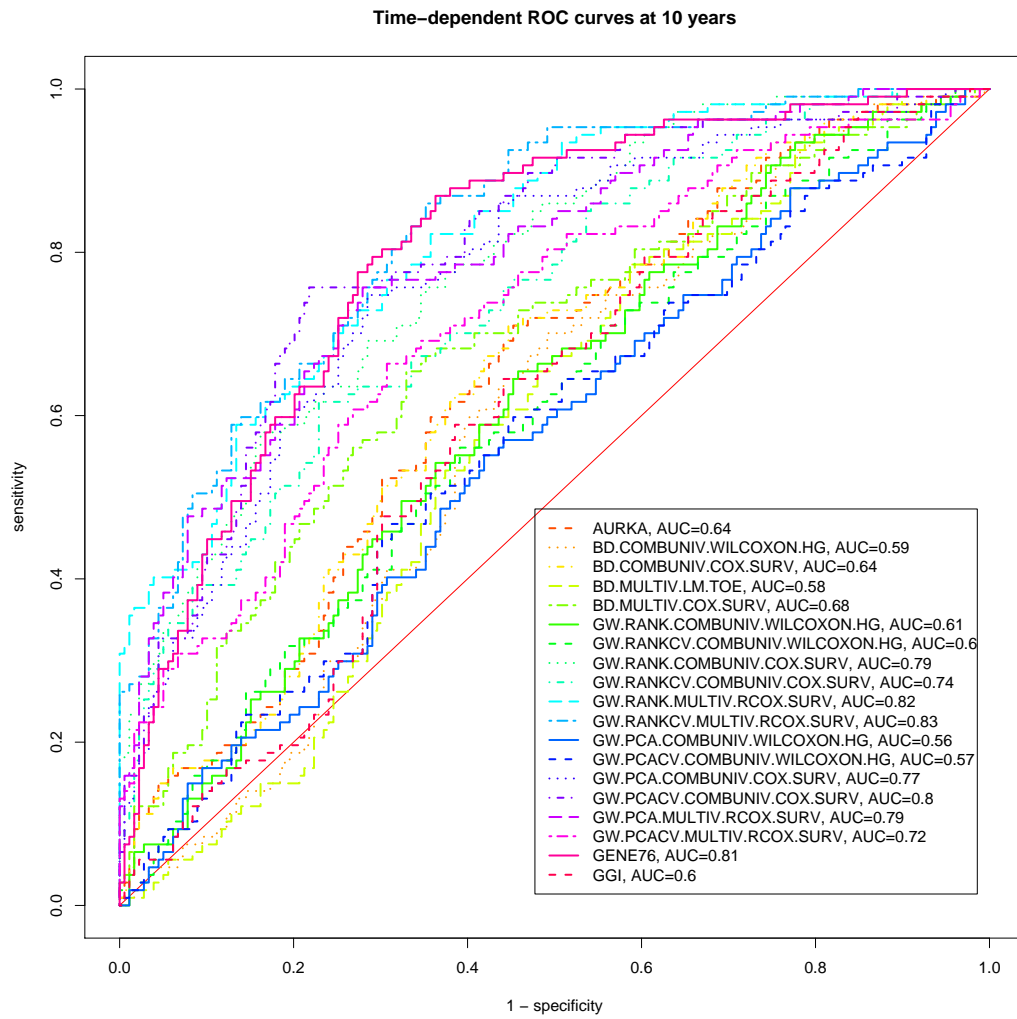
The following figure shows the time-dependent ROC curves and their corresponding AUC for each method :

Time-dependent ROC curves at 3 years



Time-dependent ROC curves at 5 years





The following table shows the specificity for a given sensitivity of 90% at some points in time:



	years.3	years.5	years.10
AURKA	0.249	0.253	0.263
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.263	0.247	0.246
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.272	0.268	0.279
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.263	0.268	0.223
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.174	0.205	0.257
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.315	0.258	0.251
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.258	0.242	0.184
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.432	0.400	0.419
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.437	0.353	0.369
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.432	0.468	0.497
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.488	0.526	0.553
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.258	0.147	0.151
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.249	0.147	0.134
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.385	0.421	0.436
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.469	0.511	0.503
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.380	0.442	0.402
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.296	0.300	0.313
GENE76	0.582	0.626	0.536
GGI	0.277	0.258	0.201

The following table shows the sensitivity of the methods in leaving 33% of the patients in the low-risk group at some points in time:

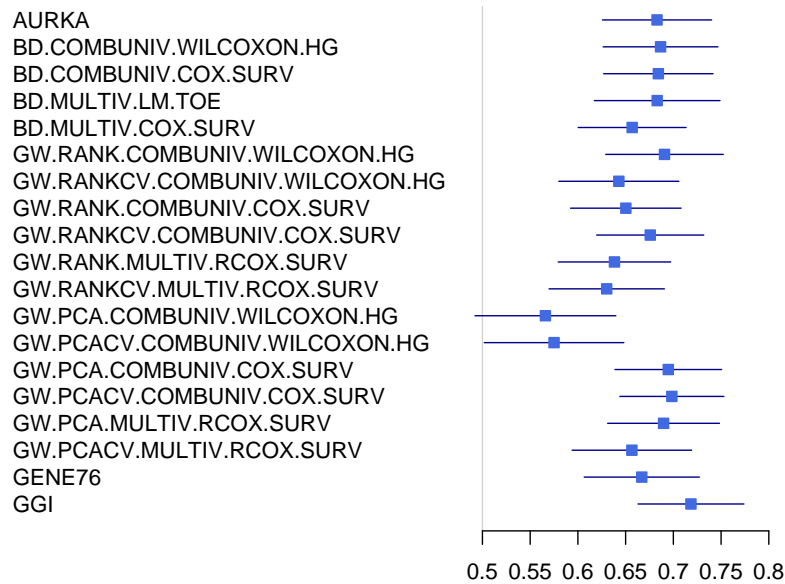
	years.3	years.5	years.10
AURKA	0.808	0.802	0.785
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.836	0.792	0.757
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.822	0.813	0.785
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.863	0.833	0.785
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.767	0.792	0.804
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.863	0.813	0.776
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.808	0.760	0.738
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.918	0.885	0.879
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.918	0.885	0.860
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.945	0.927	0.935
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.973	0.948	0.953
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.795	0.740	0.720
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.808	0.760	0.738
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.877	0.885	0.879
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.932	0.927	0.916
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.890	0.896	0.869
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.836	0.823	0.832
GENE76	0.945	0.958	0.925
GGI	0.863	0.844	0.785

The following table shows the specificity of the methods in leaving 33% of the patients in the low-risk group at some points in time:

	years.3	years.5	years.10
AURKA	0.371	0.389	0.391
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.385	0.389	0.380
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.380	0.400	0.397
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.394	0.411	0.397
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.362	0.389	0.408
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.394	0.400	0.391
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.376	0.374	0.369
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.413	0.437	0.453
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.413	0.437	0.441
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.423	0.458	0.486
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.432	0.468	0.497
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.371	0.363	0.358
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.376	0.374	0.369
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.399	0.437	0.453
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.418	0.458	0.475
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.404	0.442	0.447
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.385	0.405	0.425
GENE76	0.423	0.474	0.480
GGI	0.394	0.416	0.397

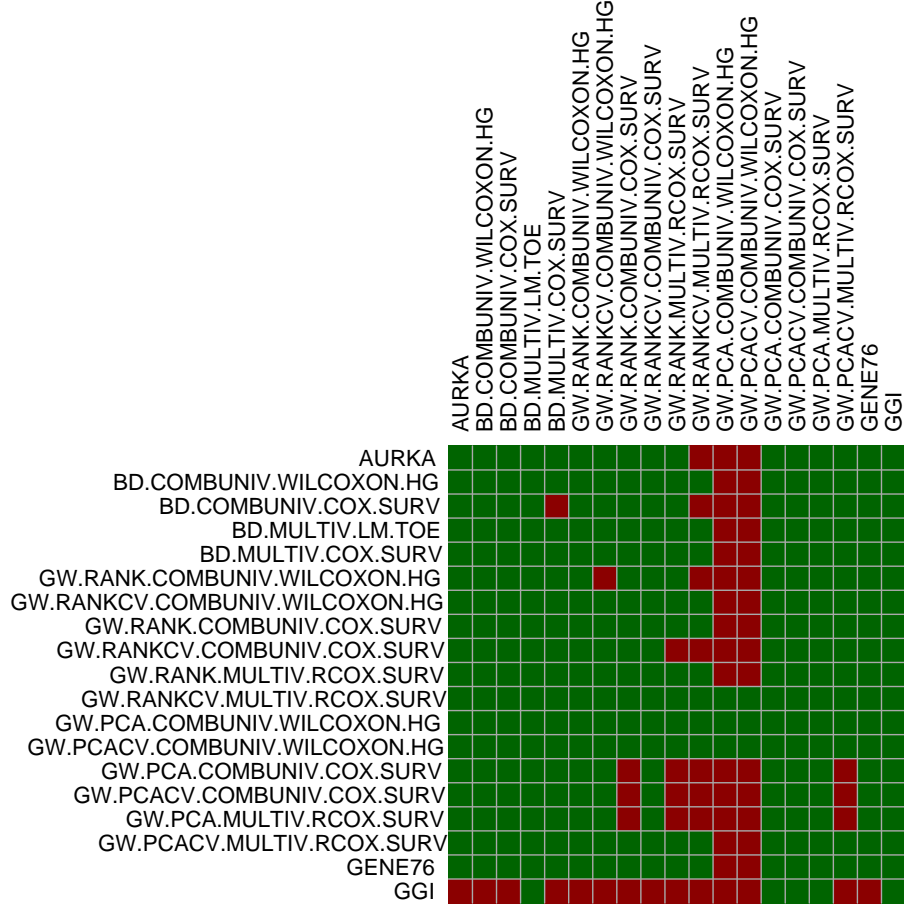
### 1.21.2 Test Set

**Concordance Index for Risk Score** The following foresplot shows the concordance indices and their confidence interval for each method :



The following figure shows the pairwise comparison between the different methods. A red box represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value < 0.05) of the method in row

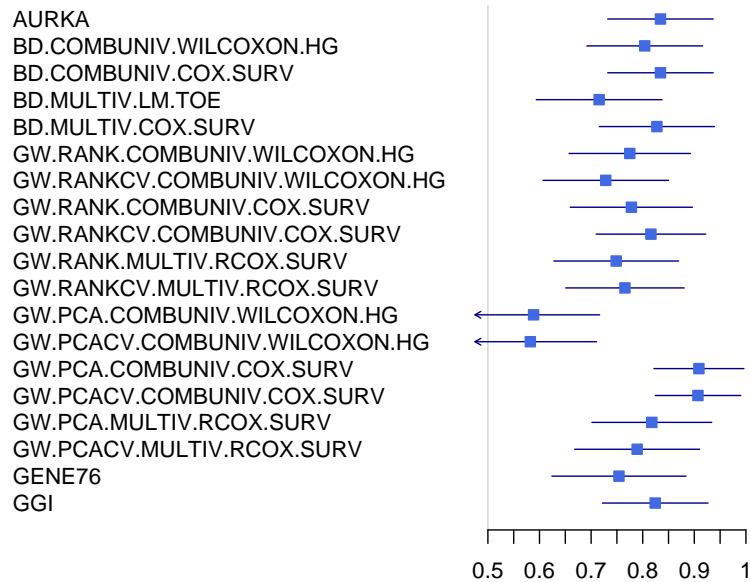
against the method in column. A green box represents no significant superiority (Student t test p-value  $\geq 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column.



The following table shows the comparison between the different methods and AURKA. A text in bold represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value  $< 0.05$ ) of the method in row against AURKA.

	concordance.index
AURKA	0.683
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.687
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.684
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.683
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.657
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.691
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.643
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.65
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.676
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.638
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.63
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.566
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.575
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.695
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.698
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.69
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.657
GENE76	0.667
GGI	<b>0.718</b>

**Concordance Index for Risk Group** The following foresplot shows the concordance indices and their confidence interval for each method :



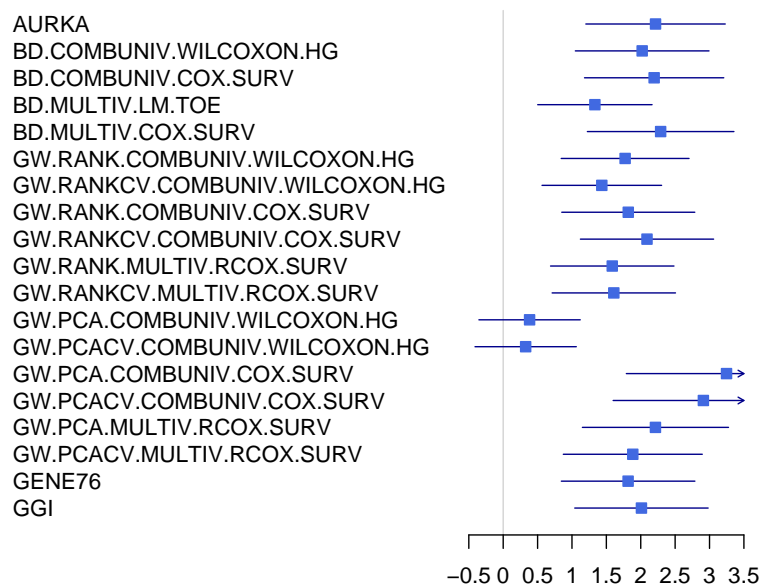
The following figure shows the pairwise comparison between the different methods. A red box represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value < 0.05) of the method in row against the method in column. A green box represents no significant superiority (Student t test p-value >= 0.05) of the method in row against the method in column.

	AURKA	BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	GENE76	GGI
AURKA																			
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE																			
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV																			
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV																			
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV																			
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV																			
GENE76																			
GGI																			

The following table shows the comparison between the different methods and AURKA. A text in bold represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value < 0.05) of the method in row against AURKA.

	concordance.index
AURKA	0.834
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.804
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.834
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.716
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.828
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.775
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.728
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.778
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.816
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.749
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.766
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.589
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.582
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.909
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.907
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.818
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.789
GENE76	0.754
GGI	0.824

**Hazard Ratio for Risk Group** The following foresplot shows the hazard ratios and their confidence interval for each method :



The following figure shows the pairwise comparison between the different methods. A red box represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value < 0.05) of the method in row against the method in column. A green box represents no significant superiority (Student t test p-value >= 0.05) of the method in row against the method in column.

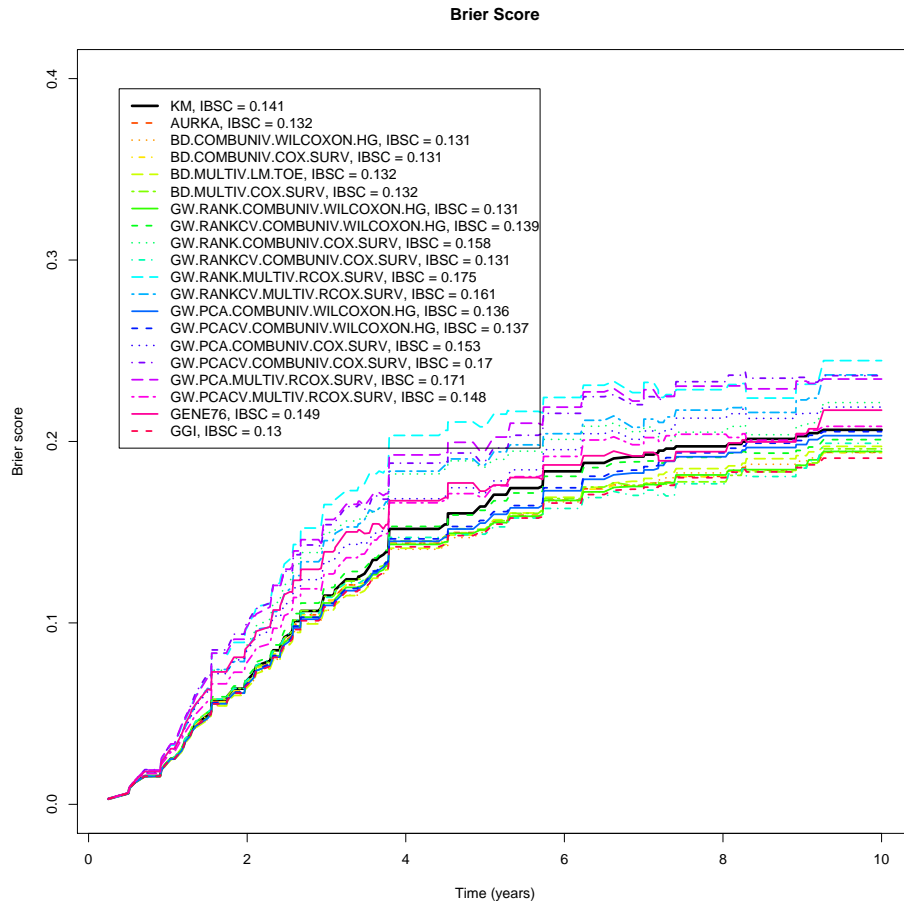
	AURKA	BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	GENE76	GGI
AURKA																			
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE																			
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV																			
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV																			
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG																			
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV																			
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV																			
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV																			
GENE76																			
GGI																			

The following table shows the comparison between the different methods and AURKA. A text in bold represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value < 0.05) of the method in row against AURKA.

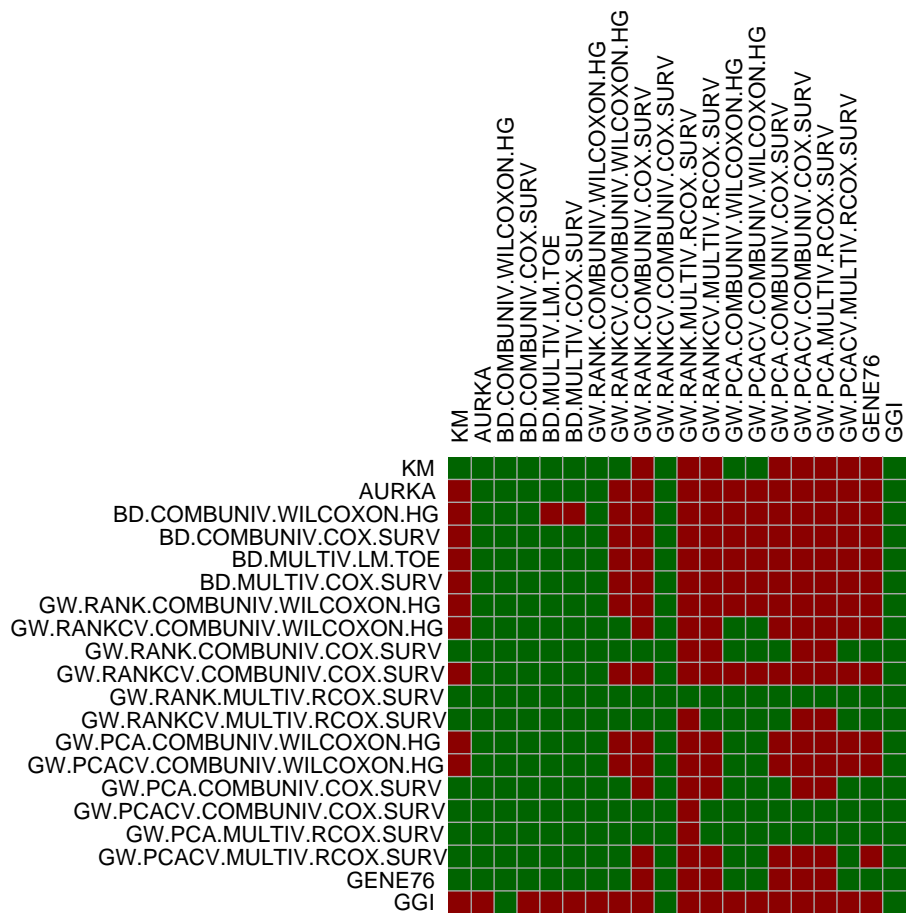
	HR
AURKA	4.64
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	4.06
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	4.58
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	2.52
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	4.89
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	3.42
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	2.7
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	3.53
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	4.26
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	3
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	3.05
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	1.3
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	1.25
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	9.5
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	7.52
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	4.64
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	3.69
GENE76	3.52
GGI	4.03

**Brier Score for Risk Score** The following figure shows the Brier score w.r.t. the time for each method :





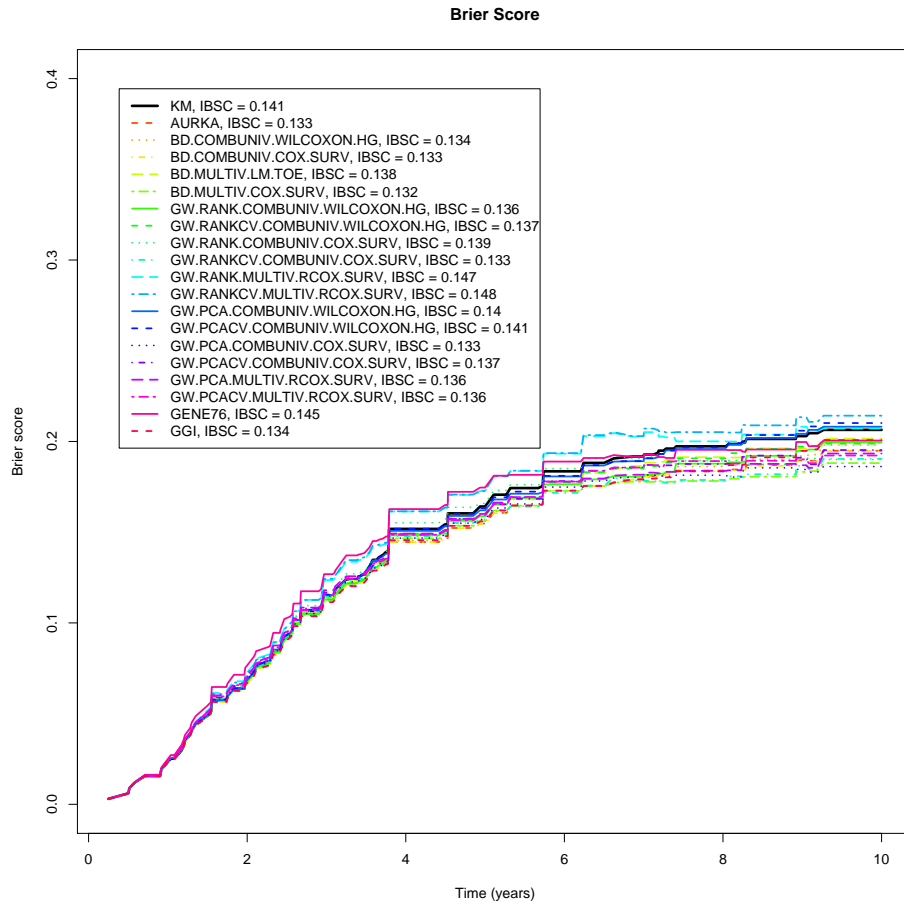
The following figure shows the pairwise comparison between the different methods. A red box represents a significant superiority (paired Wilcoxon rank sum test  $p$ -value  $< 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column. A green box represents no significant superiority (paired Wilcoxon rank sum test  $p$ -value  $\geq 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column.



The following table shows the comparison between the different methods and AURKA. A text in bold represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value < 0.05) of the method in row against AURKA.

	IBSC
KM	0.141
AURKA	<b>0.132</b>
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.131
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.131
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.132
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.132
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.131
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.139
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.158
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.131
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.175
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.161
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.136
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.137
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.153
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.17
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.171
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.148
GENE76	0.149
GGI	<b>0.13</b>

**Brier Score for Risk Group** The following figure shows the Brier score w.r.t. the time for each method :

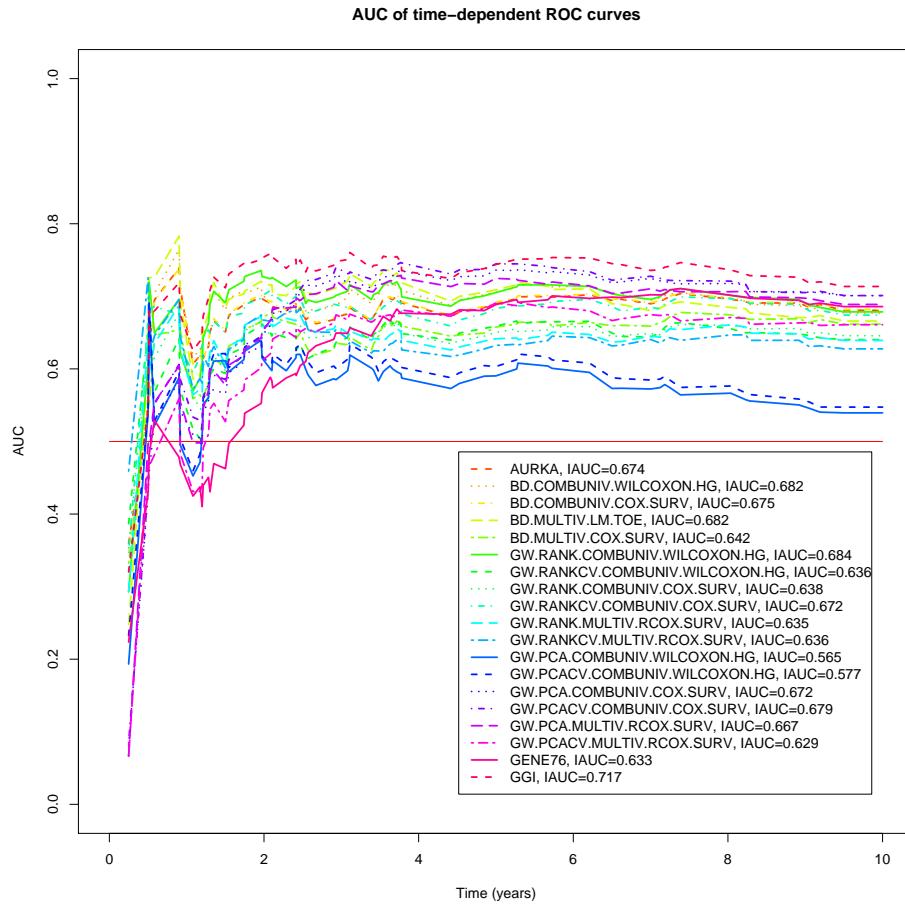


The following figure shows the pairwise comparison between the different methods. A red box represents a significant superiority (paired Wilcoxon rank sum test p-value  $< 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column. A green box represents no significant superiority (paired Wilcoxon rank sum test p-value  $\geq 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column.



	IBSC
KM	0.141
AURKA	<b>0.133</b>
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.134
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.133
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.138
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.132
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.136
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.137
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.139
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.133
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.147
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.148
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.14
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.141
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.133
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.137
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.136
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.136
GENE76	0.145
GGI	0.134

**Time-Dependent ROC Curves for Risk Score** The following figure shows the evolution of the AUC of the time-dependent ROC curves with respect to the time for each method :



The following figure shows the pairwise comparison between the different methods. A red box represents a significant superiority (paired Wilcoxon rank sum test  $p$ -value  $< 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column. A green box represents no significant superiority (paired Wilcoxon rank sum test  $p$ -value  $\geq 0.05$ ) of the method in row against the method in column.

[illegible]

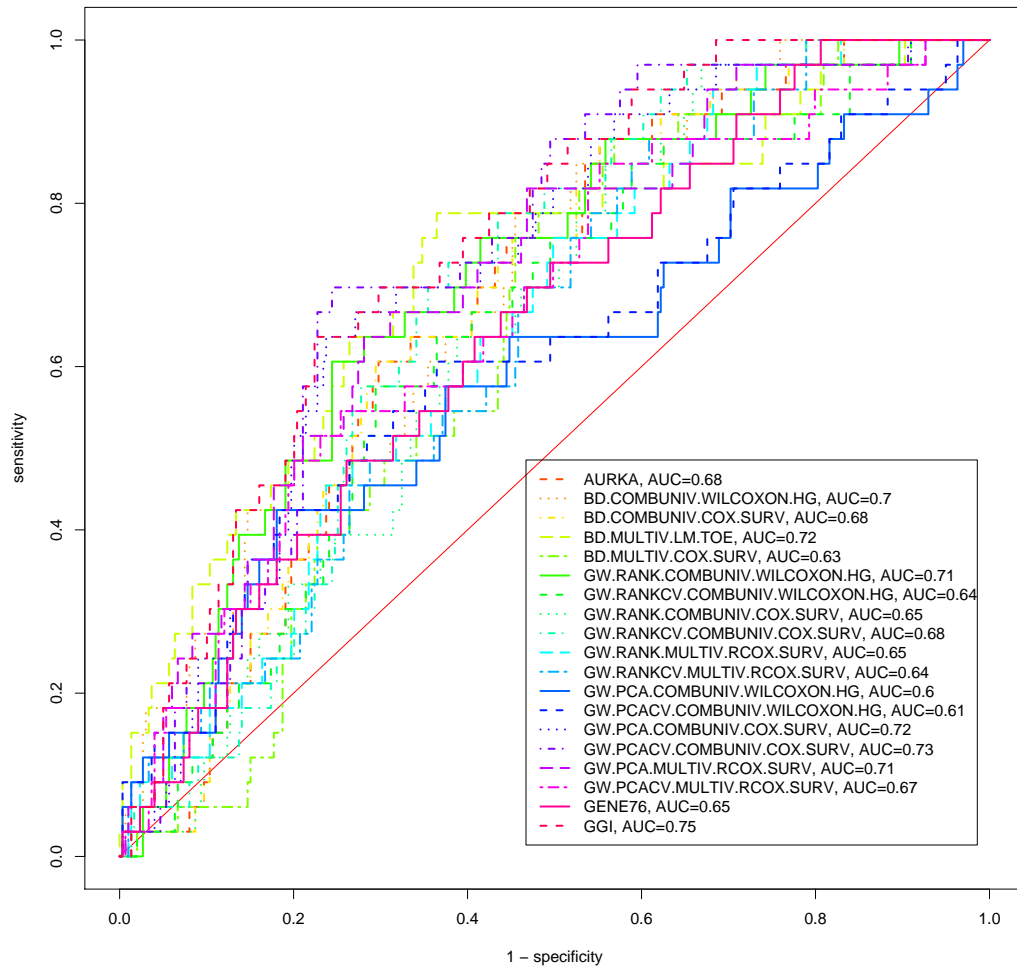
The following table shows the comparison between the different methods and AURKA. A text in bold represents a significant superiority (Student t test p-value  $< 0.05$ ) of the method in row against AURKA.



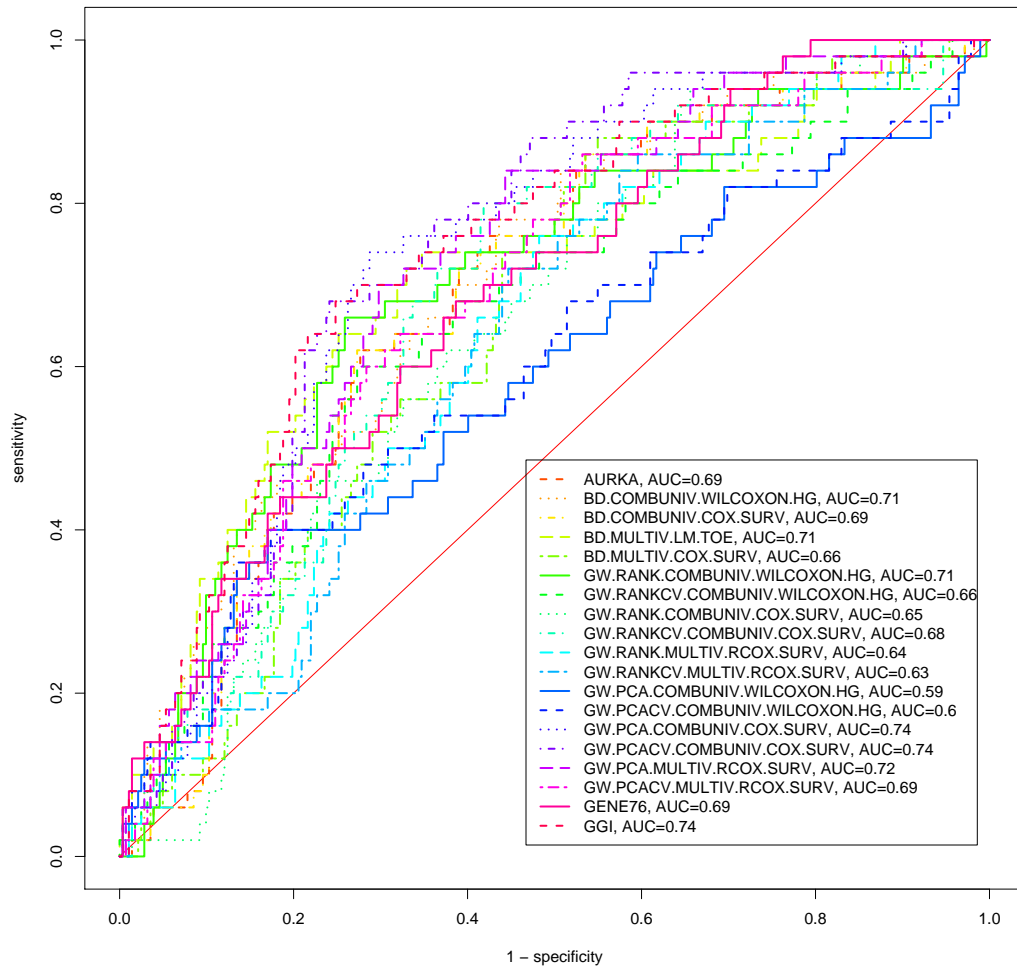
	IAUC
AURKA	0.674
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	<b>0.682</b>
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.675
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	<b>0.682</b>
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.642
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	<b>0.684</b>
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.636
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.638
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.672
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.635
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.636
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.565
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.577
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.672
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.679
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.667
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.629
GENE76	0.633
GGI	<b>0.717</b>

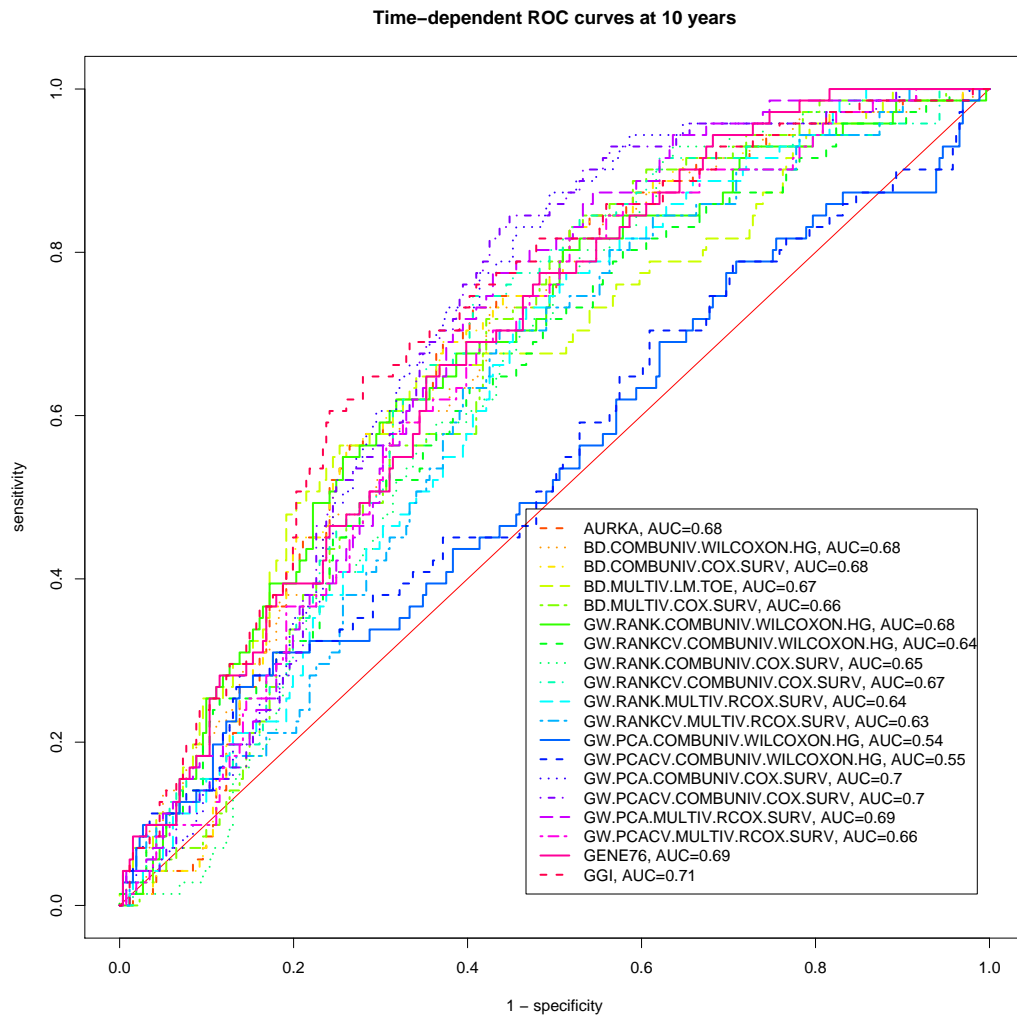
The following figure shows the time-dependent ROC curves and their corresponding AUC for each method :

Time-dependent ROC curves at 3 years



Time-dependent ROC curves at 5 years





The following table shows the specificity for a given sensitivity of 90% at some points in time:

	years.3	years.5	years.10
AURKA	0.388	0.394	0.341
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.348	0.362	0.345
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.378	0.394	0.364
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.258	0.220	0.238
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.358	0.372	0.395
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.314	0.277	0.295
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.224	0.206	0.234
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.351	0.362	0.383
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.398	0.390	0.387
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.324	0.326	0.284
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.271	0.277	0.291
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.167	0.067	0.061
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.171	0.110	0.107
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.431	0.450	0.452
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.465	0.486	0.467
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.328	0.358	0.379
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.207	0.319	0.333
GENE76	0.291	0.309	0.356
GGI	0.415	0.422	0.333

The following table shows the sensitivity of the methods in leaving 33% of the patients in the low-risk group at some points in time:

	years.3	years.5	years.10
AURKA	0.909	0.900	0.873
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.879	0.880	0.873
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.909	0.900	0.887
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.848	0.840	0.789
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.909	0.900	0.901
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.879	0.840	0.845
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.879	0.840	0.831
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.879	0.860	0.873
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.939	0.900	0.887
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.848	0.840	0.845
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.879	0.860	0.845
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.727	0.760	0.718
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.727	0.740	0.704
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.939	0.940	0.944
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.970	0.960	0.930
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.848	0.880	0.887
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.879	0.880	0.873
GENE76	0.818	0.840	0.859
GGI	0.939	0.900	0.859

The following table shows the specificity of the methods in leaving 33% of the patients in the low-risk group at some points in time:

	years.3	years.5	years.10
AURKA	0.351	0.365	0.379
BD.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.351	0.365	0.383
BD.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.355	0.369	0.387
BD.MULTIV.LM.TOE	0.348	0.358	0.360
BD.MULTIV.COX.SURV	0.355	0.369	0.391
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.351	0.358	0.375
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.351	0.358	0.372
GW.RANK.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.351	0.362	0.383
GW.RANKCV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.358	0.369	0.387
GW.RANK.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.348	0.358	0.375
GW.RANKCV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.351	0.362	0.375
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.334	0.344	0.341
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.WILCOXON.HG	0.334	0.340	0.337
GW.PCA.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.358	0.376	0.402
GW.PCACV.COMBUNIV.COX.SURV	0.361	0.379	0.398
GW.PCA.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.348	0.365	0.387
GW.PCACV.MULTIV.RCOX.SURV	0.351	0.365	0.383
GENE76	0.344	0.358	0.379
GGI	0.358	0.369	0.379